Administration Report
Jath State
1915-16 to 1920-21

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ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

JATH STATE

FOR

1915 - 1916

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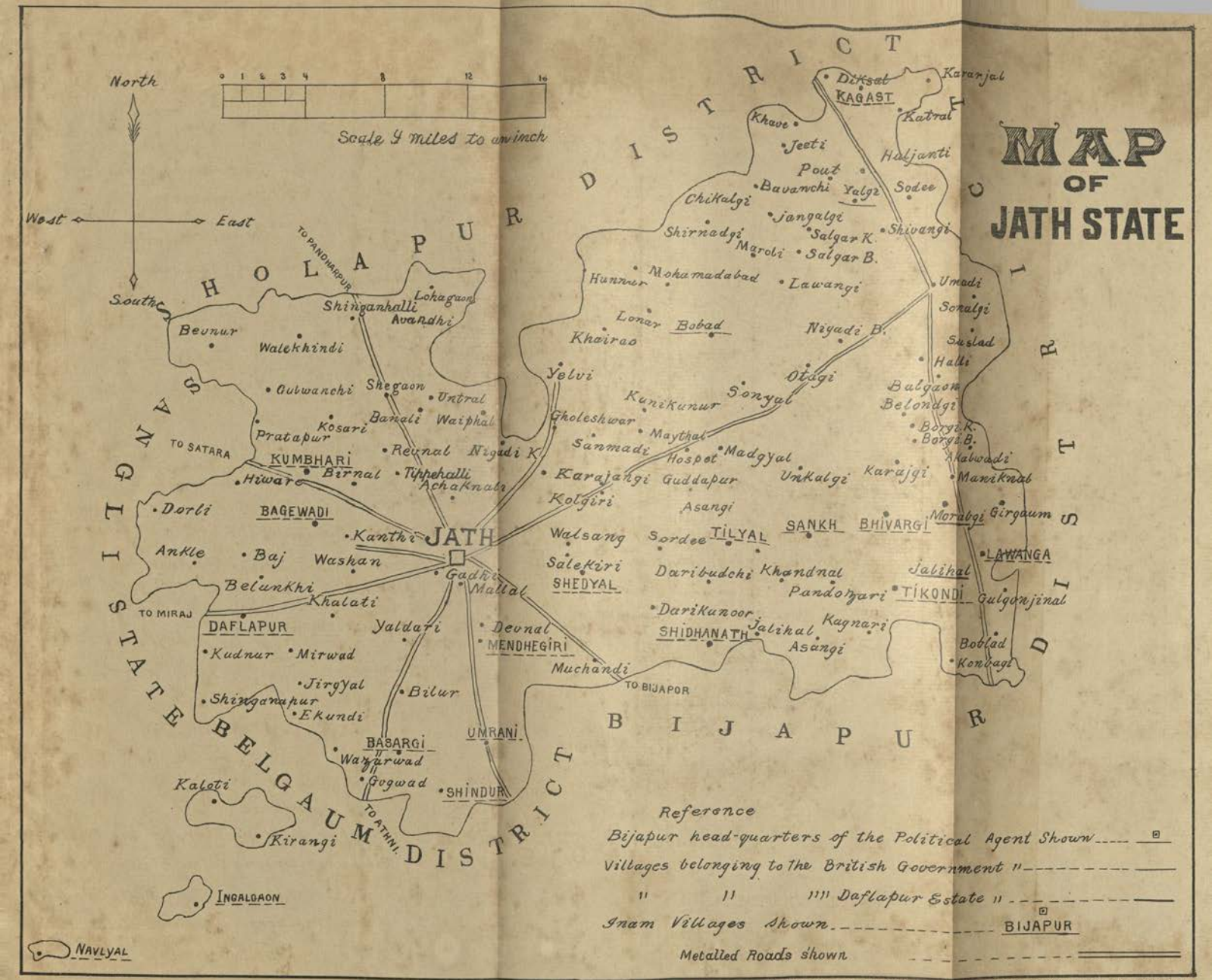

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No. 673 of 1916.

Jath, 28th August 1916.

FROM

S. R. TIRODEKAR Esquire,

State Karbhari of Jath.

TO

J. K. N. KABRAJI. ESQUIRE,

C. S.,

POLITICAL AGENT,

BIJAPUR.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit, by direction of the Chief, the Administration Report of the Jath State for the year 1915–16 or Fasli year 1325 ending on the 6th June 1916.

2. The statistical information contained in the previous reports was not uniform. For instance, statistics of Revenue, Public Works Department and Municipality were compiled for the Fasli year while those relating to the other Departments were supplied for the Financial year. To secure uniformity, the statistical information for all the various Departments has been compiled for the Fasli year and embodied in the present report with your consent, as conveyed in your letter No. Poll/C–66 of the 10th August 1915. The report thus contains statistics for 14 months except those relating to Revenue, Public Works Department and Municipality and therefore the comparison of the several figures cannot be accurate in all cases.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL and *POLITICAL.*

3. The Jath State comprises 113 villages; it has an area of 884 square miles and a population numbering 69,810. The gross revenue calculated on the average of past five years is Rs 2,52,158 which includes Service Inam adjustment. The average adjustment of Service inams is Rs 27,924 excluding which the gross revenue is Rs 2,24,234. The State pays an annual tribute of Rs 6,400 for Horse Contingent and Rs 4,847 on account of Sardeshmukhi rights to the British Government.

4. The Chief, Meherban Ramrao Amritrao alias Aba Saheb Dafle, completed his 30th year on the 10th January 1916. He is a Treaty Chief and a First Class

Sardar. He is married to Shrimant Putla Raje, now called Soubhagyawati Bhagirthibai Saheb, second daughter of the late Raja Saheb, of Akalkot. She was born on 16th November 1889.

5. The principal event in the Chief's family during the year of report was the birth of a daughter to the Chief on the 30th August 1915.She is named Kamala Raje. The Chief is thus blessed with two sons and two daughters. The elder son Kumar Vijayasing alias Baba Saheb was born on 21st July 1909 and the younger son Kumar Ajitsing alias Bhao Saheb on the 15th January 1912. They are respectively 7 and 4 years old. Of the two daughters, the elder by name Premila Raje alias Aka Saheb is 6 years old, having been born on 4th august 1910 and the younger by name Kamala Raje is aged 11 months. All the four children are in good health.

6. The education of Kumar Baba Saheb and his sister Kumari Prémila Raje has been carefully looked after. A trained teacher has been engaged to teach them. The progress made by Kumar Baba Saheb in all the subjects is extremely satisfactory. He has completed his Vernacular 2nd standard and is now in the 3rd. His progress in mathematics is highly remarkable. Kumari Aka Saheb is of delicate constitution. Yet she has made a good start. She possesses undoubted ability.

7. The other members of the Chief's family are Bai Anandibai alias Mai Saheb, junior widow of the late chief and her daughter Shrimant Soubhagyawati Yeshodabai alias Aka Saheb. The former resides at Jath and the latter is married to Sardar Pratapsing Bhosle of Satara and is living with her husband. Both are in excellent health.

8. The most sorrowful event which occurred during the year and which caused deepest regret all over the Empire was the sudden, untimely and tragic death at sea of Lord Kitchner, Secretary of state for war, on the 5th of June while proceeding on a special mission to the Emperor of Russia. The sad news of his death was first received by the Chief in the Times of India news-paper on the afternoon of the 7th June1916 and he at once sent a telegram to Government through the Political Agent, Bijapur, expressing his profound regret at the sad news received and conveying his heart-felt condolence for the loss sustained by the Empire. He was a great soldier, a wise administrator and an experienced statesman and his death at the present juncture when Great Britain is fighting for liberty, freedom and righteousness, is a national calamity.

Government were pleased to acknowledge the message and to thank the Chief for the same.

9. Friday the 4th of August 1916 being the 2nd anniversary of Great Britain's entry into the Great war, a large meeting of people of all classes and creeds was assembled in the old palace under the presidentship of the Chief. The school children performed a Marathi drama in aid of the Belgium children's fund and afterwards special prayers were offered to God for the speedy success of British arms and the triumph of the cause she has so nobly espoused. The feeling that was uppermost in the mind of every one present in the assembly was a feeling of unswerving loyalty and devotion to His Majesty the King

Emperor of India and the British Empire. The Chief and his subjects feel confident that with the help of God, Great Britain and her allies must soon emerge from the war triumphantly and with honour.

10 The subscriptions raised by the children were sent to the Editor, Times of India, for transmission through the Belgian consul to the committee of the Belgium children's fund.

11. The Chief contributed Rs 1 000 to the Lady Hardinge Medical College Fund at Delhi, Rs300 for His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales' National Relief Fund and Rs 200 for the Lord Mayor's Belgium Fund.

11 (a) In addition, two bales containing 106 cotton quilts were also sent to the Secretary Women's Branch, War Relief Fund, for soldiers on the front through Mrs. Kabraji

12. Plague having broken out at Jath in November 1915, the Chief went to Bombay on 30th November 1915 and stayed there up to 5th March 1916 on which day he left for Mahableshwar. During his stay in Bombay, he had interviews with his Excellency the Governor and other high officials. On 3rd April 1916, the Chief went to Bombay to receive the new Viceroy Lord Chelmsford and to see off the outgoing Viceroy Lord Hardinge who sailed on the 4th April 1916. He again went to Bombay to see the Raja of Mudhol who sailed for the front to Egypt on the 14th April 1916 by hired transport "Erinpura"

13. The Chief left Mahableshwar on the 1st of June and went to Jamkhandi returning to Jath on the 7th idem.

14. The Chief of Jamkhandi, Sir Parashramrao Bhao Saheb Patwardhan, came to Jath on the 5th September 1915 to see the Chief prior to his going to the Front and went back to Jamkhandi on the 6th September 1915. The Chief went to Bombay from Jath on 12th September 1915 to see him off. Sir Bhao Saheb sailed by Hired Transport "Egra" on 14th September 1915. While going to and returning from Bombay on the above occasion, the Chief had interviews with you at Bijapur.

15. The only other visitor during the year was Mr Miller, Educational Inspector, S. D., who came here on the 2nd September 1915. He inspected the English and Vernacular Schools during his short stay and returned to Bijapur on the 4th Idem.

16. You were not able to visit Jath during the month of May as you had intended owing to your having proceeded on leave in April.

17. There was no change in the personnel of high officials of the state except that the Mamlatdar Mr Masurkar went on Privilege leave combined with furlough on the 7th March 1916 and that during his absence, Mr V. A. mankapurkar, the head Karkun, acted for him. Appendix I gives the names of such officials.

CHAPTER — II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

18. The term of the original survey settlement introduced in the State including the Inam villages expired in 1909. No new survey was made on account of the unsatisfactory condition of the State Finances but the existing assessment was increased 25 P. C. all round in 1910. The increased rates are guaranteed for 15 years. All the Lands in the State including the 13 Inam villages have now been brought under the settlement. The ryots pay the rates easily and without any complaint.

19. The total area of arable waste land during the year including the area relinquished, was 1,790 acres and 7 gunthas. Out of this area, 51 acres and 10 gunthas were taken up for cultivation during the year. The net area of waste land at the end of the year was 1,738 acres and 37gunthas.

20. 27 cases under the Inam Rules were disposed of during the year as against 30 in the previous year.

21. There were no boundary disputes to be settled during the year under report.

22, During the year, Tagai advances to the extent of Rs 2,000 were given to agriculturists for sinking new wells and deepening old ones.

23, The Land revenue demand according to the Jamabandi of the year including Local Funds amounted to Rs. 1,58,325 against Rs. 1,48,140 in the preceding year and including the arrears of past years, the total amount of Land Revenue for collection was Rs. 2,01,140. The total collections of Land Revenue during the year were Rs. 1,75,554 as compared with Rs. 2,07,174 of the previous year. Rs. 714 were written off as irrecoverable. The arrears to be recovered at the close of the year amounted to Rs 24,872.

24. The total amount of Revenue according to the Jamabandi of the three Estates – Deshmukhi, Khavaskhani and Khasgi – was Rs. 40,392. Arrears to be recovered amounted to Rs. 18,524. The total amount for collection during the year was thus Rs. 58,916. Of these, Rs. 45,048 were collected and Rs. 35 were written off leaving Rs. 13,833 to be recovered at the close of the year.

25. The amount of Tagai including interest collected during the year under report was Rs. 19,392 out of the total of Rs. 51,723. The balance remaining to be collected at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 38,508 of which Rs. 36,659 were under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Rs. 1,849 under the Agriculturists Loans Act.

26. No notices of demand under Section 152 of the Land Revenue Code were required to be issued during the year. Moveable property was attached in 114 cases for the recovery of Rs. 2,261 under Section 154 but in only 17 cases property worth Rs. 186 had to be sold. The remaining defaulters paid their dues

before the sale of their property. In 7 cases extreme measures had to be resorted to for the recovery of arrears of Land Revenue realizing thereby an amount of Rs. 1,866.

CHAPTER — III.

27. Legislation: — Appendix II gives the laws in force in the State. No new laws were introduced during the year under review.

MILITARY FORCE.

28. There is no Military Force in the State.

29. The total strength of the Police in the State was 110 as against 109 in the last year — namely 2 Sub Inspectors, 17 Head Constables, 79 Constables, 5 Sowars, 2 Camel Sowars and 5 recruits, the increase of one being due to the creation of one place of Head Constable. 48 of the Policemen are armed - 26 with Bored out Martini Henry Rifles and 22 with Muzzle Loaders and all are supplied with batons.

30. The Sowars are armed with swords and lances.

31. The total cost of the maintenance of the Police Force amounted to Rs 14,666 as compared with Rs. 12,588 in the previous year. The increase in cost is due to the purchase of 2 Sowar horses and the imposition of the punitive post at Umdi.

32. A trained driller has been entertained to impart instruction in drill. Out of the total force, 62 against 58 of the last year are able to read and write and the rest are illiterate.

33. One Sub Inspector and 4 Head Constables were awarded money rewards for detecting Abkari cases.

34, During the year 23 constables were departmentally punished as against 20 in the previous year. The punishments inflicted were mostly for breach of departmental discipline.

35. The results of the working of the Police are given in Appendix V. They are summarised below :—

The total number of cases including those pending at the close of the last year was 118 as against 79 of the previous year, of which 60 against 28 were struck off the file, 44 against 49 were brought before the Magistrates and 14 against 2 remained under investigation with the Police at the end of the year.

36. In connection with the above cases, the Police arrested 64 persons (including the one arrested in connection with the offence registered in 1913) against 139 in the previous year, of whom 38 were convicted, 17 acquitted or discharged, 8 remained under trial against 110 convicted, 28 discharged or acquitted. One remained under Police investigation against nil in the preceding year.

37. The percentage of persons convicted to the number arrested and sent for trial was 61.9 against 81.6 of the last year.

38. The punitive Police Post stationed at Umdi in 1914 was withdrawn from 1st November 1915.

39. The value of property stolen and recovered is given in Appendix VI. The amount of property stolen and recovered during the year was Rs. 411 and Rs. 130 against Rs. 1,552. and Rs. 643 respectively in the preceding year, giving a percentage of 31,63 against 41,43 of the last year.

40. The ratio of Police to the area is 1 to every 8 square miles and that to the population is 1 to 635 persons.

41. During the year there was no case of murder but there were 2 cases of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and the number of accused involved therein was 5 against one in the last year, all of whom were convicted.

42. There was no case of dacoity during the year under report. But in connection with the dacoity committed at Kotyal in the Aundh State in December last, 12 accused belonging to this State were arrested by the Jath Police with property worth Rs. 4,000. They were handed over to the Aundh State authorities for trial and all were convicted. In recognition of the good work done by the Jath Police in recovering the property and in apprehending the offenders, the Chief of Aundh sent a Pheta and a Certificate for delivery to the Sub Inspector Kalal.

43. The number of accidental deaths reported during the year was 51 against 27 in the last year.

44. Two bad characters were dealt with during the year under Section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code against one in the previous year.

Ten persons - all Bhamtas - were dealt with under Section 27 of Bombay Regulation XII of 1827.

45. No cases of incendiarism were reported during the year under review.

CRIMINAL TRIBES.

46. The only Criminal Tribes in this State are Haranshikaris, Bhamtas and Berads.

There are two Tandas of Haranshikaris in this State - one is stationed at Umdi and the other at Pandezari. There was a third Tanda headed by Chanya which was stationed at Pout and which was most troublesome. It was transferred last year to the Bijapur Settlement at the recommendation of Mr Starte, Assistant Collector on Special duty for the Settlement of the Criminal Tribes, Bijapur.

The childern of the Haranshikaris stationed at Umdi attend the Local School and are provided with clothes, books and slates &ca. There is no school at Pandozari but there is one at Sankh a mile and a half distant and steps are being

taken to send the children of the Pandozari Tanda to Sankh. They will also be supplied with clothes, slates and books. These men have now honestly taken to cultivation and no complaints have been heard in respect of them.

They attend the roll call at night and all male members are made to sleep at the Chowdi.

47. The Bhamtas reside at Yelvi where they have got their homes and a few reside at Antral and Revnal. Up till last year, they used to go out on thieving excursions but since then they have been subjected to a roll call twice a day and are not allowed to go out of their village without the Police Patil's dakhala and are not permitted to be absent from the village more than three days. Some of them who are notoriously bad men have been brought under Regulation XII of 1827. In the event of any of them wishing to go out of the State for marriage or other purposes, they take a dakhala from the Sub Inspector. Most of the Bhamtas have got lands which they cultivate.

48. The Berads are not confined to a particular locality but are spread over the whole State. All are not, however, criminal and the few who are notorious have been kept under proper check by subjecting them to nightly roll call, thereby preventing them from going out of their village for committing crimes.

49. Besides the above three Tribes, there are Lamans and Wadars but they are peaceful people and do no harm.

In connection with these Criminal Tribes, a proposal has been made to the Darbar for handing over these Tribes in the State to Bombay Government and for contributing towards their maintenance instead of running independent small Settlements in the State. As the proposal involves considerable expenditure which the Darbar owing to its present unsatisfactory financial condition is not able to meet, it has been suggested that the consideration of this question should be deferred till the State is free from debt, the Darbar in the meanwhile undertaking to keep the Criminal Tribes in check as far as its means permit. The matter is still pending and is under consideration of Government and the Darbar.

50. Village Police :— The number of Village Police was the same as that of the last year Viz : 113. They assist the District Police both in the detection and prevention of crime. All these Village Police work partly on service tenure and partly on remuneration in cash.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

51. The number of Criminal Courts at work during the year under report was the same as last year Viz : 6. The details of the work done by them are given in Appendix VIII.

52. The total number of offences dealt with by these Courts during the year of report was 269 against 211 of the previous 12 months. And the persons

involved in the said offences including the 5 awaiting trial at the close of the last year were 574 against 482 in the previous year. Of these, the Police arrested 63 against 120 on their own initiative; 23 against 38 were arrested upon warrants; 474 against 285 appeared on summonses; 8 against 6 were arrested in the presence of the Magistrates and one against none surrendered himself.

53. Of the number of 574 persons for disposal before the Magistrates' Courts, 39 against 69 were discharged; 342 against 248 were acquitted; 161 against 153 were convicted; 8 against 6 were committed to the Sessions Court and 24 against 5 remained awaiting trial at the close of the year.

54. Out of the 8 persons committed to the Court of Session, 7 were convicted and one acquitted.

55. The District Magistrate tried 69 cases against 47; the Sub Judge and 2nd class Magistrate tried 13 against 44; the Mamlatdar and 2nd class Magistrate tried 88 against 62; the Huzur Chitnis and 2nd class Magistrate had before him 13 against 9 and the Awal Karkun and 3rd class Magistrate tried 86 as against 49 in the preceding year.

56. The amount of fine inflicted by the several Criminal Courts including the Court of Session was Rs. 868 against Rs. 1,550 of the last year, the whole of which was recovered. In addition Rs. 54 were recovered out of the fine inflicted in the previous years.

APPELLATE WORK.

57. The number of Criminal appellate Courts at work during the year under report was the same as that of the last year Viz : 2 - the Chief's Court and the District Magistrate's Court. The particulars of the work done by them are given in Appendix IX.

58. There was no appeal before the Chief as Sessions Judge during the year.

59, The District Magistrate's Court had before it 16 appeals against 23 with 16 appellants against 23 in the preceding year. Of these, 3 against 2 were confirmed; 3 against 7 were modified; 7 against 2 were reversed and 3 against 12 were rejected.

60. As a Court of revision, there was no application before the Chief during the year as against 2 of the preceding year.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

61. The number of Civil Courts working during the year under report was the same as that of the preceding year Viz : 2 - the 1st Class Sub Judge's Court and the 2nd Class Sub Judge's Court. The work done by these Courts is given in Appendices X and XI and is summarised below :—

There was no case before the 1st Class Sub Judge during the year.

The number of suits filed in the 2nd class Sub-Judge's Court during the year under report was 149 and including the 97 suits remaining over from the last year, the total number of suits for disposal in that Court was 246 against 278 in the previous year. Of these, 192 against 181 were disposed of during the year giving a percentage of 78 against 65. 54 cases remained pending at the close of the year against 97 in the last year.

Of the total number of suits filed during the year, 65 were for money transactions and 83 were for landed property as against 70 and 76 respectively of the last year and 1 against 2 was for other rights.

The average duration of suits was 8 months and 18 days as against 9 months and 2 days of the previous year.

The value of suits filed during the year under report was Rs. 18,213 as against Rs. 14,906, and the value of suits disposed of was Rs. 24,859 as against Rs. 18,603 of the previous year.

EXECUTION OF DECREES.

62. Appendix XI shows the number of applications for execution filed and disposed of during the year as compared with those of the last year. Including the 112 applications remaining undisposed of at the close of the year, the total number of applications for disposal was 243 as against 276 in the preceding year. Of these, 153 were disposed of during the year as against 164, and 90 remained pending at the end of the year as against 112 of the last year.

63. The work done by the Chief's Court which is the only Appellate Court during the year under report is given in Appendix XII. The total number of appeals for disposal by the Court including the balance of the previous year was 23 against 18. Of these, 12 against 15 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 11 against 3 in the preceding year. The Chief's Court exercises the powers of the High Court as well as those of the District Judge. Only one appeal lies to this Court against the decisions of the lower Court. The average duration of appeals was 2 months and 6 days as against 2 months and 28 days of the preceding year.

MAMLATDARS' COURTS.

64. During the year under report the Mamlatdar's Court disposed of 19 cases as against 24 in the preceding year under Act II of 1906. One case remained undisposed of at the close of the year. The average duration of suits was 41 days against 33 days in the previous year.

65. One application under Section 23 was made to the Collector against the decision of the Mamlatdar in which the Mamlatdar's decision was reversed. One revision application was made to the Chief against the Collector's decision in

which the Collector's decision was confirmed.

66. Extradition :— During the year under report 12 persons were surrendered to the Aundh State for trial for an offence under Section 395 I. P. C. No persons were brought from the British Districts or from Native States.

67. There is one Jail at Jath. The building is properly lighted and well ventilated and contains accommodation for 50 prisoners. 41 prisoners were admitted in the Jail during the year as against 56 in the preceding year. These, together with 35 remaining over at the close of the last year, bring up the total to 76 as against 102 in the preceding year. Of these, 35 were released during the year on the expiry of sentences, 2 on special occasions (para 71), 1 on account of illness (para 68) and 38 remained in the Jail at the close of the year.

68. The health of the prisoners was generally fair. More than half the number of prisoners however was under medical treatment for various complaints. One prisoner, a Berad by caste, suffered from Thiesis and as his condition was pronounced hopeless by the Chief Medical Officer, he was released by order of the Chief but he died soon after he reached home.

Owing to an outbreak of plague at Jath; all the prisoners were inoculated as they had frequently to go to work in plague infected localities.

69, The prisoners are employed on the Polo Ground, on the Water Pump, on the Printing Press and on Hand Looms.

70. Jail Regulations have been strictly observed in the Jail. The Remission system has been introduced and found to be productive of good results. Most of the prisoners released during the year of report obtained the benefit of remissions.

71. Two prisoners were released from Jail during the year under report - 1 on the anniversary of the Chief's Installation Day and the other on the anniversary of the Yuvaraja's Birth-day.

72. The total expenditure during the year under report amount to Rs 2,473 as against Rs 3,039 of the last year. The daily average cost of ration per head was 1 anna 5 pies as against 1 anna 7 pies last year.

73. There is one Lock-up in the Jail for under trial prisoners which is in-charge of the Jail Superintendent. The Chief Medical Officer, Jath, is Ex-officio Superintendent of the Jail. Altogether 64 under-trial prisoners were admitted in the Lock-up during the year as against 62 of the preceding year. Of these, 63 were either convicted or discharged and one remained to be dealt with at the end of the year.

74. Appendices XIV and XV give details of the work done by the Registration Department. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year under report was 791 as against 542 in the last year, all of which were registered. The

total value of documents registered was Rs. 1,92,028 as against Rs. 1,27,793 in the preceding year. The receipts realized in connection with the documents registered amounted to Rs. 2,685 as against Rs. 1,233 in the previous year. The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs. 381 as against Rs. 399.

75. Municipality :— Information regarding the receipts and expenditure of the only Municipality at Jath is given in Appendix XVI. The receipts for the year under report were Rs 3,313 against Rs 2,881 and the expenditure Rs 3,388 against Rs 3,157 in the previous year. The closing balance last year was Rs 1,019 while it is Rs 944 for the current year. The balance is proposed to be spent in constructing gutters and repairing by-lanes.

76. The principal source of income of the Municipality is House tax, Sanitary cess and Shingoti tax. The income is barely sufficient to meet ordinary expenditure. The Municipality is therefore considering over the best means to be adopted to increase its present income.

77. The wants of the Municipality are many but the principal are more latrines and more street lamps which will be considered as funds permit. The town sanitation and the conservancy arrangements are fairly looked after.

78. With its limited income the Municipality is on the whole doing good work.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

79. Weather, crops and rainfall :— Appendix XVII gives the figures of rain-fall at Jath during the year of report. The total rain-fall was 34 inches and 3 cents as against 23 inches and 31 cents of the last year and 22 inches and 30 cents of the average of the past five years. In the beginning of the monsoon, the rain-fall was fairly good and sufficient for Kharip sowings. The whole of the Kharip area was sown and the young crops were thriving well but the rain of the night of the 19th July which fell all over the State and which amounted to 6 inches and 69 cents swept away all the bandhs and all the rice crops and caused immense damage to the other Kharip crops, the average out-turn of which being barely 3 annas. The remarkable feature of that night's down-pour was the violent thunder and lightning very unusual at this period of the season. All the streams and the nalas were flooded and one family consisting of 6 members, namely husband, wife and 4 children who were living in their hut on the bank of the Kordu Nalla at Singanhalli was swept away by the high flood together with two bullocks which had been tied outside the hut to a tree.

80. Several houses collapsed and hundreds of wells were destroyed by the floods causing enormous damage. No loss of human life except the above mentioned family was reported. But nine animals including the two at Singanhalli were drowned in the floods.

81. Owing to the failure of the Kharip crops, the hopes of the ryots depended only on the Rabi crops and the moisture caused by the July rains coupled with the partial showers in August enabled the agriculturists to sow the whole of the Rabi area. The September and October rains and the cold weather of November were very favourable to the crops which, therefore, yielded a good out-turn enabling the ryots to pay the Land Revenue with some amount of arrears. The average out-turn of the Kharip crops was 3 annas and that of Rabi crops 8 annas. On the whole the season though not as good as last year, proved a fairly good one.

82. Appendix XVII-A gives the area under Kharip and Rabi cultivation. The principal Kharip crops, namely Bajri, Rice and Tur failed to a large extent while the Rabi crops such as Gram, Jowari and Wheat were good.

83. Drinking water and fodder supply were sufficient everywhere due to more than ordinary rain-fall during the year.

84. Appendix XVIII compares the prices of the food grains in the year under report with those of the previous year. There has been a slight rise in the prices of all the food grains except Wheat.

85. The information relating to the agricultural stock is given in Appendix XX. The condition of the agricultural cattle was fairly good. Rinderpest prevailed in some villages with a loss of 40 cattle. The disease, however was soon checked by the State Salutri.

86. Wages and labour: — The rates of skilled and unskilled labour underwent no change. The wages of skilled labour ranged from 8 to 12 annas and those of unskilled labour from 4 to 6 annas. There was however a keen demand for labour throughout the year.

87. The physical aspects of the country are not favourable to a luxuriant forest growth. Some of the hill slopes grow inferior kind of Jungle trees. - Babul, Nimb and in some places Khair are the only timber trees grown.

88. The total area under Forests at the beginning of the year was 38,015 acres and 33 gunthas as against 24,817 acres and 4 gunthas in the preceding year. 3,740 acres and 11 gunthas out of the total area have been included in the Reserved Forests and the rest constitute pasture lands. Some parts of the Reserved Forests have been closed and are being annually planted with seeds of Babul, Nimb and other forest trees. Small plants have now grown in some of the closed parts and if the process of planting seeds annually is continued from year to year, the forests which at present contain only inferior kinds of timber will, in course of time, get covered by forest trees.

89. The total forest receipts amounted to Rs 12,411 as against Rs 5,651-11-0 in the last year. The expenditure of the Forest Department amounted to Rs 2,466 against Rs 2,125 in the preceding year.

90. Trade :- The only trade worth mentioning is the export of bark of Tarwad and Babul trees. Bajri, jowari, wheat, gram and cotton are also exported in large quantities and rice, spices, sugar, salt, jogri and kerosine oil are the principal imports.

91. Manufacture ;- A few wool and cotton looms for weaving common fabrics are at work in some villages of the State. Coarse country blankets are manufactured in some villages. Umdi is noted for the manufacture of carpets and brass pots, and Hospet produces felt rugs. Country shoes are made at Jath and taken to surrounding districts for sale.

92. Appendix XIX gives the details of the amount expended on Public Works. The total expenditure on Public Works during the year was Rs 5,784 against Rs 10,320 in the previous year. No new work was undertaken during the year for want of funds. Rs 3,050 were spent on the repairs and maintenance of the existing roads and the rest of the amount was expended on repairs to school houses, State buildings, Water supply and Dharmshalas.

93. There is one combined Sub-Post and Telegraph Office at Jath with two postal lines - one to Miraj and the other to Bijapur. There is also a Branch Post Office at Umdi.

94. There is no Mint.

GENERAL CONDITION OF THE STATE & THE PEOPLE.

95. The rain - fall during the year was extraordinarily heavy during the year than any of the previous years and that fell on 19th July caused immense damage to Kharip crops and other property. The later rains were very useful to Rabi crops which yielded a good out - turn. There was sufficient demand for skilled and un-skilled labour, and fodder and grass were plenty for the requirements of the agriculturists. Crimes decreased but plague broke out at Jath and 18 other villages and was responsible for 298 deaths out of the 400 attacks. Inoculation was resorted to at Jath. The Public health, however, was generally good and the year under report on the whole was comparatively fair and the condition of the agriculturists fairly satisfactory.

96. Consumption of Liquor :— The right of manufacture and sale of country spirits has been leased to the British Government. There are two country liquor shops— one at Jath and the other at Umrani. There is besides one toddy shop at Jath. The quantity of country liquor consumed at the two shops during the year was 3,830 and that of toddy was 1, 864 gallons against 4,253 and 1,512 gallons respectively of the last year. The amount of compensation due to the State from British Government for the lease of Abkari revenue as fixed for the ten years beginning from August 1915 is Rs 4,700. The amount is subject to revision after three years.

97. The period for which the right of manufacture of Hemp Drugs was leased to Government expired on 31st March 1916 and proposals for the renewal of the lease for another ten years are awaited.

98. There was no famine during the year under report and therefore no expenditure on that account was incurred.

CHAPTER V.

99. Appendix XXII compares the receipts and expenditure of the State for the year 1914-15 and 1915-16 with explanations of increase and decrease. The gross receipts excluding adjustments on account of land alienations were Rs 2,93,917 as against Rs. 3,23,644 showing a decrease of Rs 29,727. The principal heads of decrease are :— I Land Revenue; XII Local Funds; XIV Deshmukhi; XV Khavaskhani; and XVIII Deposits. The decrease under the first four heads are due to less realizations during the year. The absence of deposits during the year accounts for the decrease under the last head.

100 The principal heads of increase on the other hand are :— II Sayar Revenue Rs. 4,836; VI Registration Rs 753; VIII Interest Rs. 911 and XVII Tagai Advances Ra 5,519. The increase under Sayar Revenue is due to the increased amount of the Abkari compensation with arrears having been received from Government on account of the right of manufacture and sale of country liquor leased to them. The increase under Registration and Interest is due to larger receipts being realized during the year than in the preceding year. The large increase under Tagai Advances is due to the recoveries of arrears of Tagai instalments. The increase under other heads being slight needs no explanation.

101. The total expenditure of the year was Rs 3,00,830 as against Rs 3,12,611 of the last year showing a decrease of Rs 11,781. The decrease occurs principally under 1 Refunds, XVI Local Funds, XVIII Liquidation of debt and XXIV Advances which is explained as follows : —

(a) Refunds :- No refunds were made during the year and hence the decrease.

(b) Local Funds :- The decrease is due to less amounts being spent on Local Fund works.

(c) Liquidation of debt : - The decrease is due to less amount paid in liquidation of loan during the year of report.

(d) Advances :- The decrease needs no explanation, the item being fluctuating.

102. On the other hand, there is an increase of Rs 5,607 under V Police; XIII Public Works; XVII Miscellaneous; XXI and XXII Deshmukhi and Khavaskhani and XXIV Tagai; which is explained as follows : —

(a) Police Rs 1,718 :- The increase is due to the purchase of two horses for Sowars and to the imposition of the punitive post at Umdi.

(b) Public Works Rs 687 - The increase is due to more expenditure on Public Works.

(c) Miscellaneous Rs 687 :- The increase is due to the amount of Rs 1,000 paid as subscription to the Lady Hardinge Medical College Fund at Delhi.

(d) Deshmukhi and Khavaskhani Rs 865 :- The increase under these heads are due to payment of arrears of remuneration to Village Officers.

(e) Tagai Rs 1,650 :- The increase is due to more Tagai having been advanced to the ryots for sinking wells and for repairing bandhs damaged by floods.

103. The total Government debt due by the State on 1st April 1916 was Rs 82,373-5-0 principal. In May Rs 20,000 more were paid in liquidation, thus reducing the debt to Rs 62,373-5-0.

If the season turns out favourable, the whole of the balance of Government loan will be paid in March next with interest.

104. In addition, the State owes a debt of Rs 75,000 to Shrimant Soubhagyawaty Rani Saheb. The interest on this amount is regularly paid.

CHAPTER VI.

105. Medical Relief and Vital Statistics :— There is only one Dispensary at Jath. The details of the work done at the Dispensary and the expenditure incurred in connection therewith are given in Appendix XXIII. The total attendance at the Dispensary was 6,740 as against 6,424 in the preceding year. The daily average attendance was 57.6 against 61.3 last year. The expenditure during the year under review was Rs 3,750 as against Rs 3,490 in the previous year.

106. The prevailing diseases were fevers, bowel complaints, eye disease, cough and diarrhoea.

107, The Dispensary is in charge of the Chief Medical Officer who is a L. M. & S. of the Bombay University.

108. Vaccination :- Vaccination Establishment which consists of two Vaccinators is under the control of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration Circle, Belgaum, and Vaccination Inspector of the Bijapur District annually supervises the work of the State Vaccinators.

109. The number vaccinated during the year of report was 3,493 against 2,999 of the last year. Out of the total number vaccinated, 3,316 proved successful. The calf lymph supplied on payment by the Belgaum Vaccine Depot is in use. The State sent two candidates to Belgaum Vaccine Depot to receive training in the use

of preserved lymph. Both passed the examination and one of them has been appointed Vaccinator on probation.

110. Appendix XXIV gives the number of births and deaths registered during the year and their ratio per mille of the population of the State during the year under report as compared with those of the past year. The number of births was 3,829 against 3,280 and that of deaths 2,371 against 1,991 of the previous year. The birth and death rates per 1,000 of population are respectively 54.85 and 33.96 as against 46.98 and 28.51 of the past year. The birth and death rate is higher than in the previous year. No reason can be assigned for the high birth rate but for the high death rate plague is responsible.

111. Plague :— Plague broke out at Jath and 18 other villages. The first village attacked was Yelvi. It appeared there in October and lingered on till February. The total number of attacks in all the places were 400, and the number of deaths 298. The epidemic at Jath broke out after the cessation of three years but was not of a violent type. Evacuation and inoculation were at once resorted to and the loss of life was consequently greatly minimized. In order to encourage evacuation, grass and hutting materials were supplied to inferior State servants and the poor. 558 persons were inoculated and other preventive and precautionary measures were taken. The expenditure amounted to Rs 189 on the purchase of lymph and hutting materials. The grass was supplied by the Khasgi Department free.

112. Education :— The number of State schools at the beginning of the year under report was 28 including the Anglo Vernacular School and the Girls School at Jath. Two schools one Hindusthani and one Compulsory—were abolished as separate schools owing to poor attendance and joined to the No. 1 Vernacular School as separate classes. Appendix XXV gives the classification of schools with the attendance therein. The schools at Yelvi and Kirangi were temporarily closed on account of prevalence of plague at those villages.

113. The Jath Vernacular No. 1 and Umdi school respectively sent up 9 and 2 students for the Vernacular Final Examination of whom 6 and nil came out successful.

114. The total number of pupils in all the schools on 31st May 1916 was 1,191 against 953, the daily average attendance being 765.8. The increase in attendance is due to the introduction of the Compulsory Education Rules in all the schools.

115. During the year under report, a proposal for the appointment of a separate Deputy Inspector of Schools for the State was made but Government negatived the proposal on the score of the unsatisfactory condition of State finances and entrusted the inspection of the State schools to the Educational Inspecting staff of the Bijapur District. Accordingly those schools which were not closed on account of plague were inspected by the Assistant Deputy Inspector during the year. The remarks made by him in his inspection reports have been communicated to the school

masters with a view to the defects pointed out by him being remedied.

116, Mr Miller, Educational Inspector, S. D., in the course of his inspection tour, came to Jath in the afternoon of the 2nd September and left Jath in the morning of the 4th. During his stay he inspected the Anglo Vernacular School and Vernacular School No. 1 and appeared well pleased with the appearance and progress of the boys.

117. The Drawing Class attached to the Anglo Vernacular School did not send up any student for the Drawing Examination during the year under report against 6 in the preceding year owing to the school being closed on account of Plague.

118. The total expenditure of the Educational Department amounted to Rs 9692 against Rs 9,398 of the preceding year.

CHAPTER VII.

119. The Jath People's Bank :— The State Banking business is progressing fairly well. The year opened with a balance of Rs 2,246-3-5. Rs 1,905 were realized by the sale of new shares. Recoveries made during the year out of the past advances amounted to Rs 2,882-15-4 of which Rs 1,686 were on account of principal and Rs 1,196-15-4 on account of interest. Rs 1,150 were received during the year as deposits. The total amount with the Bank was thus Rs 8,184-2-9.

120. The amount of loan advanced on the security of lands was Rs5,200. Out of the amount of interest of Rs 1,196-15-4, Rs 119-11-2 were credited to the Reserve Fund. Rs 485-14-12 were paid to share-holders as interest and Rs 206-12-0 were spent on establishment, printing forms and purchasing furniture. Rs 40-4-0 were paid as interest on Deposits. The average rate of interest was Rs 11 per cent.

The balance remaining with the Bank including deposits at the close of the year was Rs 2,251-4-8.

This institution has proved most useful for the agricultural classes, who freely took advantage of it.

121. Miscellaneous :— There are two Printing Presses at Jath – one Lithographic Press and another Type Press. The former is not generally used and all forms required for the use of the several departments as well as circulars are printed at the Type Press which is managed by the State though it is a private concern.

122 No news-paper or magazine is published in the State.

123. There is one public Library at Jath supported partly by the State contribution and partly by public subscriptions. It subscribes to 8 Vernacular news-papers and 1 English paper. It possesses a small stock of English and Marathi books.

124. There are no wild animals in the State except wolves and wild pigs

which cause damage to the crops. There were 10 deaths from snake-bite during the year as against 4 in the last year.

125. Fair :— The usual annual Fair in honour of Yellama Goddess was held at Jath from 31st December last to 2nd January 1916. Owing to plague at Jath the Fair was not largely attended. About 3,800 cattle were brought for sale and the amount realized in the shape of Shingoti tax was Rs 239-5-0.

126. The cattle show was held as usual at the Fair but the cattle exhibited were of inferior sort. The amount distributed in prizes was Rs 83.

127. The Sanitary and Police arrangements were as usual satisfactory.

TOUR.

128. I made my usual tour in the greater part of the State, did village inspection and made Jamabandi of the whole State.

FINANCIAL CONDITION.

129. The financial condition of the State is, as you are well aware far from satisfactory. Since the Chief assumed the administration of the State in 1907, the Government debt has been a constant source of anxiety to him. He has, however, by a judicious economy in his Khasgi and the other departments of the State been able to pay off nearly Rs 5,71,980 with interest and the debt now stands at Rs 62,000 which he hopes to pay off by March 1917 if the current year turns out a normal one and thus free off from the Government debt.

CONCLUDING REMARKS.

130. The year was on the whole fairly moderate though comparatively less advantageous than the preceding one. The heavy rain-fall of July caused considerable damage to early crops and otherwise did great harm to agricultural property. Rabi crops were good and yielded a fair out-turn and the grant of advances from the State and from the Jath People's Bank for the improvement of lands and repairing wells which had been destroyed by the rain proved of great advantage to agriculturists. There was decrease in crime and public health was good though plague unfortunately prevailed in some villages of the State.

131. In conclusion, I am desired by the Chief to express his sincere thanks

to you for the kind treatment accorded to him and for the valuable advice given in the administration of the State.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. R. TIRODEKAR.

State Karbhari of Jath.

APPENDICES

FROM

I TO XXV.

1915-1916.

APPENDIX — I.

Names of High Officials in the Jath State and Residency Officials, showing changes in personnel during the year 1915–1916.

Names of Officers,	Appointment,	Period, From,	Period, To,	Remarks,
Mr, S, R, Tirodekar	State Karbhari.	12th July 1907		
Mr, K, K, Gokhale	Sub-Judge 2nd class.	5th March 1906		
Mr, V, J, Gidh Chapwale L, M, & S, ..	Chief Medical Officer.	17th July 1914		
Mr, A, M, Masurkar ...	Mamlatdar	10th October 1904		The Mamledar Masurkar was on 3 months privilege leave and on three months furlough in combination with privilege leave.
Mr, V, A, Mankapurkar ...	Ag do.	7–3–16		

APPENDIX—II.

List of Laws in force in the Jath State.

Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
1. So much of Regulation 8 of 1827 as is still in force in the Bombay Presidency... ...	Yes.	Nil.	
2. Act No. 45 of 1860 and subsequent Acts amending the same...			
3. Act No. 20 of 1864, Minors			
4. " 6 of 1871, whipping			
5. " 1 of 1871, Cattle Trespass ..			
6. " 9 of 1872, Contract			
7. " 1 of 1872, Evidence			
8. " 10 of 1873, Oaths			
9. " 2 of 1874, Jail			
10. " 1 of 1877, Specific Relief			
11. " 3 of 1877, Registration			
12. " 1 of 1878, Opium			
13. " 8 of 1867, Village Police			
14. " 3 of 1874, Vatan Act			
15. " 5 of 1878, Abkari			
16. " 11 of 1878, Arms			
17. " 5 of 1879, Bombay Land Revenue Code ...			
18. " 10 of 1870, Land Acquisition ..			
19. India Act 7 of 1878, Forest	Yes.		
20. Bombay Act 8 of 1866, Sale of poisons ...			
21. " 3 of 1869, Local Funds			
22. " 3 of 1875. Tolls Act			
23. " 2 of 1890, Salt Act with the amending Act...			
24. The amendment of Section 84 of the Bombay Act 6 of 1873 made by clause (*i*) Section 49 of Bombay Act 2 of 1874 ...			
25. India Act 3 of 1897. Epidemic Diseases Act ...			
26. " 6 of 1898, Post Office Act			

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts	Introduced during year under report	Remarks.
27. India Act 13 of 1885, Telegraph	Yes.	Nil.	
28. " 5 of 1898, Criminal Procedure Code ...			
29. Act 5 of 1886, Act to amend Bombay 3 of 1874 ...			
30. Act 4 of 1870, The Bombay District Police Act ...			
31. India Act 2 of 1899, with all the amending Acts ...			
32, " 7 of 1870, with all its amending Acts ...			
33. Currency Notes Forgery Act 12 of 1899, with all its amending Acts.			
34. Section 27 of the Bombay Regulation 12 of 1827 ...			
35. India Act No. 6 of 1908, Explosive Act ...			
36. Mamlatdars Courts Act 2 of 1906			
37. Civil Procedure Code Act No. 5 of 1908 ...			
38. Limitation Act No. 9 of 1908			
39. Lunacy Act No. 35 of 1858			
40. Bombay District Municipal Act No. 3 of 1901 ...			
41. Bombay Record of Rights Act No. 4 of 1903 ...			
42. Act No. 3 of 1910, Act to amend the Bombay Hereditary Office Act No. 3 of 1874			
43. Census Act No. 16 of 1910	Yes.		
44. India Act No. 28 of 1879 with subsequent amending Acts No. 9 of 1884 & No. 11 of 1896, Legal Practitioner's Act			
45. Sections 344 to 360 of the Civil Procedure, India Act No. 14 of 1882			
46. India Act No. 3 of 1911, Criminal Tribes Act ...			
47. Act No. 4 of 1912 (Act to amend the Bombay District Police Act No. 4 of 1890)			
48. India Act No. 7 of 1889, Succession Certificate Act ...			

APPENDIX — III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military force in the Jath State.

APPENDIX — IV.

STATEMENT showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police for the year 1915–1916.

Description of.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.								
Police Sub-Inspectors	2	35+15	1,200	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	
Constables of all grades including 5 sowars and 5 recruits	108	20. 15, 12, 10, 9, 8, 7	10,552	0	23	0	0	4	60	48	
Total...	110	986	11,752	0	23	0	0	5	62	48	

APPENDIX—V.

STATEMENT showing the working of the Police in the Jath State during the year 1915-1916.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial,		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions to accused arrested.		Percentage of Convictions to accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year,	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Jath	79	116	12o	* 64	120	63	98	38	21	17	81-6	61-9	81-6	61-9	* 8 remained under trial & I under Police investigation at the close of the year.

APPENDIX — VI.

STATEMENT showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Jath State during the year 1915–1916.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year.	Present year	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Jath... ...	1,552	411	643	130	41-43	31-63	

APPENDIX — VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of & cases awaiting trial in the Jath State during the year 1915—1916.

Description of Offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Time of imprisonment.											Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment Simple.	Imprisonment Rigorous.	Imprisonment and fine. Simple.	Imprisonment and fine. Rigorous.	Fine.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
(Cognizable Offences .)																														
1. Culpable homicide not amounting to murder Sec. 304 I. P. C. ...	0	2	2	1	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 Committed.
2. Causing grievous hurt Secs 324 & 325. I. P. C.	0	3	3	2	2	9	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	
3. Assault or use of criminal force Secs. 353 & 354. I. P. C. ...	0	2	2	5	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4. Theft Secs. 379 & 380 I. P. C....	0	11	11	11	11	16	13	0	3	3	0	7	0	13	3	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5. Criminal breach ef trust Sec. 409 I. P. Code.	0	3	3	0	3	5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2 —Do—
6. Dishonestly receving stolen property Sec. 411. I. P. C. ...	0	15	15	5	15	15	13	0	9	0	0	4	0	13	2	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7. Mischief by fire Sec. 435. 1. P. C	1	1	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 —Do—

8. Criminal trespass & house trespass Secs. 447 & 448. I. P. Code ...	0	45	45	37	44	92	12	0	0	0	0	12	0	12	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
9. Miscellaneous	0	15	15	13	14	19	7	1	1	0	0	5	0	7	11	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total ...	1	97	98	74	95	165	48	1	14	4	1	28	0	48	100	0	0	17	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
(Non Cognizable Offences)																													
1. Giving false evidence Sec. 182 I. P. Code ... — ...	1	8	9	2	7	9	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
2. Obstructing a public servant Sec 186 I. P. Code	0	6	6	2	6	7	4	0	2	0	0	2	0	4	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. Hurt Section 323. I. P. Code ...	0	93	93	65	90	242	14	0	0	0	0	14	0	14	215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
4. Assault or use of criminal force Sec. 352. I. P. Code ...	0	7	7	5	7	10	5	0	0	0	0	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5. Cheating Sec. 417 I. P. Code ..	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6. Mischief Sec 426 I. P. Code ...	0	8	8	10	8	49	38	0	0	0	0	38	0	38	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7. Criminal intimidation Sec. 506 I. P. Code.	0	5	5	13	5	9	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8. Miscellaneous	1	13	14	13	14	18	14	1	0	0	1	12	0	14	4	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total ...	2	142	144	110	139	346	82	1	2	0	1	78	0	82	249	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Other Acts ...	1	30	31	23	31	63	31	0	3	0	0	28	0	31	32	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Total ...	4	269	273	207	265	574	161	2	19	4	2	134	0	161	381	0	0	21	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24

APPENDIX—VIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1915—1916.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1915–16					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
					Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	District Magistrate's Court	47	69	1	24	11	109	1	8	120	154	19	23	109	2	0	1	
2	Sub-Judge and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	44	13	0	6	0	16	0	0	88	22	2	13	1	6	0	0	
3	Mamlatdar and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	62	88	3	23	5	137	0	0	153	168	14	124	21	0	0	9	
4	Huzur Chitnis and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court...	9	13	0	6	7	5	0	0	17	18	1	3	14	0	0	0	
5	Head Karkun and 3rd Class Magistrate's Court ...	49	86	1	4	0	207	0	0	104	212	3	179	16	0	0	14	
	Total ...	211	269	5	63	23	474	1	8	482	574	39	342	161	8	0	24	

APPENDIX — IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in theJath State during the year 1915–1916.

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.															
		Applications rejected.		Sentences. Confirmed.		Sentences. Modified.		Sentences. Reversed.		Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, etc, ordered.		Pending.		Remarks.
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	
1. Chief of Jath... ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2. District Magistrate, Jath	16	3	3	3	3	3	3	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total ...	16	3	3	3	3	3	3	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

APPENDIX — X,

CIVIL WORK — Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1915-1916,

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during Present year.						Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property	Suits for money transaction	Suits for other rights.	Number of Suits under Rs 100	Number of Suits above Rs 100 & under Rs 500	Number of suits above Rs 500 & under Rs 1000,	Number of suits above Rs 1000 & under Rs 5000.	Number of suits above Rs 5000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck of the file,	Otherwise disposed of	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs													Rs	Y. M. D.	
1. Ist Class Sub Judge.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0 0	
2. 2nd Class Sub Judge	130	97	148	149	278	246	181	192	97	54	18,213	83	65	1	94	51	1	2	0	14	120	13	45	24,859	0-8-18	

APPENDIX — XI.

CIVIL WORK — Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance,			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1915–1916.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
			Rs			Rs			Rs			Rs			Rs				
1. 1st Class Sub-Judge ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2. 2nd Class Sub-Judge...	126	112	18,764	150	131	15,311	276	243	34,074	164	153	20,406	112	90	13,668	10	26	54	

APPENDIX — XII.

CIVIL WORK — Number and result of appeals in civil suits.

Tribunal	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of										Average duration.	
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions ammended		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Rs. A. p.	present year Rs. A. p.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Y. M. D.	present year. Y. M. D.
1. Chief of Jath. ...	2	3	16	20	18	23	15	12	3	11	3,373-0-0	1,724-0-0	12	11	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0-2-28	0-2-6

APPENDIX — XIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Jath State during the year 1915–1916,

Stations		Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners. Remaining from last year.	Number of prisoners. Admitted during the year	Number of prisoners. Total. Past year.	Number of prisoners. Total. Present year.	Daily Average. Past year.	Daily Average. Present year.	Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
Jath ...	Tried	1	35	41	102	76	46 - 31	42 - 51	38	Rs 2,473	27	No mortality among Convicts.
	Un - tried	1	0	64	74	64	4 - 62	4 - 70	1			——Do.——Do.—— under trial prisoners.

APPENDIX — XIV.

Registration of documents in the Jath State.

Name of State	Documents presented for Registration. Past year.	Documents presented for Registration. Present year.	Nature of documents presented. Mortgage. Past year.	Mortgage. Present year.	Sale Deeds. Past year	Sale Deeds. Present year	Wills. Past year.	Wills. Present year	Money bonds. Past year.	Money bonds. Present year.	Miscellaneous. Past year.	Miscellaneous. Present year	Documents registered. Past year.	Documents registered. Present year.	Value of documents registered. Past year	Value of documents registered. Present year.	Documents of which Registry has been refused. Past year.	Documents of which Registry has been refused. Present year.	Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year. Past year.	Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year. Present year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Jath ...	542	791	183	228	252	404	4	9	2	0	101	150	541	791	Rs 1.27,793	Rs 1,92,028	1	0	0	0	

APPENDIX — XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1915–1916.

Description.	Past year.							Present year.							Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised,			Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			
		Rs	A.	P.	Rs	A.	P.		Rs	A.	P.	Rs	A.	P.	
1. Sale deeds ...	252	66,561	12	0	514	10	0	404	1,07,477	6	0	829	11	0	
2. Mortgage deeds	183	41,565	0	0	355	15	6	228	58,967	0	0	473	1	0	
3. Farkats ...	2	970	0	0	7	8	0	7	4,650	0	0	27	13	0	
4. Agreement deeds	2	0	0	0	6	3	0	7	348	0	0	15	11	0	
5. Kabulayats ...	59	3,258	2	6	60	0	6	76	3,296	3	6	75	2	6	
6. Adoption deeds	11	5,000	0	0	38	13	6	13	3,950	0	0	40	1	0	
7. Gift deeds ...	13	5,450	0	0	36	12	6	24	8,350	0	0	59	4	0	
8. Money bonds...	2	75	0	0	1	9	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9. Wills	4	0	0	0	11	2	0	9	0	0	0	27	3	0	
10. Transfer sale of deeds ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11. Receipts ...	1	900	0	0	2	7	6	4	732	9	0	6	1	0	
12. Miscellaneous..	13	4,163	3	0	198	0	6	19	4,258	0	0	1,131	1	6	
Total ...	542	1,27,943	1	6	1,233	2	6	791	1,92,028	9	6	2,685	1	0	
Deduct expenditure	0	0	0	0	399	8	7	0	0	0	0	381	2	7	
Net profit ...	0	0	0	0	833	9	11	0	0	0	0	2,303	14	5	

APPENDIX—XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Muncipality in the Jath State during the year 1915-1916.

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April 1915	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on the 31st March 1916.	Remarks.
		Past	Present		Past	Present		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs,	
Jath... ...	1,019	2,881	3,313	4,332	3,157	3,388	944	

APPENDIX—XVII.

Statement of rain-fall in the Jath State.

State.	April 1915	May 1915	June 1915	July 1915	August 1915	September 1915	October 1915	November 1915	December 1915	January 1916	February 1916	March 1916	April 1916	May1916	Total.	Total of past year	Average of past five years.	Remarks.
	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I, C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	
Jath	0–28	0–54	4–44	11–10	1–16	9–88	2–43	0–78	0–65	0–0	0–0	0–0	0–14	2–63	34–3	23–31	22–30	

APPENDIX—XVII-A.

Statement showing the area sown with crops and their anna valuation for Fasli year 1325.

No.	Name of crops.	Area sown with crop.	Anna valuation.	Remarks.
	Kharif	A. G.		
1	Rice	397 — 28	0-2-0	
2	Cotton	3,006 — 8	0-6-0	
3	Sesamum	906 — 27	0-2-0	
4	Ground-nut	368 — 19	0-3-0	
5	Bajri	2,80,320 — 38	0-4-0	
6	Tur-Dall	3,000 — 0	0-1-0	
7	Mataki	5,000 — 0	0-4-0	
8	Moog	2,000 — 0	0-2-0	
9	Vetch (हुलगा)	2,500 — 0	0-2-0	
	Rabi			
10	Jowari	1,31,458 — 30	0-8-0	
11	Karadi	3.000 — 0	0-4-0	
12	Gram	2,000 — 0	0-8-0	
13	Wheat	4,252 — 29	0-8-0	
14	Linseed	1,294 — 22	0-2-0	
		4,39,506 — 1		

APPENDIX — XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains.

Articles.	During past year.		During Present year.		Remarks.
	Lbs.	Tolas.	Lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari	48	0	40	20	
Bajree	42	0	36	0	
wheat	21	0	24	0	
Rice	14	25	13	32	
Tur-Dall	13	20	12	1	

APPENDIX — XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works, during the year 1915–1916.

Description of works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand Total	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1. Repairs to Schools	0	0	0	0	683	683	683	
2. Extention to the Chief's buildings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3. Repairs to State buildings ..	0	1,794	1,794	0	0	0	1,794	
4. Water supply	0	257	257	0	0	0	257	
5. Repairs to roads	0	0	0	890	2,160	3,050	3,050	
Total ..	0	2,051	2.051	890	2,843	3,733	5,784	

APPENDIX—XX.

Agricultural stock in the Jath State during the year 1915 1916,

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Jath	1915–16	20,754	16,032	1,038	3,547	722			95	50,994	4,127	1,973	29	1,485	

APPENDIX – XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Jath State during the year 1915-1916.

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	
				Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Jath	2	Information not available	2	642	2	0	1	0	7	642	

Receipts Statement showing the Receipts and Disbursements

No.	Items.	1914-1915	1915-1916	Increase.	Decrease.
	Opening balance.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	State	61,155	52,001	0	9,154
	Local Fund	4,899	3,247	0	1,652
	Total ...	66,054	55,248	0	10,806
1	Land Revenue ...	2,21,033	1.91,041	0	29,992
2	Sayar Revenue	4,835	9,671	4,836	0
3	Law and Justice ...	1,681	1,196	0	485
4	Police	777	43	0	734
5	Jail	0	0	0	0
6	Registration	1,339	2,092	753	0
7	Stamps	6,446	6,666	220	0
8	Interest	3,274	4,185	911	0
9	Forest	26	200	174	0
10	Public Works	0	23	23	0
11	Miscellaneous	533	529	0	4
12	Local Funds	15,522	14,348	0	1,174
12 A.	School Receipts... ...	0	8	8	0
13	Khasgi	4,808	5,647	839	0
14	Deshmukhi	25,244	20,628	0	4,616
15	Khawaskhani	20,248	18,760	0	1,488
16	Loans	0	0	0	0
17	Advance } Tagai ...	9,696	15,215	5,519	0
	Advance } Advance...	0	0	0	0
18	Deposits	4,556	0	0	4,556
19	Pension Fund	3,626	3,665	39	0
	Total ...	3,23,644	2,93,917	13,322	43,049
	Alienated Lands ...	21,465	21,420	0	45
	Total ...	3,45,109	3,15,337	13,322	43,094
	Grand Total with balance	4,11,163	3,70,585	13,322	53,900

of the Jath State during the year 1915-1916. *DISBURSEMENTS.*

No.	Items.	1914-1915	1915-1916	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1	Refund	1,227	188	0	1,039
2	Administration	8,475	8,559	84	0
3	Land Revenue	22,940	22,473	0	467
4	Law and Justice	6,541	6,554	13	0
5	Police	12,948	14,666	1,718	0
6	Jail	3,039	2,473	0	566
7	Medical ½	1,745	1,875	130	0
8	Post	204	308	104	0
9	Forest	2,125	2,466	341	0
10	Stamps	420	182	0	238
11	Registration	317	333	16	0
12	Education ½	4,699	4,846	147	0
13	Public Works	3,939	4,626	687	0
14	Nemnuks and Pension etc ...	35,421	34,897	0	524
15	Assignments under Treaties and engagements ...	12,205	12,205	0	0
16	Local Funds	17,174	14,888	0	2,286
17	Miscellaneous	1,910	2,597	687	0
18	Liquidation of debt ...	1,03,449	92,625	0	10,824
19	Domestic charges	30,500	30,500	0	0
20	Khasgi	26,748	26,282	0	466
21	Deshmukhi	3,211	3,837	626	0
22	Khawaskhani	2,339	2,578	239	0
23	Famine Relief Works ...	833	0	0	833
24	Advance } Tagai ...	350	2,000	1,650	0
	Advance } Advances ...	9,220	6,874	0	2,346
25	Deposits —	0	965	965	0
26	Plague expenses	137	189	52	0
27	Famine Insurance Fund ...	0	0	0	2
28	Contribution to the pension Fund	396	394	0	0
29	Acting & Travelling allowance to State Servants— ...	99	450	351	0
30	Amount withdrawn by the Chief as per Political Agent's No. Poll-C-I of 6-1-11 ...	0	0	0	0
	Total ...	3,12,611	3,00,830	7,810	19,591
	Alienated Lands ...	21,465	21,420	0	45
	Total ...	3,34,076	3,22,250	7,810	19,636
	Closing balance ...	77,087	48,335	0	28,752
	Total ...	4,11,163	3,70,585	7,810	48,388

APPENDIX — XXIII.

STATEMENT of medical relief afforded in the Jath State during the year 1915–1916.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of indoor patients.				Expenditure	Daily Average.	Remarks.
	Outdoor	Indoor	Discharged.	Absented	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Jath...	6,733	7	6	0	0	1	Rs. 3,750	57 - 6	

APPENDIX — XXIV.

Vital statistics of Jath State for the year 1915–1916.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		Past year.	Present year			Past year.	Present year			Past year	Present year.	Past year.	Present year	
Jath State ...	69,810	3,280	3,829	549	0	1,991	2,371	380	0	46 - 98	54 - 85	28 - 51	33 - 96	

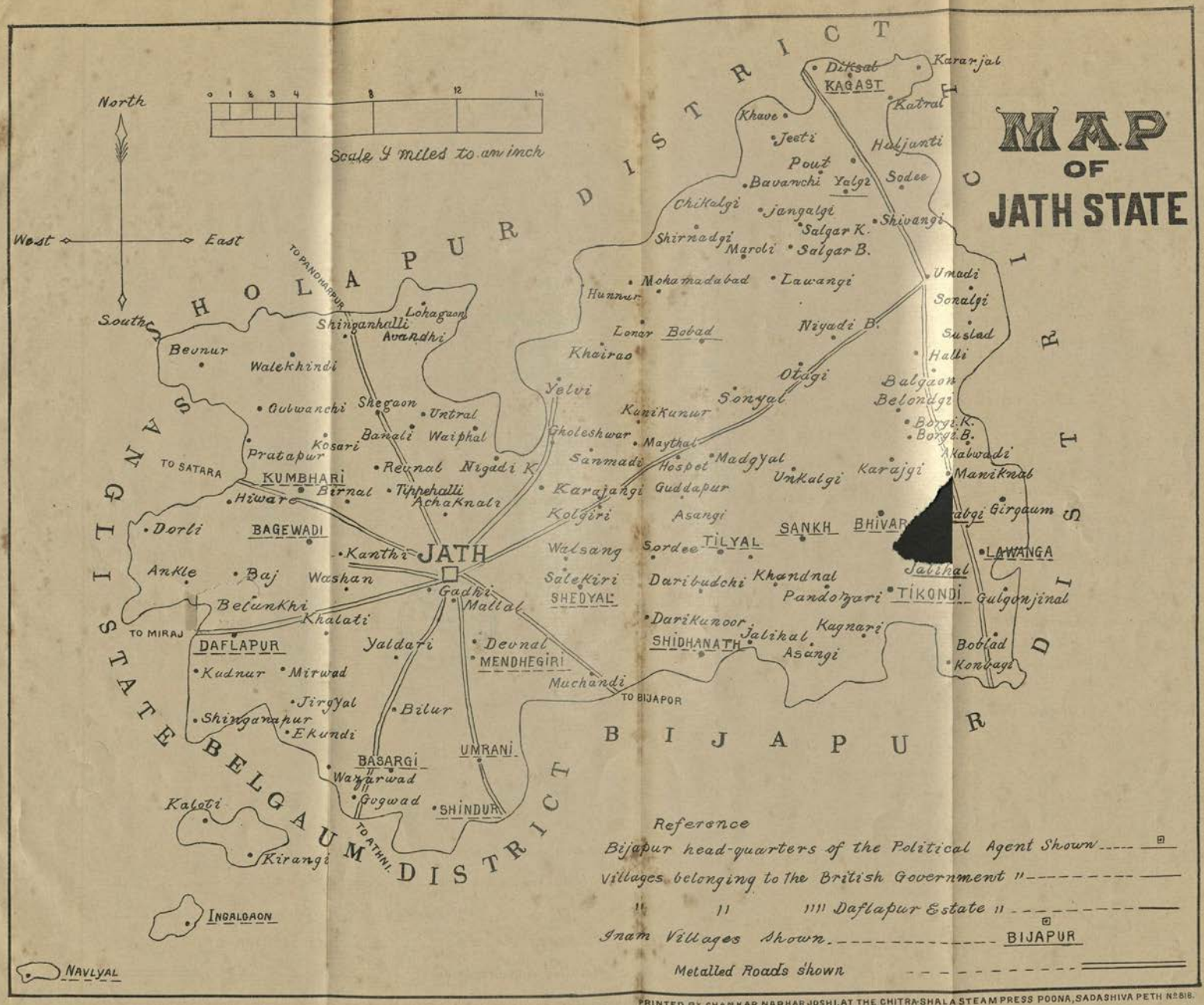
APPENDIX — XXV.

PARTICULARS as to the Schools maintained by the Jath State for the year 1915-1916.

Number of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31 March		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary	
								Rs.	Rs.	
28	26	1. Anglo-Vernacular School ... 1. Girls' School ... ... 1. Veda School ... ... 23. Marathi Schools 26	953	1,191	724-5	765-8	0	2,652	7,040	

Jath,
28th August 1916

S. R. TIRODEKAR.
State Karbhari of Jath.



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No. 936 of 1917.
Jath, 15th September 1917.

From,

RAO BAHADUR S. R. TIRODKAR,
State Karbhari of Jath.

To,

V. K. NAMJOSHI, Esquire,
B. A.,
Acting Political Agent,
Bijapur.

Sir,

I have the honour, by direction of the Chief, to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Jath State for the year 1916-1917 or Fasli year 1326 ending on the 6th June 1917.

2. I regret the great delay that has occurred in the submission of this Report. It is due to the difficulty experienced in getting accurate figures of receipts and expenditure as well as other statistical figures owing to the accounts and Records of the Daflapur Estate not being systimatically kept.

Chapter I.

General and Political.

3. The Jath State comprises 119 villages including the 6, forming the Daflapur Estate since reverted to Jath. Its area is 980. 8 square miles and the population 78, 643. The gross revenue calculated on the average of the past 5 years excluding Service Inams is Rs. 2,50,524. The average adjustment of Service Inams is Rs. 31,056.

4. The State pays an annual tribute of Rs. 6,400 for Horse Contingent and Rs. 4,847 on account of Sirdeshmukhi rights to the British Government.

5. At the outset of the Report, I have to note a very sad event, the death of Rani Bai Saheb of Daflapur, on the morning of the 13th January 1917 at the advanced age of 92. The sad news was kept back by the Daflapur State officials from the Chief who having come to know of it accidently at 1 P. M., drove immediately in his motor car in the expectation of attending the lady's funeral but he was sorely disappointed as the dead body had been cremated long before he reached Daflapur.

6. The deceased Rani Bai Saheb was a pious, virtuous and kind-hearted lady, and her death has been deeply mourned by the subjects of the Estate who lost a kind ruler in her.

7. By her death the Daflapur Estate ceased to be a permanent alienation in accordance with the decision of the Court of Directors as contained in G. R. No. 1091 of 18th March 1861, and the Political Agent who had specially come down from Bijapur under orders from Government, formally handed over the six villages forming the Daflapur Estate to the Chief in a Public Darbar held specially at Daflapur for the purpose on 27th January 1917.

8. The Chief Meherban Ramrao Amritrao alias Aba Saheb Dafle completed his 31st year on 10th January 1917. He is a treaty Chief and a First Class Deccan Sardar. His wife Shrimant Bhagirthibai Saheb is 26 years of age.

9. The Chief has two sons and two daughters. The sons Kumars Vijayasing alias Baba Saheb and Ajitsing alias Bhao Saheb are respectively 8 and 5 years old. The elder daughter Kumari Pramila Raja alias Aka Saheb is in her 7th year and younger Kumari Kamala Raja is 2 years old. The health of all these children has been good.

10. The education of Kumar Vijaysing and Kumari Pramila Raja is progressing well. Considering their ages, they are making satisfactory progress. The Kumar is learning Vernacular 4th Standard and Kumari is studying the 2nd. Both are smart and have exceptional abilities. The younger Kumar is only a beginner and is a promising lad.

11. Bai Anandibai alias Mai Saheb, Junior widow of the late Chief and her daughter who is given in marriage to Sardar Pratapsinh Bhosle of Satara, are the only other members of the Chief's family. The former is staying at Jath and the latter at Satara with her husband and both are in excellent health.

12. On the 20th of June 1916, the Chief with his Mankaris went to Kudnur, a village in this State, to perform the Javal (cutting of hair) ceremony of the two Kumars before Goddess Satwai. The ceremony was performed the next day with religious rites before the Goddess. Poor were fed and dinner was given to the village community. On his way back, the Chief visited Daflapur and Khalati deities and gave alms to the poor and entertainments to the village communities at those places in celebration of the occasion.

13. On the 20th of August 1916, the Chief went to Bombay via Bijapur to receive the Chief of Mudhol who was returning from the Front and who was expected to land in Bombay per S. S. Caledonia on the 22nd Idem. On his way to and from Bombay, he paid short visits to the Political Agent, Bijapur.

14. Again in the month of November 1916, the Chief went to Bombay in connection with the Great War Sales, and during his short stay there, had interviews with Their Excellencies and other high Officials of Government.

15. The Chief returned from Bombay on the 1st of December with fever and cough. Fever subsided on the 6th but cough continued with inflammation of Pharynx which gave him much trouble and uneasiness for about a fortnight. About the same time, Shrimant Rani Saheb was laid down with slight fever and bronchitis followed by neurasthenic headache. Fever and bronchitis subsided but headache continued which confined her to bed till 26th December 1916.

16. On the 1st of April, the Chief went to Mahableshwar to spend usual summer season. There he had the honour of interviews with His Excellency the Governor and other high officials. He returned to Jath on the 9th of June.

17. As soon as Indian War Loan was declared, the Chief convened a special public meeting of all classes and communities and explained to them in clear terms the object of the loan and their duty towards Government and advised them in an impressive speech to help the cause of War by investing their small savings in the War Loan. The speech produced the desired effect, and the people readily consented to subscribe to the War Loan according to their means. A strong com-

mittee was appointed for collecting subscriptions and the work of collection is going on satisfactory.

18. The total subscriptions collected upto now amount to Rs. 1,08,446-3-3. The State has invested Rs. 10,500 in the War Bonds and the Chief subscribed Rs. 5,500 from his private resources. In all Rs. 1,24,446-3-3 have been subscribed from the State upto now. In addition to the above, the Chief paid the following donations towards various War funds during the year :—

Rs. 200—to Lord Kitchner's Memorial Fund.

Rs. 50 —to the East Indies Station Naval Fund.

Rs. 200—to the Great War Sales in addition to several articles valued at Rs. 400.

19. The Chief has not neglected the important duty of enlisting recruits for the army but is taking very great interest in it. With a view to encourage recruitment for Military Service, he published on 18th August 1916 a proclamation in the State offering Rs.3 P. M. to each recruit immediately on his being accepted by the Military Authorities, as Special Allowance until he remained on Active service, and promising in the event of his being invalided or killed in action, to provide him or his family with a suitable allowance for life. Very few recruits (only 2) availed themselves of this concession. The Chief, therefore, on 4th November published another proclamation in which he announced, in addition to the concession already notified by the proclamation of 18th August 1916, the grant of Inam Land carrying assessment of Rs.10 from his private Watan Lands to each recruit. So far, however, only 13 recruits joined the army in different Regiments, of whom 4 were got by the State Recruiting Party and 9 by the Military Recruiting Parties. 3 more recruits were sent by the State but they were rejected as unfit by the Military Doctor. 11 of the above recruits have been given Inam Lands in addition to the monthly special allowance of Rs. 3 from the State. The latter, however, is to continue upto the duration of the present war only. The remaining two recruits get only Rs. 3 P. M. under the terms of the last proclamation.

20. The Chief has appointed a separate Recruiting Staff to encourage recruitment and vigorous efforts are being made to obtain recruits as far as possible. Thus the Chief has done all that could be done to help Government in the present crisis.

21. During the year under report, the services of Mr. K. A. Davangiri, Circle Inspector, Bijapur, were transferred to this State for a period of six months as Special Head Karkun in connection with the Record of Rights which is at present under preparation in this State. Mr. Davangiri assumed charge of his appointment on the 6th December 1916. As however, it was not possible to finish the work within six months, the period of Mr. Davangiri's deputation has been extended upto 15th November, by which time the Record of Rights' work will, it is expected, be completed. The State gives Mr. Davangiri Rs. 50 as pay plus Rs. 20 travelling allowance with necessary amount on account of pension and leave contribution.

22. Also a temporary appointment of Inam Commissioner on Rs. 50 P. M. was created for the adjudication of alienations which are numerous in this State and Mr. Malapa Satapa Kori was appointed to hold it for a period of two years for the present. If the work is not finished within the prescribed time, the period of the appointment will be further extended.

Chapter II.

Administration of Land.

23. The original survey assessment of all the lands in the State including he Dumala villages was increased 25 per cent in 1910. The revision rates are guaranteed for 15 years. The revision of assesment in the six villages of the Daflapur Estate is in progress.

24. The total area of arable waste lands of the Jath State including that of the 6 villages of the Daflapur Estate at the end of the last year was 2001 Acres and 11 Gunthas. Out of this, 84 Acres and 11 Gunthas were taken up for cultivation during the year, and 754 Acres and 23 Gunthas were added to the waste. The net area of waste land at the end of the year remained at 2671 Acres and 16 Gunthas.

25. 50 Inam cases under the Inam Rules were disposed of during the year as against 27 last year. This good result is due to the appointment of the Special Inam Commissioner.

26. There were no boundary disputes to be settled during the year.

27. The land revenue demand according to the Jamabandi of the year including local funds of the 119 villages amounted to Rs. 1, 73, 872 as against Rs. 1,73,222 in the preceding year. Including the arrears of Rs. 27,738 of past years, the total amount of land revenue for collection was Rs. 2,01,610. Out of this, Rs. 1,71,804 were collected during the year and Rs. 608 were written off as irrecoverable. The arrears to be recovered at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 29,198.

28. The total amount of revenue for collection including arrears on account of Deshmukhi, Khavaskhani and Khasagi Estates amounted to Rs. 55,174 (Rs. 41,404 Jamabandi and Rs. 13,770 arrears), of which Rs. 40,054 including arrears were collected and Rs. 378 were written off leaving Rs. 14,742 to be recovered at the close of the year. The accounts of Deshmukhi and Khasgi lands of the Daflapur Estate being in a confused state, the same not having been kept systematically, the figures of the arrears as well as those of Jamabandi could not be ascertained and so they are not included.

29. The total amount of Tagai including interest collected during the year was Rs. 10,330. The balance remaining to be collected at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 30,231, of which Rs. 28,931 were under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Rs. 1300 under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

30. No notices of demand for the recovery of the land revenue under Section 152 of the Land Revenue Code were issued. Moveable property for dues amounting to Rs. 3,504 of 63 persons was attached, but only in 10 cases property worth Rs. 300 was sold. In one case only immoveable property was forfeited and sold for dues amounting to Rs. 188. With these exceptions no extreme measures were resorted to during the year under report.

Chapter III.

31. Legislation:— Appendix II shows the Acts and Regulations in force in the Jath State. No new laws were introduced during the year under review.

Military Force.

32. There is no Military Force in the State.

33. The total strength of the Police Force in the State during the year of report was 119 as against 110 in the previous year namely, 2 Sub-Inspectors, 20 Head Constables, 85 Constables, 5 Sowars, 2 Camel Sowars and 5 Recruits the increase of 9 being due to the addition of one Head Constable and 6 Constables of the Daflapur Estate and to the creation of 2 new posts of Head Constables during the year. Of the Policemen, 26 are armed with bored out Martini Henry Rifles and 26 with Muzzle Loaders and all are supplied with batons. The arms are distributed as under:—

25	to Police on guard duty at the Jail, Treasury, the Chief's Bungalow and the old Palace.
24	to the several out-posts for detection and prevention of crime.
3	kept in reserve.
52.	

34. The increase in the number of Muzzle Loaders, is due to the addition of 4 guns belonging to the Daflapur Estate.

The two Sub-Inspectors are supplied with Revolvers.

35. Mounted Police are armed with swords and lances. They are employed on night patrol and guard duty and also they serve as body guards. The Mounted Police in conjunction with the Foot Police did good work during the year in apprehending certain notorious criminals who had successfully eluded the Police for some time.

36. The total expenditure on account of the maintenance of the Police including the Daflapur Police amounted to Rs. 13,655 as against Rs. 15,788 in the previous year. The decrease in expenditure is due to the abolition of the additional Police Post and to the absence of the expenditure similar to that incurred last year.

37. Particulars as to the total strength, cost, education &c. of the Police are given in Appendix IV.

38. Out of the total Police Force, 62 against the same number of last year are able to read and write and the rest are illiterate.

39. During the year, one Sub-Inspector, 6 Head Constables and 6 Constables were awarded money rewards for detecting Abkari and other cases.

40. 14 Constables were departmentally punished as against 23. One was dismissed for misconduct and wilful neglect, one degraded and one resigned.

Much improvement is seen in the drill of the Police.

41. The results of the working of the Police are given in Appendices V, VI, VII and are summarised below :—The total number of cases including the balance of 16 of the last year, was 107 as against 121(116 Jath and 5 Daflapur). Of these, 65 against 60 were struck off the file, 33 against 44 were brought before the Magistrates and 9 against 14 remained under investigation with the Police at the close of the year.

42. In connection with the 33 cases brought before the Magistrates, the Police arrested 60 persons including one awaiting trial at the close of the last year against 64 in the previous year, of whom 18 were convicted, 27 acquitted or discharged and 14 remained under trial at the close of the year and one died before the trial commenced.

43. The percentage of persons convicted to the number arrested and sent for trial was 40 against 61·9 of the last year.

44. The amount of property stolen and recovered during the year under report was Rs. 2,213 and Rs. 1,066 against Rs. 817 and Rs. 206 of the last year, giving a percentage of 48·6 against 22·5 of the last year.

45. The ratio of Police to the area is 1 to every 8·2 square miles and that to the population is 1 to 661 persons.

46. During the year, there was no case of murder, but there was one case of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and the number of accused involved therein was 4 against 5 in the last year, of whom 3 were convicted and one acquitted.

47. There was one case of dacoity during the year in connection with which 4 persons were apprehended, out of whom one was discharged by the Committing Magistrate and the remaining three committed to the Court of Sessions, where they were convicted.

48. The number of accidental deaths reported during the year was 52 against 56 of the previous year.

49. 10 bad characters were brought by the Police before the District Magistrate during the year under section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code against 2 in the previous year. All remained pending trial at the close of the year.

50. 2 cases of incendiarism against nil in the preceding year, were reported during the year. 4 persons were involved therein—2 in each—of whom 2 were discharged and two remained pending in the District Magistrate's Court.

51. There were 34 accidental fires, the aggregate value of the property being Rs. 1,000.

Criminal Tribes.

52. Haranshikaris, Bhamtas and Berads are the only Criminal Tribes in this State.

53. The measures adopted for keeping these tribes in proper check have been described in paras 46 to 48 of the last year's Administration Report and they are found to work well. In order to still further restrict the movements of these tribes and to give them as few opportunities as possible for committing offences, Rules under section 20 of the Criminal Tribes Act 1911, similar to those in force in British territory have been framed by the Darbar and they will be enforced as soon as the preliminaries required by the Act are fully gone into. The children of Haranshikaries continue to receive education at State expense.

54. Village Police :—The number of Village Police was the same as that of the last year. They assist the District Police in detecting ~~the~~ crimes and bring-

ing offenders to justice. They serve partly on service lands and partly on remuneration.

Criminal Justice.

55. The number of Criminal Courts at work during the year was 6 including one at Daflapur. The work done by these courts is given in Appendix VIII.

56. The total number of offences dealt with by the various Magistrates during the year was 257 against 275 of the last year, and the persons involved therein including the 24 awaiting trial at the close of the last year were 578 against 588 in the previous year. Of thess, 63 were arrested by the Police; 44 were arrested upon warrants; 429 appeared on summonses; 7 appeared voluntarily and 11 were arrested in the presence of the Magistrates.

57. Of 578 persons for disposal, 114 were discharged ; 342 were acquitted; 89 were convicted; 15 were committed to the Sessions Court ; I died during trial and 17 remained awaiting trial at the end of the year.

58. Out of the 15 persons committed to the Sessions Court, 7 were convicted, 3 were acquitted and 5 remained awaiting trial at the end of the year.

59. The amount of fine inflicted by the several Courts including the Court of Sessions was Rs. 910 against Rs. 868 of the previous year.

Appellate Work.

60. The number of Criminal Appellate Courts at work during the year were 2.—the Chief's Court and the District Magistrate's Court. The work done by them is given in Appendix IX.

61. There was no appeal before the Chief as Sessions Judge.

62. The District Magistrate had before him 20 appeals against 23 of the preceding year. Of these, 4 were confirmed, 5 were modified, 7 were reversed and 4 were rejected against 3,3,7 and 3 respectively in the preceding year.

63. As a Court of Revision, there were 4 applications before the Chief during the year. In two, the decisions of the Lower Court were upheld and two applications were rejected.

Civil Justice.

64. The details of the work done by the Civil Courts during the year of report are given in Appendices X and XI. The number of Civil Courts working during the year under report was 3 against 2 of the preceding year–2 First Class Sub-Judge's Courts–1 at Jath and the other at Daflapur, and 1 second Class Sub-Judge's Court at Jath.

65. The number of suits filed in the Sub-Judge's Court, Daflapur, was 50 and including the balance 2 of the last year, the total number of suits for disposal in that Court was 52 against 28 of the last year. Out of these, 27 were decided and the remaining 25 were transferred to the 2nd Class Sub-Judge's Court at Jath in consequence of the reversion of the Daflapur Estate to the Jath State on the demise of its ruler.

66. The number of suits in the 2nd Class Sub-Judge's Court including 25 suits of Daflapur duriug the year was 238 and including 54 suits re-

maining over from last year, the total number of suits for disposal was 292 against 246. Of these, 198 against 192 were disposed of during the year giving a percentage of 68 against 78. And including the suits disposed of in the Court of the Daflapur Sub-Judge, the percentage is 74. 94 cases remained pending at the end of the year as against 54 in the preceding year.

67. Of the total number of 238 suits, 139 were for landed property, 98 were for money transactions and 1 for other rights. The average duration of suits was 5 months and 28 days as against 8 months and 18 days of the last year.

68. The value of suits including those filed in the Daflapur Court during the year under report was Rs. 24,593 as against Rs. 18,534, and the value of suits disposed of was Rs. 20,670 as against Rs. 33,374 of the previous year.

Appellate Work.

69. Appendix XII shows in detail the work done by the only Appellate Court in the State. The total number of appeals for disposal including 11 remaining at the close of the previous year was 27 against 23 of the previous year. Of these, 20 against 12 were disposed of leaving a balance of 7 against 11 in the previous year.

The Chief's Court exercises the powers of the High Court as well as those of the District Judge. Only one appeal lies to this Court against the decisions of the Lower Court. The average duration of appeals was 8 months and 5 days as against 2 months and 6 days.

Execution of decrees.

70. The total number of applications for execution of decrees including the balance of 90 of the last year and including the 7 decrees transferred from the Daflapur Court was 293 against 243 of the previous year. Of these, 155 were disposed of during the year as against 153 and 138 remained pending at the close of the year as against 90 of the previous year.

There were 10 applications for execution of Civil Court decrees before the Daflapur Court. Of these, 3 were disposed of and the remaining 7 were transferred to the 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath, as stated in the preceding para.

Mamlatdars' Courts Act.

71. Including the balance of 1 of the last year, there were 15 suits for disposal before the Mamladar, all of which were disposed of during the year. The average duration of suits was 2 months and 12 days as against 1 month and 11 days in the previous year.

2 applications under Section 23 were made to the Collector, in one of which, the decision of the Mamlatdar was reversed and in the other it was confirmed.

One revision application was made to the Chief against the decision of the Collector in which the Mamlatdar's decision was confirmed.

No suits under the Mamlatdars' Courts Act were filed in the Daflapur Court during the year.

Extradition.

72. During the year under report, the extradition of 3 persons was obtained from the British Government and that of one from Miraj Senior State. 2 persons were surrendered to the British Government and none to Native States.

Prisons.

73. There is one Jail at Jath. Appendix XIII gives particulars of the persons confined in the Jail. The Jail is situated in a healthy locality on a dry ground at the west end of the town. It is well ventilated and is properly lighted. The accomodation continues to be what it was last year.

26 prisoners were admitted in the Jail during the year against 41 in the previous year. Including 38 prisoners remaining over at the end of the last year, there were 64 against 76 in the previous year. Of these, 28 prisoners were released either on appeals or on the expiry of their sentences. 2 more prisoners were released–1 in comm moration of the Chief's Installation day and another on the anniversary of the Yuvaraja's birth-day and 34 prisoners remained in the Jail at he end of the year. There were no cases of sickness in the Jail and the health of the prisoners continued to be good during the year.

74. The prisoners are employed on the Polo Ground, Water Pump, the State Press and on the State gardens.Rough blankets and cotton khadis are turned out in the Jail. Chappals are also made which are supplied to the Police and other inferior State servants.

Jail Regulations have been strictly observed in the Jail and remission system continues to be in force.

75. The total expenditure during the year including Daflapur amounted to Rs. 2,646 against Rs. 2,477 of the previous year.

76. There is one Lock-up in the Jail for under-trial prisoners. 54 under-trial prisoners were admitted in the Lock-up during the year against 64 of the previous year. Of these, 1 under-trial prisoner remained in the Lock-up at the close of the year, the rest being either convicted or discharged.

Registration.

77. Appendices XIV and XV give details of the Registration Department of the Jath State and the Daflapur Estate. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year under review was 793 including 35 of Daflapur as against 843 in the previous year, all of which were registered. The total value of documents registered was Rs. 2, 27,780 as against Rs. 2, 11, 103 in the previous year. The fees realised in connection with the documents registered amounted to Rs. 2,772 including Rs. 106 of Daflapur as against Rs. 2,833 in the preceding year. The expenditure incurred during the year amounted to Rs. 480 as against Rs. 381.

Municipality.

78. Appendix XVI gives details of the receipts and expenditure of the only Municipality at Jath which consists of 12 members all nominated, with the State Karbhari as President. The receipts and expenditure for the year under report were Rs. 3,420 and Rs. 3, 857 as against Rs. 3,313 and Rs. 3,388. The closing balance of the previous year was Rs. 944 while it is Rs. 507 for the current year.

The principal sources of income of the Municipality are house-tax, sanitary cess and shingoti-tax and the cess on exported goods.

Strict attention is paid to sanitation and the conservancy arrangements in the town. The Municipality is doing fairly satisfactory work with its small income.

Chapter IV.

Production And Distribution.

79. Weather, Crops and Rainfall:— Appendix XVII shows the rainfall at Jath during the year. The total rainfall was 39 Inches and 83 Cents as against 34 Inches and 3 Cents of the last year and 24 Inches and 46 Cents of the average of the past five years. The rainfall of the year was abnormally heavy. The rain in the beginning of the monsoon was sufficient for Kharip sowing but the fall in July damaged the crops considerably. The break in August however slightly improved their condition but the excessive rains of September and October which measured 16 Inches and 69 Cents almost wholly destroyed the standing crops, the average out-turn being barely 2 Annas. Rabi crops too, suffered heavily owing to excessive moisture n consequence of continuous rains in October and November and yielded a poor out-turn of 8 Annas. The prices of several food grains however having enormously risen, the ryots did not feel much pinch. On the whole, the season though not altogether bad was not as satisfactory as it should have been.

80. Appendix XVII—A gives the area under Kharip and Rabi cultivation. The principal Kharip crops--Bajri, Rice and Tur failed to a large extent and Rabi crops namely Jowari, Gram, Cotton and Wheat were slightly damaged.

81. The prices of staple food grains are given in Appendix XVIII.

The prices of Jowari, Bajri and Wheat have risen considerably and those of Rice and Tur have fallen slightly.

82. Appendix XX gives the information of the Agricultural stock. The condition of the agricultural stock was generally fair.

In consequence of the large area being sown in Cotton, there was not sufficient supply of Kadbi for cattle, but there was enough grass. Drinking water supply was also abundant.

83. The daily wages of skilled labour ranged from 10 to 12 annas, and those of unskilled labour from 4 to 6 annas. The demand for labour was great throughout the year.

84. Forest:— The total area under forest at the beginning of the year was the same as last year, namely 38,015 Acres and 33 Gunthas. Of this, 25 Acres and 28 Gunthas assessed at Rs. 14-1-0 were sold for cultivation realizing Rs.75. 124 Acres and 25 Gunthas were added to the forest during the year. The net forest at the end of the year was 38, 114 Acres and 30 Gunthas. Of this, 3, 740 Acres and 11 Gunthas are included in the Reserved Forest and 34,374 Acres and 19 Gunthas constitute pasture land. Seeds of Babul, Limb and other forest trees are being annually planted in the closed Forest.

The revenue realized from grazing fees amounted to Rs. 11,437 and that derived from sale of grass &c., in the Reserved Forest amounted to Rs. 442. The total forest receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 11,879 as against Rs. 12,411. The expenditure of the Forest Department amounted to Rs. 2,224 as against Rs.

2,466 in the previous year. The forest of this State contains a good deal of rocky soil and unarable land used for pasture only.

85. Post Offices :—There is one combined Sub-Post and Telegraph Office at Jath with two Postal lines-one to Miraj and the other to Bijapur. There are two Branch Post Offices-one at Daflapur and the other at Umdi.

86. There is no Mint in the State.

General Condition of the State and the People.

87. The condition of the people mainly depends on the nature of the year season. Owing to abnormal rainfall, crops suffered badly everywhere and the prices of food grains rose high. Plague appeared in 19 villages but it was not of severe type. Cholera broke out in 29 villages during the latter half of the year and carried off 261 souls. A few cases of chicken pox and measles occurred in a few places but fortunately they did not develope into an epidemic. The high prices at which cotton and other staple food grains were sold as well as the increase in the rates of wages of labour enabled the people to live fairly well and to pay land revenue without much pressure. On the whole, therefore, the year was not as favourable as last year to the agriculturists who form the bulk of the population, but the labouring class was greatly benefited.

88. Consumption of Liquor :—The Abkari management of the State has been leased to British Government. There are two Country Liquor shops-one at Jath and the other at Umrani. Besides these, there are 4 Toddy shops including 3 of the Daflapur Estate. The sales of Country Liquor and Toddy (at Jath shop) during the year were 2,090 Gallons and 44 Drams and 4,617 Gallons as against 1,864 and 3,830 Gallons respectively of the previous year. The sale figures of Toddy at the three shops in the Daflapur Estate are not available. The amount of compensation paid by British Government to Jath State for Abkari Revenue as fixed for the years beginning from 1st August 1915 is Rs. 5,150 including Rs. 450 of Daflapur. The amount is subject to revision after every three years.

89. By Government Resolution No. 4082, dated the 27th May 1917, Political Department, the amount of compensation for the lease of Hemp Drugs beginning from 1st April 1917 has been fixed at $\frac{13}{14}$ of the duty realized. The amount of compensation due to this State according to the revised arrangements has not yet been communicated by Government.

Trade and Manufacture.

90. Trade :—There is no trade worth mentioning ; the State abounds in Tarwad and Babul, the bark of which is taken abroad for being used in tanning.

The chief articles of export are Bajri, Wheat, Gram, Cotton, Betel leaves and Tur, while Rice, Spices, Salt, Jogri, Cocconuts and Kerosene Oil are the principal articles of import.

91. Manufacture :—Coarse country cloth and rough blankets are manufactured in some villages. Carpets and brass pots are made at Umdi and felt rugs are manufactured at Vaspet. Country shoes are made at Jath and are sent abroad for sale.

Public Works.

92. Appendix XIX gives the details of the amount expended from State funds and Local funds on Public Works, including those of Daflapur. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 19,891 as against Rs. 26,328 in the previous year. The bridge over the Daflapur Nala and that on the Muchandi Nala, on the Jath Bijapur Road were completed during the year.

The expenditure on Pubilc Works and Local Fund works including Daflapur amounted to Rs. 19,891 as against Rs. 26,328 in the previous year, of which Rs. 4,806 were spent on the bridges over the Daflapur and Muchandi Nalas. Rs. 1,362 were expended on repairs and maintenance of the existing roads and the balance Rs. 11,375 was spent in meeting the charges of the Educational, Medical, Sanitary and Local Fund Establishments and building cattle pounds &c.

Chapter V.

Revenue and Finances.

93. Appendix XXII shows details of total receipts and expenditure of the State including Daflapur for the year under report as compared with those of the previous year.

94. The gross revenue of the State exclusive of Inam adjustments amounted to Rs. 2,90,564 as against Rs. 3,22,138 of the preceding year, showing a net decrease of Rs. 31,574. The decrease occurs principally under I Land Revenue, and XVII-Advances-Tagai, and is chiefly due to the recovery of arrears of land revenue and tagai last year. The decrease under other heads of revenue being too small call for no explanation.

On the other hand, there is an increase under XVIII Deposits and XIX-Pension Fund. The increase under Pension Fund is due to the recovery of interest of the amounts advanced as Loans from the Funds; and that under Deposits is only nominal the item being always fluctuating.

95. The total Government debt remaining to be paid at the close of the last year stood at Rs. 62,373—5— 0 the whole of which was discharged during the year with interest and the State has at last become free from Government debt after 10 years' strenuous efforts.

The State has yet to pay a guaranteed debt of Rs. 75000 to Shrimant Rani Saheb of Jath, a part of which will be paid during the current year, if the season turns out favourable. The interest on this sum is however regularly paid.

Chapter VI.

96. Medical Relief and Vital Statistics:— There were two Dispensaries in the State-one at Jath and the other at Daflapur. The Dispensary at Daflapur was closed from 1st February last on reversion of the Estate to this State. The details of the work done by the Daflapur Dispensary are not available. The expenditure incurred upto the date of reversion of the Estate on medical relief at Daflapur amounted to Rs. 870 as against Rs. 1,009 of the previous year.

97. Appendix XXIII gives the details of the work done at the Jath Dispensary during the year. The total attendance at the Dispensary was 6,275 as against 6,740 in the previous year. The daily average attendance was 68 as

against 57·6 of the last year. The expenditure during the year on establishment and medicines was Rs. 4,964 against Rs. 4,769.

The prevailing diseases in the year under report were malarial fever, bowel complaints, eye diseases, cough, diarrhœa and worms.

98. The Dispensary at Jath is in charge of the Chief Medical Officer who is a graduate of the Bombay University.

99. Vaccination :—There are two Vaccinators in the State, who work under the supervision of the Vaccination Inspector of the Bijapur District subject to the general control of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration Circle, Belgaum.

The number of children vaccinated during the year was 2,901 against 3,493 of the last year. Out of the total number vaccinated, 2,739 proved successful and 162 unsuccessful. The calf lymph is in use.

The total expenditure on Vaccination Department amounts to Rs. 876.

100. Appendix XXIV gives the number of births and deaths during the year. The total number of births and deaths during the year including Daflapur was 3,418, and 2,715, against 4,169 and 2,601 respectively of the previous year, the ratio per mille of population of births and deaths being respectively 43·4 and 34·5 as against 53·1 and 33·7 of the last year.

Plague :—19 villages suffered from plague during the year. The epidemic was not severe. 285 persons were attacked by plague, out of whom 227 died. Evacuation was resorted to in all the villages.

Cholera :—Cholera appeared in 29 villages including 3 villages of Daflapurs The total number of attacks was 452 and the number of deaths was 261. The epidemic was rather of virulent type in some villages. Chicken pox and measles also appeared in a few villages but fortunately they did no serious harm.

101. Education:— Appendix XXV shows particulars of Schools. There were 36 shools at the beginning of the year under report, including 8 of the Daflapur Estate. The low-caste school at Jath which had been closed: for some time was opened during the year making in all 35 schools at the close of the year. Of these, one is an Anglo-Vernacular School, 2 Girls' Schools, 2 low caste schools, 1 Vedic School, and 29 are Vernacular Schools for boys and girls.

The Jath Vernacular No. 1 School did exceedingly well at the Public Service Examination, as all the five candidates sent up passed the examination.

The total number of scholars in all the schools during the year was 1,462 as against 1, 397 in the previous year, the daily average attendance being 963 against 951 of the previous year. The total expenditure of the Educational Department amounted to. Rs. 10,016 as against Rs. 10,600 of the previous year, the decrease being due to the absence of expenditure on the purchase of school furniture &c. as was the case last year.

The Assistant Deputy Educational Inspectors of the Bijapur District inspected all the Schools during the year. The Acting Educational Inspector, Southern Division, Mr. Hungund, visited Jath in June last, accompanied by his Deputy Mr. Gokhale and again inspected all the local schools.

The Drawing Class attached to the Anglo-Vernacular School was closed during the year owing to the vacancy caused by the death of the Drawing Master not being filled up until the close of the year. Education is free in all the schools in the State.

Chapter VII.

102. The Jath People's Bank.:—This Bank is progressing fairly well. The balance with the Bank at the beginning of the year was Rs. 2,251. During the year 176 shares each of Rs. 10 were sold and Rs. 1,760 were realized. Rs. 2,219 out of the amount given to debtors were realized, and Rs. 1,258 were recovered on account of interest. Rs. 1,000 were received as deposits. The total amount with the Bank including the balance stood at Rs. 8,488. Rs. 2,955 were advanced as loan to debtors on security of lands. Rs. 743 were paid as interest to shareholders, Rs. 1,195 were repaid to depositors, Rs. 186 were spent on establishment and Rs. 120 credited to the Reserve Fund. In all Rs. 5,199 were disbursed leaving a balance of Rs. 3,289 at the close of the year with the Bank. The average rate of interest was Rs. 9 per cent per annum.

The institution has proved very useful to the agriculturists and others who cannot get money at low interest from elsewhere.

103. Miscellaneous.:—There are two printing presses at Jath-one Lithographic and the other Type Press. All sorts of forms as well as Circulars are printed at the Press which has now become the property of the State by purchase.

104. No newspaper or magazine is published in the State.

105. There is one Public Library at Jath, supported partly by State contribution and partly by public subscriptions. It has 92 subscribers on its list and the subscriptions collected amounted to Rs. 328 including the contribution of Rs. 30 paid by the State. It subscribes to 6 Vernacular papers, 1 English paper and 11 magazines. It possesses a small stock of English and Marathi books.

105. There are no wild animals in the State except wolves and wild pigs which cause damage to the crops. There were 12 deaths from snake bites during the year as against 4 of the last year.

107. Fairs:—The usual annual fair of Yellama Goddess was held at Jath in December last and lasted for three days. It was largely attended. Nearly 7,200 cattle were brought for sale and Rs. 354 were realized in the shape of Shingoti by the sale of cattle. The cattle show was as usual held at the fair and prizes amounting to Rs. 180 were awarded to selected animals.

The fair of Bahiravanath at Billur was held in February last for 5 days. About 7,000 people attended the fair. Strict attention was paid to sanitary measures and the Police arrangements were as usual satisfactory at both the fairs.

Tour.

108. During my tour, I did as usual Jamabandi of the whole State and examined village accounts.

Financial condition.

109. The financial condition of the State cannot yet be said to be satisfactory though the Government debt has been liquidated.

When the Chief was invested with powers of the State in July 1907, the State had only partially emerged from a succession of lean years. It was heavily encumbered with debt. It owed a sum of Rs. 6,91,732 to the Government of India and of Rs. 79,691 to Shrimant Rani Saheb, the total amount of debt on the date of Chief's installation being Rs. 7,71,423. Of this sum, Government were generously pleased to grant remissions of two lacs in 1910. The remaining amount of debt was still very considerable and the finances of the State therefore required most careful handling. The Chief had thus a very difficult task before him but without being disheartened in the least, he set to work in right earnest to grapple with the difficulties. He first cut down his own Khasgi expenditure to his great personal discomfort and observing strict and judicious economy in all branches of expenditure without at the same time impairing the efficiency of the administration, he has discharged within the short period of 10 years that have elapsed, the whole of the Government debt with interest, the last instalment of Rs. 64,557-2-0 being paid in March last and considering that two of the years were marked by very insufficient rain and failure of crops, the success achieved by the Chief is most praiseworthy and indicates a record of prudent administration.

The only debt now remaining to be paid is that of Shrimant Rani Saheb. Rs. 4,000 out of the amount of Rs. :79,000 were paid as far back as in 1909 and the balance will be paid in three instalments in three years.

Concluding Remarks.

110. The above, in short, is the record of the year's administration. The year under report was below normal. Owing to heavy and untimely rainfall, both crops failed to a large extent but the rise in the prices of food grains and the usual high prices of cotton during the season saved the situation and land revenue was collected without much pressure. The labouring classes also fared well owing to rise in the rates of wages and scarcity of labour. Plague and Cholera however prevailed in 47 villages and disturbed for some time the public health. Peace and order were efficiently maintained. Civil and Criminal justice was efficiently administered. Education and Public Works received due share of attention. Medical relief was freely given and the general health of the people was fair.

111. In conclusion, I am desired by the Chief to offer his sincere thanks to you and Mr. Kabraji for the valuable and sympathetic advice and kind treatment accorded to him from time to time.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
S. R. Tirodkar,
State Karbhari of Jath.

APPENDICES

FROM

I To XXV.

1916-17.

APPENDIX—I.

Names of High Officials in the Jath State and Residency Officials, showing changes in personnel during the year 1916–1917.

Names of Officers.	Appointment.	Period,		Remarks.
		From	To	
Rao Bahadur S. R. Tirodkar	State Karbhari	12th July 1907		
Mr. K. K. Gokhale	Sub-Judge	5th March 1906		
Mr. V. J. Gidh Chapwale L. M. & S. ...	Chief Medical Officer	17th July 1914		
Mr. A. M. Masurkar	Mamlatdar	10th October 1904		The Mamlatdar Masurkar was on 3 months' privilege and on five months' furlough in combination with privilege leave from 7th March 1916.
Mr. V. A. Mankapurkar	Do.	7-3-16	6-11-16	

APPENDIX—II.

List of Laws in force in the Jath State

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
1. So much of Regulation 8 of 1827 as is still in force in the Bombay Presidency I. P. C.	Yes	Nil.	
2. Act No. 45 of 1860 and subsequent Acts amending the same			
3. Act No. 20 of 1864. Minors			
4. ,, 6 of 1864. Whipping			
5. ,, 1 of 1871. Cattle Trespass			
6. ,, 9 of 1872. Contract			
7. ,, 1 of 1872. Evidence			
8. ,, 10 of 1873. Oaths			
9. ,, 2 of 1874. Jail			
10. ,, 1 of 1877. Specific Relief			
11. ,, 3 of 1877. Registration			
12. ,, 1 of 1878. Opium			
13. ,, 8 of 1867. Village Police			
14. ,, 3 of 1874. Vatan Act			
15. ,, 5 of 1878. Abkari			
16. ,, 11 of 1878. Arms			
17. ,, 5 of 1879. Bombay Land Revenue Code ...			
18. ,, 10 of 1870. Land Acquisition			
19 India Act 7 of 1878. Forest	Yes	Nil.	
20. Bombay Act 8 of 1866. Sale of poisons			
21. ,, 3 of 1869. Local Funds			
22. ,, 3 of 1875. Tolls Act			
23. ,, 2 of 1890. Salt Act with the amending Act...			
24. The amendment of Section 84 of the Bombay Act 6 of 1873 made by clause(*i*) Section 49 of Bombay Act 2 of 1874 ...			
25. India Act 3 of 1897 Epidemic Diseases Act ...			
26. ,, 6 of 1898, Post Office Act			

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
27. India Act 13 of 1885. Telegraph	Yes.	Nil.	
28. „ 5 of 1898. Criminal Procedure Code ...			
29. Act 5 of 1886. Act to amend Bombay 3 of 1874			
30. Act 4 of 1890. The Bombay District Police Act			
31. India Act 2 of 1899, with all the amending Acts ...			
32. „ 7 of 1870, with all amending Acts ...			
33. Currency Notes Forgery Act 12 of 1899, with all its amending Acts			
34. Section 27 of the Bombay Regulation 12 of 1827 ...			
35. India Act No. 6 of 1908. Explosive Act ...			
36. Mamlatdars Courts Act 2 of 1906			
37. Civil Procedure Code Act No. 5 of 1908 ...			
38. Limitation Act No. 9 of 1908			
39. Lunacy Act No. 35 of 1858			
40. Bombay District Municipal Act No. 3 of 1901 ...			
41. Bombay Record of Rights Act No. 4 of 1903 ...			
42. Act No. 3 of 1910, Act to amend the Bombay Hereditary Office Act No. 3 of 1874.			
43. Census Act No. 16 of 1910			
44. India Act No. 28 of 1879 with subsequent amending Act No. 9 of 1884 & No. 11 of 1896, Legal Practitioners Act.	Yes.	Nil.	
45. Section, 344 to 360 of the Civil Procedure, India Act No. 14 of 1882			
46. India Act No. 3 of 1911, Criminal Tribes Act ...			
47. Act No. 4 of 1912 (Act to amend the Bombay District Police Act No. 4 of 1890)			
48. India Act No. 7 of 1889, Succession Certificate Act...			

APPENDIX—III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military force in the Jath State.

APPENDIX—IV.

STATEMENT showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police for the year 1916–1917.

Description of.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally	Punished judicially.	By promotion	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Police Sub-Inspectors	2	25 + 15	13,655	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	
Constables of all grades including 5 sowars and 5 recruits	117	20,15,12, 10,9,8,7		1	14	0	0	12	60	57	
Total...	119		13,655	1	14	0	0	13	62	57	

APPENDIX—V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Jath State during the year 1916—17.

State.	Number of offences including the balance of last year.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage of convictions to accused arrested.		Percentage of convictions to accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year	Present year	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Jath	121	107	64	60	63	* 60	38	18	17	27	61·9	40	61·9	40	* 14 remained under trial 1 Died before trial.

APPENDIX—VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Jath State during the year 1916-17.

State	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath	Rs. 817	Rs. 2213	Rs. 206	Rs. 1066	22·5	48 6	

APPENDIX—VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Jath State during the year 1916-17.

Description of Offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Time of imprisonment.											Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment Simple.	Imprisonment Rigorous.	Imprisonment and fine. Simple.	Imprisonment and fine. Rigorous.	Fine.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
(Cognizable Offences)																														
1. Culpable homicide not amounting to murder Sec. 304 I. P. C.	...	1	1	2	1	4	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 committed to the Court of Session.
2. Causing grievous hurt Secs. 324 & 325 I. P. C.	1	6	7	2	7	20	4	...	3	...		1	...	4	16	...	...		1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Robbery & Kidnapping Secs. 392 & 363 I. P. C.	...	4	4	...	4	10	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 committed to the Court of Session.
4. Theft Secs. 379 & 380 I. P. C. ..	...	16	16	11	15	28	9	1	2	...	...	6	..	9	18	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
5. Dacoity Sec 395 I. P. Code	...	1	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 Do.
6. Dishonestly receiving stolen property Sec. 412. I. P. C.	...	2	2	15	1	2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
7. Mischief by fire Sec. 436 I. P. C. ...	...	2	2	2	1	4	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	

8 Criminal trespass & house trespass Secs. 447 & 448 I. P. Code. ..	1	45	46	44	45	80	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous.	1	21	22	14	21	34	6	1	1	..	...	4	...	6	25	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1 committed.
Total. ..	3	98	101	90	97	186	25	2	6	.	...	17	...	25	144	...	1	...	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	10
(Non-Cognizable Offences)																														
1. Disobedience to an order. Sec. 188 I.P Code.	...	4	4	...	4	4	3	...	...	...	..	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Causing miscarriage. 312 I. P. Code	...	1	1	...	1	1	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 c mmitted.
3. Hurt Section 323. I. P. Code.	3	80	83	90	83	209	25	...	.	..	..	25	...	25	184	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Assault or use of criminal force Sec. 354 I P. Code	..	7	7	7	6	10	5	..	..	...	.	5	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
5. Marrying again. 494 Sec. I.P. Code.	...	1	1	...	1	4	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 committed.
6. Mischief Sec. 426 I. P. Code ...	...	12	12	8	11	27	2	...	..	..		2	...	2	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
7. Criminal intimidation Sec. 506 I. P. Code.	...	12	12	5	12	20	1	...	1	...	..	...	...	1	19	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Miscellaneous.	2	13	15	14	15	24	7	..	1	.	...	6	...	7	17	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	5	130	135	124	133	299	43	...	2	...	...	41	...	43	248	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5
Other Acts ...	...	29	29	31	28	93	21	...	3	...	...	18	..	21	64	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	
Grand Total ...	8	257	265	245	258	578	89	2	11	...	..	76	...	89	456	...	1	1	8	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	15

APPENDIX—VIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1916–1917.

No	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1916–17.					Total.								
		Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged wthout trial	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	District Magistrate's Court	69	87	1	16	23	117	6	11	154	174	46	60	59	2	0	7	
2	Sub-Judge and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	13	10	0	11	12	3	0	0	22	26	0	12	0	13	1	0	
3	Mamlatdar and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	88	95	9	19	2	198	0	0	168	228	37	163	19	0	0	9	
4	Huzur Chitnis and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	13	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	18	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	
5	Head Karkun and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	86	48	14	14	1	80	0	0	212	109	16	87	5	0	0	1	
6	1st Class Magistrate, Daflapur.	6	16	0	×3	6	31	0	0	14	40	15	20	5	0	0	0	3 by Abkari Inspector
	Total...	275	257	24	×63	44	429	7	11	588	578	114	342	89	15	1	17	×60 by Distt. Police

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decision passed by the Criminal Court in the Jath State during the year 1916–1917.

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1. Chief of Jath... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. District Magistrate, Jath	20	4	4	4	4	5	5	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...	20	4	4	4	4	5	5	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX—X.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1916–1917

Tribunals.	Opening balance		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction	Suits for other rights.	Number of Suits under Rs. 100.	Number of Suits above Rs. 100 & under Rs. 500	Number of suits above Rs. 500 & under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 & under Rs. 5000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs													Rs	Y. M. D.	
1. 1st Class Sub-Judge Jath.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Do. Daflapur	1	2	27	50	28	52+	26	27	2	...	3252	9	41	...	41	9	...	...	...	19	8	...	...	1720	–2 23	
3. 2nd Class Sub-Judge Jath.	97	54	149	238+	246	292	192	198	54	94	21341	139	98	1	156	78	4	...	...	10	130	19	39	18,950	–5-28	

+25 Suits were transferred to 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath, on reversion.

APPENDIX—XI.

CIVIL WORK-Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1916–1917.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.				
1. st Class Sub-Judge.... Jath.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Do. Daflapur... ...	1	...	...	20	10	896	21	10 ×	896	21	3	393	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. 2nd Class Sub-Judge. Jath.	112	90	13668	131	203 ×	21,229	243	293	34887	153	155	16178	90	138	19213	35	49	54	

× 7 Applications were transferred to the 2nd Class Sub-Judge on reversion.

APPENDIX-XII.

CIVIL WORK—Number and result of appeals in civil suits.

Tribunal	Opening balance		Fil d during		Total		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of										Average duration.	
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions ammended		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present yerr.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Rs.	present year Rs.	Past year	Present year	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Y. M. D.	Present year. Y. M. D.
1. Chief of Jath ...	3	11	20	16	23	27	12	20	11	7	1724	2961	11	8	1	6	0	2	0	0	0	4	0–2–6	0–8–5

APPENDIX – XIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock ups in the Jath State during the year 1916–1917.

Stations.		Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners. Remaining from last year.	Number of prisoners. Admitted during the year.	Number of prisoners. Total. Past year	Number of prisoners. Total. Present year.	Daily Average. Past year.	Daily Average. Present year.	Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
										Rs.		
Jath ...	Tried	1	38	26	76	64	42·51	38·23	34	2646	29	No mortality among convicts and under-trial prisoners.
	Un-tried	0	1	54	64	55	4·70	4·31	1			

APPENDIX – XIV.

Registration of documents in the Jath State.

Name of State.	Documents presented for Registration. Past year.	Documents presented for Registration. Present year.	Nature of documents presented. Mortgage. Past year.	Mortgage. Present year.	Sale Deeds. Past year.	Sale Deeds. Present year.	Wills. Past year.	Wills. Present year.	Money bonds. Past year.	Money bonds. Present year.	Miscellaneous. Past year.	Miscellaneous. Present year.	Documents registered. Past year.	Documents registered. Present year.	Value of documents registered. Past year	Value of documents registered. Present year.	Documents of which Registry has been refused. Past year.	Documents of which Registry has been refused. Present year.	Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year. Past year.	Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year. Present year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Jath ... (including Daflapur.)	843	793	242	197	436	431	9	8	0	1	156	156	843	793	2,11,103	2,27,780	0	0	0	0	0

APPENDIX—XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1916—1917, including that of Daflapur Estate.

Description.	Past year.							Present year.							Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised.			Number of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realised			
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
1. Sale deeds ...	436	1,19,787	6	...	919	15	...	431	1,31,913	...	...	964	3	...	
2. Mortgage deeds	242	65,332	...	...	513	3	...	197	61,955	...	...	436	8	...	
3 Farkats ...	7	4,650	...	...	27	13	...	9	6,800	...	...	41	...	...	
4. Agreement deeds	7	348	...	...	15	11	...	9	400	...	...	18	8	6	
5. Kabulayats ...	76	3,296	3	6	75	2	6	64	3,451	11	10	75	3	...	
6. Adoption deeds	13	3,950	...	...	40	1	..	18	1,700	...	...	48	8	...	
7. Gift deeds ...	24	8,350	...	...	59	4	...	39	11,950	...	.	87	13	...	
8. Money bonds ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	100	...	...	...	15	6	
9. Wills	9	...	...	..	27	3	...	8	...	...	...	21	7	6	
10. Receipts	4	732	...	...	6	1	...	4	2,027	...	...	8	14	...	
11. Miscellaneous...	25	4,658	...	...	1,148	3	6	13	7,483	...	...	1,069	2	...	
Total...	843	2,11,103	9	6	2,832	9	0	793	2,27,779	11	10	2,772	2	6	
Deduct expenditure	.....	.....	...	...	381	2	7	.....	.....	...	...	480	...	...	
Net profit ...	.....	.....	...	...	2,451	6	5	.....	.....	...	...	2,292	2	6	

APPENDIX—XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipality in the Jath State during the year 1916—1917.

Name.	Opening balance on 7th June 1916.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year		Balance on the 7th June 1917.	Remarks.
		Past.	Present.		Past.	Present.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Jath	944	3,313	3,420	4,364	3,388	3,857	507	

APPENDIX—XVII.

Statement of rain-fall in the Jath State.

State	June 1916.	July 1916.	August 1916.	September 1916.	October 1916.	November 1916	December 1916	January 1917.	February 1917.	March 1917.	April 1917.	May 1917.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	Remarks.
	I. C	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I C.	I. C.	I. C.	
Jath	1–77	8–61	1–19	8–82	7–87	9–5	.....	.....	0–66	0–24	0–99	0–65	39–83	34–3	24–46	

APPENDIX—XVII-A.

Statement showing the area sown with crops and their anna valuation for Fasli year 1326.

No.	Name of crops.	Area sown with crop	Anna valuation.	Remarks.
	Kharif.	A. G.		
1	Rice	1125-31	0-4-0	
2	Cotton	14893-34	0-4-0	
3	Sesamum	5031-27	0-1-0	
4	Ground-nut	1059-29	0-4-0	
5	Bajri	290420-0	0-2-0	
6	Tur-Dall	2500-0	0-2-0	
7	Mataki	5500-0	0-2-0	
8	Moog	3500-0	0-1-0	
9	Vetch (हुलगा)	2500-0	0-2-0	
	Rabi			
10	Jowari	131518-0	0-8-0	
11	Karadi	3500-0	0-1-0	
12	Gram	2500-0	0-8-0	
13	Wheat	7143-34	0-6-0	
14	Linseed	1702-23	0-3-0	
		4,72,899-18		

APPENDIX—XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains.

Articles.	During past year.		During present year.		Remarks.
	Lbs.	Tolas.	Lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari	40	20	30	0	
Bajree	36	0	33	0	
Wheat	24	0	21	0	
Rice	13	32	14	25	
Tur-Dall	12	1	15	30	

APPENDIX—XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works, during the year 1916–17.

Description of Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1 Repairs to Schools	...	...	...	...	387	387	387	
2 Repairs to State Buildings	...	1113	1113	...	...	...	1113	
3 Water supply	...	412	412	...	2	2	414	
4 Repairs to roads...	2160	...	2160	2646	1362	4008	6168	
5 Chawris	...	187	187	...	...	...	187	
6 Cattle Pounds	...	...	...	...	70	70	70	
7 Ground rent of the site at Bijapur for a Bungalow..	...	...	77	...	...	...	77	
8 Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	
Total	2160	1712	3949	2646	1821	4567	8516	
Establishments :—								
1 Public Work ⅓	...	...	351	...	...	702	1053	
2 Guest House	...	...	600	...	...	...	600	
3 Medical ½	...	...	...	...	...	2482	2482	
4 Vaccination	...	...	...	...	...	876	876	
5 Education ½	...	...	...	...	...	5008	5008	
6 Pay of Salutri	...	...	...	...	...	150	150	
7 Cattle on L. F. Esta.	...	...	...	...	...	532	532	
9 Remuneration to V. O. on Local Fund Collections —Do— Pound keepers	...	...	...	...	...	674	674	
Total	...	...	951	...	...	10424	11375	
Grand Total	...	...	4900	...	...	14991	19891	

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural stock in the Jath State during the year 1916–1917.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying	
				Male.	Female.										
Jath (including Daflapur)	1916–17	24770	19212	2167	4165	811			193	65772	5940	2426	35	1873	

APPENDIX XXI

Statement showing the excise revenue of the Jath State during the year 1916–1917 .

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja		Tari.		Total		Remarks.
	Number of Shops.	Revenue	Number of Shops	Revenue	Number of Shops	Revenue	Number of Shops	Revenue	Number of Shops	Revenue	
				Rs		Rs.		Rs		Rs	
Jath (including Daflapur.)	2	Information not available.	4	906	3	0	4	0	13	906	

Statement showing the Receipts and Disbursements

RECEIPTS

No.	Items.	1915–1916	1916–1917	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening balance.				
	State	63,785	54,953	0	8,833
	Local Fund	3,247	2,708	0	539
	Total ...	67,033	57,661	0	9,372
1	Land Revenue	2,08,025	1,89,961	0	18,064
2	Sayar Revenue	10,678	7,420	0	3,258
3	Law and Justice	1,196	915	0	281
4	Police	43	61	18	0
5	Jail	0	0	0	0
6	Registration	2,245	2,772	527	0
7	Stamps	7,460	8,797	1,337	0
8	Interest	4,285	2,967	0	1,318
9	Forest	200	442	242	0
10	Public Works	23	0	0	23
11	Miscellaneous	949	109	0	840
12	Local Funds	15,546	14,452	0	1,094
13	School Receipts	8	3	0	5
14	Khasgi	5,647	6,306	659	0
15	Deshmukhi	20,628	19,116	0	1,512
16	Khawaskhani	18,761	16,020	0	2,741
17	Loans	0	0	0	0
18	Advance } Tagai ...	19,139	8,518	0	10,621
	Advance } Advance ...	0	0	0	0
19	Deposits	3,640	6,448	2,808	0
20	Pension Fund	3,665	6,257	2,592	0
	Total ...	3,22,138	2,90,564	8,183	39,757
	Alienated Lands ...	22,592	22,542	0	50
	Total ...	3,44,730	3,13,106	8,183	39,807
	Grand Total with balance	4,11,763	3,70,767	8,183	49,179

of the Jath State including those of Daflapur during the year 1916-1917.

DISBURSEMENTS.

No.	Items.	1915-16	1916-17	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Refund	188	242	54	0
2	Administration	8,559	8,652	93	0
3	Land Revenue	28,263	26,053	0	2,210
4	Law and Justice	6,630	7,016	386	0
5	Police	15,788	13,655	0	2,133
6	Jail	2,477	2.646	169	0
7	Medical ½	2,886	2,482	0	404
8	Post	308	407	99	0
9	Forest	2,466	2,224	0	242
10	Stamps	182	479	297	0
11	Registration	333	480	147	0
12	Education ½	5,754	5,008	0	746
13	Public Works	11,367	4.900	0	6,467
14	Nemnuks and Pension etc. ...	38,497	38,200	0	297
15	Assignments under Treaties and engagements ...	12,205	12,205	0	0
16	Local Funds	14,961	14,991	30	0
17	Miscellaneous	3,846	2,245	0	1,601
18	Liquidation of debt ...	92,625	67,182	0	25,443
19	Domestic charges	34188	46,477	12,289	0
20	Khasgi	28,777	25,867	0	2,910
21	Deshmukhi	3,837	4,190	353	0
22	Khawaskhani	2,578	2,433	0	145
23	Advance } Tagai ...	2,642	0	0	2,642
	Advance } Advances ...	6,874	138	0	6,736
24	Deposits	4,245	695	0	3,550
25	Plague expenses	189	24	0	165
26	Contribution to the pension Fund	395	395	0	0
27	Acting & Travelling allowance to State Servants ...	450	307	0	143
28	War Loan	0	2,500	2,500	0
	Total ...	3,31,510	2,92,093	16,417	55,834
	Alienated Lands ...	22,592	22,542	0	50
	Total ...	3,54,102	3,14,635	16,417	55,884
	Closing balance ...	57,661	56,132	0	1,529
	Total ...	4,11,763	3,70,767	16,417	57,413

APPENDIX—XXIII.

STATEMENT of medical relief afforded in the Jath State during the year 1917–18.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated		Result of indoor patients.				Expenditure	Daily Average	Remarks
	Outdoor	Indoor	Dis-charged	Absented	Died	Remaining under treatment			
Jath	6263	12	9	3	...	...	Rs. * 4964	68	* Includes Rs 870 of Daflapur

APPENDIX—XXIV.

Vital statistics of Jath State for the year 1916–17.

Name	Population	Births		Increase	Decrease	Deaths		Increase	Decrease	Ratio per 1000 of population				Remarks
										Births		Deaths		
		Past year	Present year			Past year	Present years			Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
Jath State (including Daflapur)	78,643	4,169	3,418	0	751	2,601	2,715	114	...	53·1	43·4	33·7	34·5	

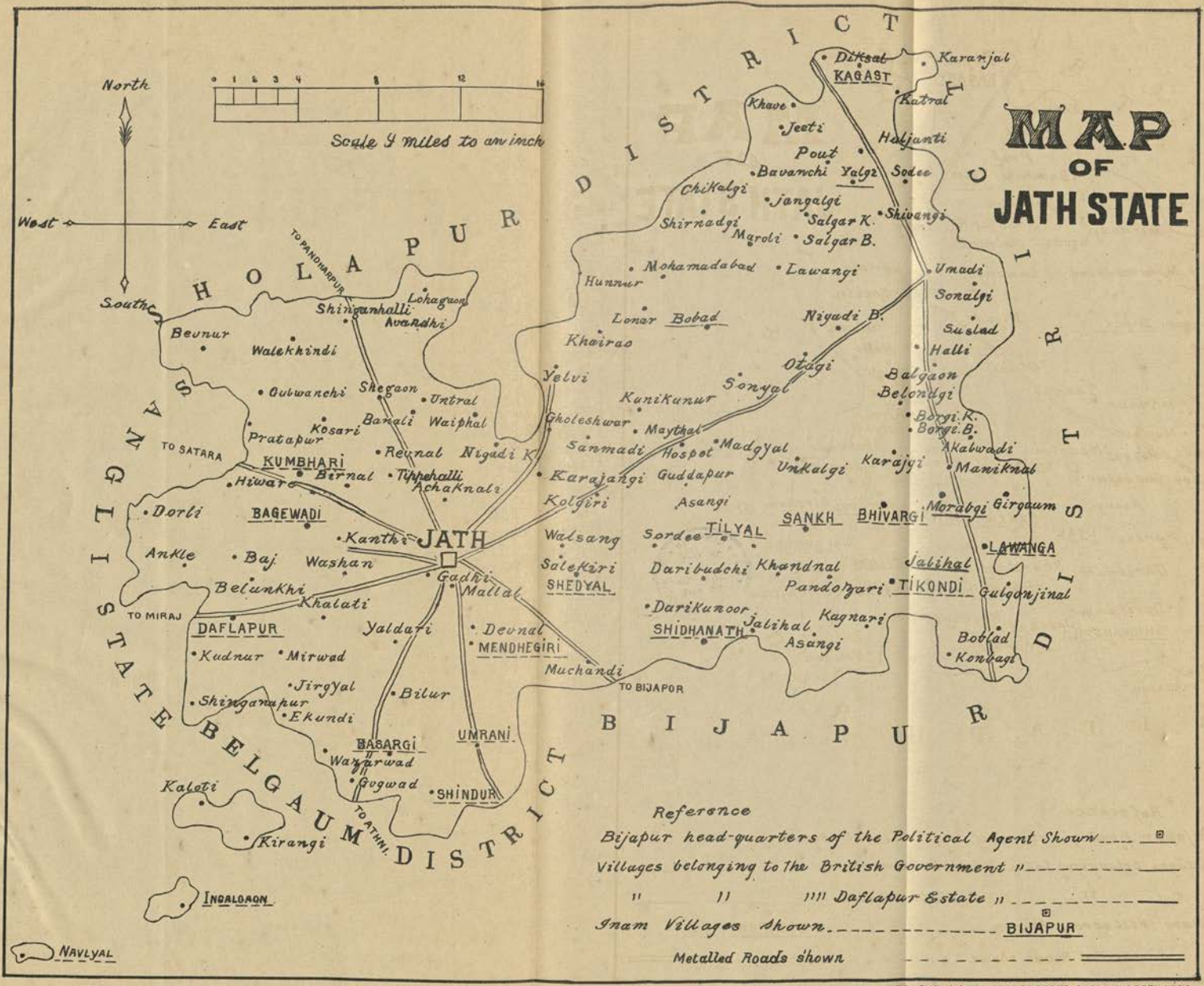
APPENDIX—XXV.

PARTICULARS as to the Schools maintained by the Jath State for the year 1916 -1917.

Number of Schools		Description of Schools	Number of pupils on roll on 31st May		Daily average attendance		Expenditure			Remarks
Past year	Present year		Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	High School	Secondary	Primary	
								Rs.	Rs.	
34	35	1 Anglo-Vernacular School ...	1397	1462	951	963	0	2,558	7,458	
		2 Girls' Schools								
		1 Veda School								
		29 Marathi Schools								
		2 Low Caste Schools								
		35								

Jath,
15th September 1917.

S R. Tirodkar,
State Karbhari of Jath.



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No. 667 of 1918.

From

Raobahadur S. R. Tirodkar,

State Karbhari of Jath.

To

J. K. N. Kabraji, Esquire,

C. S.,

Political Agent, Bijapur.

Jath, 31 July 1918.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit, by direction of the Chief, the Administration Report of the Jath State for the year 1917-18 or Fasli year 1327 ending on the 6th June 1918.

Chapter I

General and Political.

2. The Jath State comprises 119 villages. It has an area of 980.8 square miles and a population numbering 78,643 according to the Census of 1911. The gross revenue of the State based on the average of the past five years excluding Inam adjustments is Rs. 2,46,828. The average adjustment of Service Inams is Rs. 29,307.

3. The State pays an annual tribute of Rs. 6,400 for Horse Contingent and Rs. 4,847 on account of Sirdeshmukhi rights to the British Government.

4. The Chief Meherban Ramrao Amritrao *alias* Aba Saheb Dafle completed his 32 years on 10th January 1918. He is a Treaty Chief and a First Class Deccan Sardar. He is married to Shrimant Bhagirathibai Saheb, 2nd daughter of the late Chief of Akalkot. She is 27 years of age.

5. The Chief has two sons and two daughters. The elder son's name is Kumar Vijayasing *alias* Baba Saheb and the younger son is named Ajitsing *alias* Bhao Saheb. They are respectively 9 and 6 years old. The ages of the daughters Kumaris Pramila Raje *alias* Aka Saheb and Kamala Raje are respectively 8 and 3 years.

6. The Kumars and their sister Pramila Raje are being carefully educated. Kumar Baba Saheb has completed his 4th Marathi Standard and is now learning the 1st English Standard. His younger brother Kumar Bhao Saheb is studying the 1st Marathi Standard, and Shrimati Aka Saheb is learning the 3rd Marathi Standard. The progress of all of them is very satisfactory. The Chief and his family are all in excellent health.

7. Bai Anandibai alias Mai Saheb, junior widow of the late Chief, is living at Jath. Her daughter Shrimant Yeshodabai *alias* Aka Sahab is married to Sardar Pratapsing Bhosle of Satara. Both are doing well.

8. The Political Agent did not visit the State during the year.

134827

9. On the 29th July 1917, the Chief went to Bijapur to pay official visit to Mr. Namjoshi, who was acting for you, returning to Jath in the evening.

10. On the 30th of August 1917, the Chief held a Special Darbar at Jath and in suitable terms congratulated Dnyanu Shinde, Lance Naik, a resident of the State, on his getting the Indian Order of Merit and rewarded him by the grant of Inam land in appreciation of the bravery shown by him.

11. On the 4th September 1917, the Chief attended the Garden Party held at Government House Ganeshkhind, Poona, having left Jath on the 3rd Idem.

12. Sir Parashramrao Bhao Saheb, K. C. I. E., Chief of Jamkhandi, came to Jath on the 11th October 1917 on a private visit to the Chief and left on the 15th. During his stay, the Jath State subjects presented him an address of welcome.

13. On the 8th December 1917, the Chief attended the Opening Ceremony of the Willingdon Sports Club in Bombay.

14. On the 12th December 1917 the "Our Day" was celebrated at Jath with great enthusiasm in which the Chief took a deep personal interest. The English and Vernacular School boys gave a theatrical performance which drew a large gathering and which proved a great success.

15. The " Our Day " celebrations were also held throughout the State and all classes of people heartily joined in making the " Our Day " a success. A subscription was raised in the State to which all subscribed according to their means and the amount realized, including the sum contributed by the Chief, in aid of the Fund was sent to the Secretary " Our Day " Committee in Bombay.

16. Owing to the sudden outbreak of plague at Jath, the Chief had to leave the capital for Bombay on the 16th of January 1918 with his family. He remained in Bombay till the end of March after which he went to Lonavla for the usual summer season, returning to Jath on the 19th of May 1918.

17. The terrible European war is still dragging its bloody length along but it is coming nearer to its end and there is not the least doubt that Great Britain and her Allies who are engaged in this tremendous conflict will ultimately win a complete victory over their merciless foe and ensure ever-lasting peace to the world.

18. As stated in the last year's Report, this State and its subjects have already made liberal contributions to the First War Loan and the Chief has exhorted all his subjects to render similar assistance to the Second War Loan, the terms of which have been recently announced by the Government of India, and he feels quite confident that the subjects of this State will give a practical proof of their loyalty to their Sovereign by subscribing generously to the Fund.

19. In regard to the supply of recruits, the Chief has from time to time given ample concessions and encouragement in various ways to the people to offer their services either as Combatants or Non-combatants but he feels a keen disappointment at the poor response the people of the State have given as during the year under report only 11 recruits availed themselves of the concessions, of whom 10 were declared eligible for Military Service and one discharged as unfit.

20. In order to make recruiting popular and attract more recruits, the Chief has announced the following alternative concessions, namely:—

(1) that in addition to the concessions already granted and referred to in para 19 of the last year's Report, each recruit on enlistment will get Rs. 50 cash; or

(2) that he will be granted Rs. 150 on enlistment with a pension of Rs. 3 P.M. to whomsoever he may select during the continuance of the war.

The Chief trusts that the stimulus offered by the above concessions will meet with ready response. The State is thus doing all it can with its very limited means to make recruiting popular.

21. Mr. A. M. Masurkar, Mamlatdar of Jath, has been working as District Assistant Recruiting Officer in the State throughout the year.

22. The following donations were made during the year by the Chief :—

Rs. 50 annual grant to Sheppard After-Care fund.

Rs. 150 to the Exhibition of Food-stuffs held in Bombay in November last through Mrs. Wild, wife of the District Judge, Bijapur. Some woollen rugs or numdas made in the State were also sent for Exhibition through the same lady.

The Chief had been to Bombay to see the Exhibition.

23. In addition, the Chief gave a donation of Rs. 300 to the Queen Mary's Technical School for disabled Indian Soldiers and also presented to the said School on behalf of the State and its subjects, on the 1st March 1918, a Krip Motor for enabling the Soldier pupils to learn Motor driving.

24. Appendix I gives the names of the principal Officers of the State.

Chapter II

Administration of Land.

25. The original survey rates of all the lands in the State including 13 Alienated villages were increased by 25 P. C. in 1910. The rates are guaranteed for 15 years. During the year the six villages forming the Daflapur Estate were brought under the 25 P. C. increased assessment.

26. The total area of arable waste land at the beginning of the year under report was 2,671 acres and 16 gunthas. Out of this, 292 acres and 34 gunthas were taken up for cultivation during the year as compared with 84 acres and 11 gunthas in the previous year. 72 acres and 23 gunthas were thrown out of cultivation as against 754 acres and 23 gunthas last year. The net area of waste land at the end of the year was 2,451 acres and 5 gunthas.

27. Seventy seven Inam cases under the Inam Rules were settled during the year under review as against 50 last year. A Special Officer has been appointed for the disposal of Inam cases and the work will occupy nearly 3 years.

28. There were no boundary disputes to be settled during the year under report.

29. The Record of Rights' work which had been commenced in 1916 in the State was brought to completion during the year.

30. There were during the year under report 13 Minors' Estates under the care of the State. They are carefully looked after by the Awal Karkun who is appointed Wahiwatdar of the Estates.

31. The Land Revenue demand including Local Funds according to the Jamabandi of the year amounted to Rs. 1,75,670 against Rs. 1,73,872 of the preceding year. The total amount for collection including arrears during the year was Rs. 2,12,352 as compared with Rs. 2,01,610 of the last year, of which Rs. 1,76,643 were collected against Rs. 1,71,804 of the previous year Rs. 1,535 were written off as irrecoverable and the arrears to be recovered at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 34,174.

32. The Jamabandi of Land Revenue for the year of the Deshmukhi, Khavaskhani and Khasgi Estates amounted to Rs. 39,238. The arrears to be collected of past years were Rs. 15,107, thus bringing the total amount for collection during the year to Rs. 54,345. Out of this amount, Rs. 41,784 including arrears were collected during the year and Rs. 216 had to be written off as irrecoverable leaving arrears of Rs. 12,345 at the close of the year.

33. No tagai advances were granted during the year as there was no demand for them owing to the existence of the People's Bank at Jath which was greatly and freely availed of by the public.

34. The total amount of arrears of tagai advanced in previous years with accumulated interest amounted to Rs. 33,141, of which Rs. 13,162 were recovered (Rs. 10,252 Principal + Rs. 2,910 Interest), leaving balance of Rs. 19,979 at the close of the year. Of this amount, Rs. 18,931 were under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Rs. 1,048 under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

35. Full facilities were given to cultivators for the payment of the Land Revenue and so in the majority of cases, Land Revenue was paid by the ryots easily and in a few cases on service of notice. Coercive measures had to be resorted to only in 23 cases by attachment of moveable property under Section 154 for the recovery of Rs. 1,346 as the defaulters contumaciously withheld payment of Land Revenue but they too paid their dues before the sale of the attached property.

Chapter III

36. Legislation:—Appendix II shows the Laws in force in the State. Bombay Act No. IV of 1913 (An Act to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code) was introduced during the year under report.

Military Force.

37. There is no Military Force in the State.

38. Detailed information regarding the total strength, cost &c. of the Police is given in Appendix IV. The total strength of the Police in the State was 120 as against 119 in the last year viz: 1 Sub-Inspector, 21 Head Constables

including two Jamadars, 85 Constables, 6 Sowars, 2 Camel Sowars, and 5 Recruits. During the year, one post of Sub-Inspector was reduced and one place of Head Constable and another of Sowar were newly created.

39. Twenty six of the Policemen are armed with bored out Martini Henry Rifles and 26 with Muzzle Loaders and all have been provided with batons. The armed Police are distributed as under:—

25 are employed on guard duty at the Chief's Bungalow, the Jail, the Treasury and the old palace.

27 are employed on the several Out-posts for detection and prevention of crime.

40. The Sowars are provided with swords and lances and they are employed on escort and other miscellaneous duties, such as, night patrolling and as body-guards on ceremonial occasions.

41. The total expenditure on the Police Department amounted to Rs. 14,295 as against Rs. 13,655 in the previous year, the increase being due to the supply of clothing and other articles to the Police during the year.

42. During the year under report, 10 Constables were departmentally punished and 2 were awarded money rewards against 14 and 12 respectively of the preceding year.

43. Out of the whole Police Force, 61 against 62 of the last year are able to read and write and the rest are illiterate.

All the men are instructed in drill.

44. The results of the working of the Police are given in Appendices V, VI and VII.

45. Including the balance of 9 of the preceding year, the total number of cases for disposal was 124 against 107 of the previous year. Of these, 62 against 65 were struck off the file, 25 against 33 were brought before the Magistrates and 37 against 9 remained under investigation with the Police at the end of the year.

46. The Police arrested 64 persons of whom 56 were sent up to the Magistrates in connection with the above 25 cases against 60 in the previous year and 8 persons remained under Police investigation at the end of the year. Out of 56 persons, 27 against 18 were convicted, 18 against 27 acquitted or discharged and 11 against 14 remained under trial at the close of the year.

47. The percentage of persons convicted to the number arrested and sent for trial was 42 and 32 against 40 and 40 in the last year.

48. The value of the property stolen and recovered during the year under report was Rs. 7,510 and Rs. 2,372 against Rs. 2,213 and Rs. 1,066 in the previous year, giving a percentage of 31.6 against 48.6 of the last year.

49. The ratio of the Police to the area is 1 to every 8 square miles and that to the population is 1 to 639 persons.

50. During the year under report, no case of murder was reported. There were 2 cases of culpable homicide not amounting to murder with six accused involved, all of whom remained in the Sessions Court at the close of the year.

51. There were two cases of dacoity reported during the year. Including the 1 case of dacoity pending in the Sessions Court at the close of the last year, there were 3 cases for disposal before the Sessions Court. In connection with these 3 cases, 5 persons were apprehended, out of whom 3 were convicted, 1 discharged and 1 remained under trial at the end of the year.

In para 47 of the last year's Report, the three persons concerned in the dacoity were wrongly shown as convicted instead of being shown as pending trial in the Court of Session. The three accused were convicted in the year of report. The mistake is to be greatly regretted.

52. The number of accidental deaths during the year was 30 against 52 of the last year.

53. No bad characters were dealt with under Chapter VIII, Criminal Procedure Code. Out of the 10 persons who remained under trial in the District Magistrate's Court at the end of the last year, 7 were convicted and 3 were acquitted for want of sufficient evidence.

54. No cases of incendiarism were reported during the year. One case with two persons in it which had remained awaiting trial at the close of the last year was disposed of during the year, the accused being discharged.

55. During the year, property worth Rs. 1,800 against Rs. 1,000 was accidentally destroyed by fire.

56. Village Police:—The number of Village Police remained the same as last year. They assisted the District Police in the detection and prevention of crime. Some of these work partly on service lands and partly on remuneration in cash.

Criminal Tribes.

57. The only Criminal Tribes in the State are those mentioned in para 52 of the last year's Report. In order to restrict their movements and keep them under proper check, Rules have been framed and a register of all male adults is being prepared.

The Children of the Haranshikaris are receiving education at the expenses of the State.

58. The number of Criminal Courts at work in the State in the year under report was 6. The details of their work is given in Appendix VIII.

59. The total number of offences that came up for trial before these Courts for the year under report was 251 with 511 accused persons including the 22 from the last year against 257 with 578 persons involved in the preceding year. Of these, the Police arrested 59 against 63 on their own initiative; 40 against 44 were arrested upon warrants; 388 against 429 appeared on summonses; 2 against 7 surrendered themselves for trial and none against 11 in the last year was arrested in the presence of the Magistrates.

60. Of the 511 persons for disposal before the Criminal Courts, 67 against 114 were discharged and 313 against 342 were acquitted; 113 against 89 convicted, I against the same number died during trial and 17 remained awaiting trial at the end of the year.

61. The amount of fine inflicted by the several Courts during the year was Rs. 955 against Rs. 910 in the previous year. Including the unrecovered amount of fine of Rs. 220 remaining at the close of the last year, the total amount for recovery during the year was Rs. 1,175. Out of this, Rs. 770 were recovered and Rs. 405 remained as balance at the end of the year.

Appellate Work.

62. The number of Criminal Appellate Courts during the year was the same as last year, namely-2. The particulars of the work done by these Courts are given in Appendix IX.

63. The Chief's Court had before it one appeal against nil in the previous year in which the decision of the Lower Court was reversed.

64. The District Magistrate's Court had before it 7 appeals against 20 in the previous year. Of these I was confirmed, 2 were modified, 2 were reversed and 2 were rejected against 4, 5, 7 and 4 respectively in the previous year.

Besides these, 2 Revision applications against 4 in the preceding year were disposed of by the Chief's Court during the year under report.

Civil Justice.

65. The work done by the Civil Courts during the year under report is given in Appendices X and XI. The number of Courts at work during the year was 2 as against 3 in the preceding year, the decrease of 1 being due to the abolition of the 1st Class Sub-Judge's Court at Daflapur in consequence of the amalgamation of the Daflapur Estate with the Jath State on the demise of its Ruler. There was no case before the 1st Class Sub-Judge during the year under report. The work done by the 2nd Class Sub-Judge's Court is summarised below:-

66. The number of suits filed in this Court was 206 and with the balance of 94 suits standing over for disposal at the end of the last year brings up the total of suits for disposal to 300 against 292 of the previous year. Of these, 197 suits against 198 were decided during the year, leaving a balance of 103 against 94 at the close of the year.

67. The number of suits regarding immoveable property was 129 against 139 of the preceding year, while the number of suits regarding money transactions was 77 against 98 of the last year.

68. The average duration of suits was 5 months and 18 days against 5 months and 28 days of the last year.

69. The value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 26,029 as against Rs. 24,593 and the value of suits disposed of was Rs. 25,440 as against Rs. 20,670 of the preceding year.

Appellate Work.

70. The Appellate Court at work during the year was the same as last year viz: 1 the Chief's Court.

71. Appendix XII gives the work done by the Appellate Court. The total number of appeals for disposal by this Court including the balance of 7 of the preceding year was 13 against 27 of the previous year. Of these, 11 against 20 were disposed of leaving a balance of 2 against 7 at the end of the year.

72. The Chief's Court exercises the powers of the High Court as well as those of the District Judge. Only one appeal lies to this Court against the decisions of the Lower Court. The average duration of appeals was 2 months and 20 days as against 8 months and 5 days.

Execution of Decrees.

73. The number of applications for the execution of decrees during the year including the balance of 138 remaining at the close of the last year was 288 against 303 of the previous year. Of these, 149 were disposed of in the course of the year as against 158 leaving a balance of 139 against 138 at the close of the year.

Mamlatdar's Courts Act.

74. During the year under report, the Mamlatdar's Court disposed of 11 suits as against 15 in the previous year. The average duration of suits was 25 days against 2 months and 12 days in the previous year.

75. There were 3 applications for revision to the Collector in one of which, the Mamlatdar's order was confirmed, in the other the application was dismissed as time-barred, and in the third the case was sent for further enquiry.

One revision application was made to the Chief against the Mamlatdar's order and it remained pending at the close of the year.

Extradition.

76. The extradition of 3 persons against the same number was obtained from the British District and that none against one from Native States. Of the 3 persons so obtained, 2 were acquitted or discharged and one remained under trial at the close of the year.

4 persons were surrendered to the British Government and none to Native States.

Prisons.

77. The Jail building at Jath is an airy strong stone building sufficient to accomodate 50 prisoners. The whole building is properly lighted and well ventilated.

78. Twenty five prisoners against 26 were admitted into the Jail during the year under report. They with 34 prisoners remaining over at the close of the last year bring up the total to 59 as compared with 64 in the previous year. Of these, 32 prisoners were either released on the expiry of their sentences

or on appeals, one prisoner – a female convict by name Jakawa died of heart failure, 4 were released on special occasions and 22 against 34 prisoners remained in the Jail at the end of the year. There were 19 prisoners under medical treatment but all except one were cured. The health of the prisoners was generally fair.

79. The prisoners are employed on the Polo ground, Water Pump, the State Press and in the State gardens.

80. Jail Regulations are strictly observed in the Jail and remission system continues in force.

81. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 2,806 against Rs. 2,646 of the previous year.

82. The annual cost per head of the dietary charges came to Rs. 48 against Rs. 33 in the preceding year.

83. There is one Lock-up for under-trial prisoners. There was 1 prisoner in it at the close of the last year. During the year under report, 35 against 54 under-trial prisoners were admitted in the Lock-up. Of these, 30 under-trial prisoners were either convicted or discharged and 6 remained in the Lock-up at the end of the year.

Registration.

84. The details of the work done by the Registration Department are given in Appendices XIV and XV. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year under report was 712 against 793 in the previous year all of which were registered. The total value of documents registered was Rs. 2,07,329 as against Rs. 2,27,780 in the preceding year. The receipts and expenditure of the Registration Department amounted respectively to Rs. 2,489 and Rs. 465 against Rs. 2,772 and Rs. 480 in the preceding year.

Municipality.

85. There is one Municipality at Jath which consists of 12 nominated members with the State Karbhari as President. Information regarding its receipts and expenditure is given in Appendix XVI. The receipts for the year under report amounted to Rs. 3,104 against Rs. 3,420 and the expenditure to Rs. 2,886 against Rs. 3,857 in the previous year. The closing balance of the current year was Rs 725 as compared with Rs. 507 of the last year. The financial condition of the Municipality is not sound but it continues to do good work with its small income.

86. The principal sources of income of the Municipality are House-tax, Sanitary cess, Singoti-tax (fees on the sale of cattle) and cess on exported goods. Proposals for extending elective franchise to this Municipality are under consideration.

87. Strict attention is paid to sanitation and the conservancy arrangements in the town.

Chapter IV

Production and Distribution.

88. Weather, crops and rainfall:—Appendix XVII gives figures of rainfall at Jath during the year under review. The total rainfall from April 1917 to March

1918 was 24 inches and 83 cents as against 39 inches and 83 cents of the corresponding previous period. The average of past five years comes to 26 inches and 18 cents.

89. The year's rainfall was plentiful but was not seasonable. In June there was more than 3 inches of rain and it was enough for Kharip sowing, and with the rain in July the crops promised to thrive well but the continuous and excessive rain in August, September and October considerably damaged the standing crops except those in the eastern part of the State, the average out-turn being barely 4 annas. The Rabi crops also suffered to a great extent. The heavy showers in September and October retarded for some time the work of the sowing of Rabi crops which, however, were sown and they seemed promising at the beginning but owing to the very scanty rain in November and the total disappearance of it thereafter, they yielded a poor out-turn. The yield of cotton crop, however, was exceptionally good this year. The market also was brisk and people got more money. They were consequently able to pay Land Revenue easily and without coercive measures being resorted to.

90. Appendix XVII-A gives the area cultivated in Kharip and Rabi with different crops. The anna valuation of the principal Kharip and Rabi crops is given below:—

Name of crop.	Anna Valuation.	
	Last year.	Current year.
1 Bajri	0-2 0	0-4-0
2 Jowari	0-8-0	0-6-0
3 Wheat	0-6-0	0-8-0
4 Cotton	0-4-0	0-14-0
5 Gram	0-8-0	0-6-0
6 Rice	0-4-0	0-6-0
7 Tur Dal	0-2-0	0-1-0

It will be seen that except Cotton the other crops were poor.

91. Appendix XVIII compares the prices of staple food grains in the year under report. The prices of all the food grains have considerably risen.

92. The information regarding the agricultural stock is given in Appendix XX. Owing to a large area being sown with cotton, there was not sufficient supply of kadbi. Yet the ryots managed with the stock they had in store. The condition of the agricultural cattle was fair and the supply of drinking water was sufficient.

93. Wages and labour:- There was little change in the daily wages of labour. The wages of skilled labour ranged between 12 and 14 annas and those of unskilled labour between 5 and 6 annas. There was keen demand for labour throughout the year.

94. Forest :— The total Forest area at the end of the last year was 38,114 acres and 30 gunthas. Of this,3,740acres and 11 gunthas have been included in the Reserved Forests and the rest constitute pasture lands. Seeds of Babul, Limb and other forest trees are annually being planted in the Closed Forests and young plants are thriving well.

95. The revenue derived from grazing fees amounted to Rs. 10,323 and that derived from sale of grass, wood and fuel &c. in the Reserved Forests amounted to Rs. 263. The total forest receipts during the year were Rs. 10,586 as against Rs. 11,879 in the previous year. The expenditure of the Forest Department amounted to Rs. 2,006 against Rs. 2,224 in the preceding year.

The Forest of the State contains rocky soil and unarable land fit for the use of pasture only.

96. Post Offices:-There is one combined Sub-Post and Telegraph Office at Jath with two Postal lines—one to Miraj and the other to Bijapur. There are besides two Branch Post Offices—one at Daflapur and another at Umdi.

97. There is no Mint in the State.

General Condition of State and the People.

98. The rainfall though sufficient in quantity was partly unseasonable and proved injurious to both crops, yielding a poor out-turn but the high prices of cotton and other staple food grains enabled the ryots to pay land Revenue without pressure and to live fairly well.

Plague broke out at Jath and 39 Villages. The epidemic was of virulent type and caused great havoc as out of 862 persons attacked, 622 succumbed to the epidemic. Inoculation and segragation were resorted to and medical aid was freely given. Cholera also appeared in 24 villages and carried away 331 victims. Chicken-pox too appeared in 2 villages but did not do much harm. The public health was generally fair and the condition of the agriculturists was almost the same as last year. Owing, however, to the increase in the rates of wages of ordinary labour, the labouring classes fared well.

99. Consumption of Liquor:—There are 3 Country liquor shops - 1 at Jath, 1 at Umrani and 1 at Utgi. Besides these, there are 4 toddy shops as Jath, Birul, Daflapur and Sankh - one at each. The sales of country liquor and toddy at these shops during the year were 2,303 gallons and 12 drams and 6,235 gallons and 16 drams respectively. The State receives annually Rs. 5,150 as compensation from the British Government for the right of manufacture and sale of country liquor and toddy leased to them. The present lease is for three years ending 31st July 1918.

100. By Government Resolution No. 4082, dated the 27th May 1917, Political Department, the amount of compensation payable for the lease of Hemp Drugs has been revised but the revised amount due to this State under the new arrangement has not yet been communicated.

Trade and Manufacture.

101. Trade:—There is no trade worth the name in the State and there is but little hope of its increasing owing to the isolation of the State from Railway communication. As stated in the last year's Report, the State abounds in Tarwad and Babul trees, the bark of which is used in tanning. Bajri, jowari, wheat, gram, cotton, and betel leaves are exported, and rice, spices salt, jogri and kerosine oil are imported.

102. Manufacture :-- In some places coarse country blankets and rough cloth are manufactured. Brass pots and carpets are made at Umdi and Hospet produces felt rugs; but the trade of these articles is declining.

Public Works.

103. Appendix XIX gives details of expenditure from the State and Local Funds on public works. Out of the total expenditure of Rs. 24,070, Rs. 6,518 were spent on original buildings, namely, the Laboratory building for the English School (Rs. 4,409), Extension to the Chief's bungalow (Rs. 955) and the Cattle-shed in Inam Mala (Rs. 1,154). The Laboratory building was not completed at the close of the year. Rs. 4,199 were expended on constructing the Daflapur-Kokla Road and on maintenance and repairs of Jath-Daflapur and Jath-Bijapur Roads. Usual repairs were made to public offices, Schools and Dharmshala buildings at a cost of Rs. 1,513, and the balance was spent in meeting the charges of the Educational, Medical, Sanitary and Local Fund Establishments &c.

Revenue and Finance.

104. Appendix XXII compares the receipts and expenditure of the State for the year under report.

105. The gross revenue of the State exclusive of Inam adjustments for the year under report was Rs. 2,99,592 against Rs. 2,90,564 of the previous year, the increase of Rs. 9,028 being due to the large amount of land revenue collected during the year.

106. The total expenditure of the year was Rs. 3,06,596 as against Rs. 2,92,093 of the last year showing an increase of Rs. 14,503. The causes of increases and decreases in expenditure are explained below:--

XIX- Nemnuks and Pensions:—The increase is due to the amounts of pensions and nemnuks granted to the dependents &c. of the late Rani Bai Saheb of Daflapur.

XXI-Local Funds:—The increase is attributed to the outlay on Laboratory Building.

XX-Khasgi :—The purchase of a Motor and the large excess under Paga account for the increase under this head.

XXIII-Advances :-The increase is nominal the item being fluctuating and needs no explanation.

Decrease.

XVIII-Liquidation - Due to the payment of Government debt in the preceding year.

107. The only guaranteed debt remaining to be paid at the close of the last year was Rs. 75,000 due to Shrimant Rani Saheb of Jath. Out of this, Rs. 20,000 as principal and Rs. 2,625 as interest were paid during the year.

Medical Relief and Vital Statistics.

108 There is one Dispensary at Jath. The Chief Medical Officer is in charge of the Dispensary. He is assisted by one Hospital Assistant and two Compounders. Medical aid is freely given at this Institution. Appendix XXIII shows t he work done at the Dispensary.

109. The total number of patients treated at the Dispensary was 5,546 as against 6,275 of the past year and the daily average attendance was 49 as against 68 in the previous year. The expenditure incurred on the Medical Department was Rs. 4,377 against Rs. 4,964 i. e. Rs. 587 less than in the previous year.

110. The prevailing diseases during the year were malarial fever, bowel complaints, eye diseases, cough, diarrhoea and worms &c.

111. Vaccination :—The number of Vaccinators working in the State was the same as last year viz. 2. The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration Circle, Belgaum, superintends the work of vaccination in the State.

112. The number of children vaccinated during the year was 3.910 against 2,901 of the previous year. Compared with the last year the number vaccinated is greater which is due to the popularity of the Vaccinators. Out of the number 3,910 vaccinated, 305 proved unsuccessful. Calf lymph is in use for which the State pays Rs. 79 a year. The total expenditure on Vaccination Department amounted to Rs. 910.

113. Appendix XXIV appertains to Vital Statistics. The total number of births and deaths was 2,912 and 2,927 against 3,418 and 2,715 of the last year. The birth and death rates per mille of population was 37 and 37.2 against 43.4 and 34.5 respectively of the previous year.

114. Plague :—There was plague at Jath and 39 villages. 852 persons were attacked with plague out of whom 622 died. Inoculation was started at Jath on the outbreak of the epidemic and 611 persons were inoculated. Evacuation was resorted to in all the affected villages and other precautionary measures taken to check the spread of the disease. The epidemic at Jath and some few villages was rather of a virulent type. The total expenditure in connection with epidemic amounted to Rs. 172.

115. Cholera -Cholera appeared in 24 villages. 331 persons fell victims out of the total of 634 attacked.

Education.

116. Appendix XXI gives particulars of schools. The number of State schools at the beginning of the year was 35. Three new schools were opened in the villages—Muchandi, Karajgi and Sindur during the year bringing the total number to 38. Of these, 1 is Anglo-Vernacular School, two are Girls' schools, two low caste, 1 Vedic School and 32 Boys' schools. 13 schools remained temporarily closed for 4 to 6 months on account of the outbreak of plague at those places.

117. The Jath Vernacular School No. 1 and Umdi School sent up respectively 7 and 1 students for the Vernacular Final Examination, all of whom came out successful.

118. The total number of pupils in all the schools during the year was 1,492 against 1,462 in the previous year, the daily average attendance being 816 against 963.

The total expenditure of the Educational Department amounted to Rs. 10,315 against Rs. 10,016 of the last year.

The Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the Bijapur District inspected all the schools except those which had remained closed on account of plague during the year.

Chapter VII.

119. The Jath People's Bank:—The Bank continued to do satisfactory work during the year. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 3,289. The recoveries made during the year out of the amounts advanced to debtors amounted to Rs. 6,916, of which Rs. 5,000 were on account of principal and Rs. 1,916 represented interest. Rs. 1,205 were realized by the sale of new shares. The Bank had thus a capital of Rs. 11,410 for disposal, out of which, Rs. 6,055 were advanced as loan to debtors on the security of immoveable property; Rs. 947 were paid to shareholders as interest; Rs. 126 were credited to the Reserve Fund and Rs. 232 were spent on establishment and printing of forms, leaving a balance of Rs. 4,176 with the Bank at the close of the year.

120. The Institution, small though it is, has proved very useful to the agriculturists and other State subjects who freely avail themselves of it as they get money at low interest.

121. Miscellaneous:—There is one Printing Press maintained by the State and worked by convict labour. Circulars and forms &c. required for the use of the several Departments are printed in the Press.

122. No newspaper or magazine is published in the State.

123. There is one Public Library at Jath supported partly by the State contribution and partly by public subscriptions. The Library is registered. It subscribes to a few magazines and news-papers and possesses a small stock of English and Marathi books.

124. There are no wild animals in the State except wolves and wild boars. There are 6 deaths from snake-bite against 12 of the previous year.

125. Fairs:—The annual fair of Yellamma Goddess was held at Jath in January last and lasted for four days. Owing to the existence of plague at Jath, the fair was not largely attended but the number of cattle brought for sale was considerably large.

126. The cattle show was held as usual at the fair and 27 prizes amounting to Rs. 158 were awarded to selected animals, Bull Ramya of the State Khillar winning the 1st Prize and a Medal.

The fair of Bhairavanath at Birul was held in February last and continued for 3 days. It was fairly attended.

Sanitary and Police arrangements were as usual good at both fairs.

Tour.

127. I visited the greater part of the State, made Jamabandi settlement of the whole State, examined village accounts and enquired into the complaints and wants of the ryots.

Financial Condition.

128. As you are aware, the State has yet to pay a debt of Rs. 55,000 to Shrimant Rani Saheb and until it is paid off, the financial condition of the State will not materially improve. With two more normal years, the State expects to be free from indebtedness. The delay in setting in of the monsoon this year is however causing anxiety.

129. In conclusion, I am desired by the Chief to express his warm gratitude to you for the steady support, sound advice and sympathetic treatment which he has always received from you.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
S. R. TIRODKAR,
State Karbhari of Jath.

APPENDICES

FROM

I To XXV.

1917-18.

APPENDIX—I.

Names of High Officials in the Jath State and Residency Officials, showing changes in personnel during the year 1917–1918.

Names of Officers.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Rao Bahadur S. R. Tirodkar	State Karbhari	12-7-07		
Mr. K. K. Gokhale	Sub-Judge	5-3 06		
Mr. V. J. Gidh-Chapwale, L. M. & S. ...	Chief Medical Officer	17-7-14		
Mr. A. M. Masurkar	Mamlatdar	10-10-04		

APPENDIX-II.

List of Laws in force in the Jath State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
1. So much of Regulation 8 of 1827 as is still in force in the Bombay Presidency.	Yes	Bombay Act No. 4 of 1913 (An Act to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code).	
2. Section 27 of the Bombay Regulation 12 of 1827.			
3. Indian Act No. 45 of 1860 and subsequent Acts amending the same.			
4. Indian Act No. 20 of 1864 Minors ...			
5. " " 6 of 1864 Whipping ...			
6. " " 1 of 1871 Cattle Tresspass ...			
7. " " 9 of 1872 Contract ...			
8. " " 1 of 1872 Evidence ...			
9. " " 10 of 1873 Oaths ...			
10. " " 2 of 1874 Jail ...			
11. " " 1 of 1877 Specific Relief ...			
12. " " 3 of 1877 Registration ...			
13. " " 1 of 1878 Opium ...			
14. " " 11 of 1878 Arms			
15. " " 10 of 1870 Land Acquisition			
16. " " 7 of 1878 Forest			
17. " " 3 of 1897 Epidemic Diseases			
18. " " 6 of 1898 Post Office			
19. " " 13 of 1885 Telegraph	Yes		
20. " " 5 of 1898 Criminal Procedure Code			
21. " " 2 of 1899 Stamp Act with all its amending Acts.			
22. " " 7 of 1870 Court Fees Act with all its amending Acts			
23. " " 12 of 1899 Currency Notes Forgery Act with all its amending Acts			
24. " " 6 of 1908 Explosive			
25. " " 5 of 1908 Civil Procedure Code.			

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Act.	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
26. Indian Act No. 9 of 1908 Limitation ...	Yes	Nil.	
27. „ „ 36 of 1858 Lunacy Act ...			
28. „ „ 16 of 1910 Census ...			
29. „ „ 18 of 1879 with subsequent amending Act No. 9 of 1884 and 11 of 1896, Legal Practitioner's Act ...			
30. „ „ 14 of 1882 Sections 344 to 360 Civil Procedure Code ...			
31. „ „ 3 of 1911 Criminal Tribes Act ...			
32. „ „ 7 of 1889 Succession Certificate ...			
33. Ordinance No. 1 of 1914 The Indian Naval and Military News (Emergency) Ordinance 1914 ...			
34. Ordinance No. III Regulating the arrival in, and departure from, British India of Non-Asiatic Foreigners. ...			
35. Bombay Act No. 8 of 1867 Village Police ...	Yes	Nil.	
36. „ „ 3 of 1874 Vatan Act ...			
37. „ „ 5 of 1886 Amending -Do- ...			
38. „ „ 3 of 1910 Amending -Do- ...			
39. „ „ 5 of 1878 Abkari ...			
40. „ „ 5 of 1879 Land Revenue ...			
41. „ „ 8 of 1866 Sale of poisons ...			
42. „ „ 3 of 1869 Local Funds ...			
43. „ „ 3 of 1875 Tolls ...			
44. „ „ 2 of 1890 Salt Act with the amending Acts ...			
45. „ „ The amendment of Section 84 of Act No. 6 of 1873 made by clause (i) Section 49 of Bombay Act No. 2 of 1874			
46. „ „ 4 of 1890 District Police ...			
47. „ „ 4 of 1912 Amending -Do- ...			
48. „ „ 2 of 1906 Mamlatdars Courts ...			
49. „ „ 3 of 1901 District Municipal ...			
50. „ „ 4 of 1903 Record of Rights ...			

APPENDIX—III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military force in the Jath State.

APPENDIX—IV.

STATEMENT showing the strength cost, discipline and education of the Police for the year 1917-1918.

Description of.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally	Punished judicially.	By promotion	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Police Sub-Inspectors	1	45 + 15	14,295	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Constables of all grades including 6 sowars and 5 recruits	119	20, 18, 15, 12. 10, 9, 8, 7		0	10	0	0	2	60	62	
Total...	120		14,295	0	10	0	0	2	61	62	

APPENDIX—V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Jath State during the year 1917-1918.

State.	Number of offences including the balance of last year		Number of accused arrested		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage of convictions to accused arrested.		Percentage to convictions to accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Jath	107	124	60	* 64	60	56	18	27	27	18	40	42	40	32	* 11 remained under trial and 8 under Police investigation at the close of the year.

APPENDIX—VI.

Statement showing the value of the property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Jath State during the year 1917—18.

State	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath	Rs. 2213	Rs. 7510	Rs. 1066	Rs. 2372	48·6	31·6	

APPENDIX—VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Jath State during the year 1917–18.

Description of Offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted of discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Time of imprisonment.											Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the Present year.	Total.					Imprisonment		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 month.	From 3 to 6 month.	From 6 to 12 month.	From 1 to 2 year.	From 2 to 3 year.	From 3 to 5 year.	Above 5 year.	Transportaion.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
(Cognizable Offences.)																														
1. Criminal breach of trust by public Servant Sec. 409 I. P. C.	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
2. Culpable homicide not amounting to murder Sec. 304 I. P. C.	...	2	2	1	...	6	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	
3. Causing grievous hut Secs. 324 & 325 I. P. C.	...	1	1	7	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Robbery & Kidnapping Secs. 392 & 363 I. P. C.	1	2	3	4	2	7	2	.	2	.	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	
5. Theft Secs. 379 & 380 I. P. Code ...	1	12	13	15	13	19	13	1	8	..	1	3	...	13	6	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6. Dacoity Sec. 395 I. P. Code.... ...	1	2	3	1	2	5	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	
7. Dishonestly receiving stolen property Sec. 411 & 412 I. P. C.	1	2	3	1	3	5	2	...	..	...	...	2	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Mischief by fire Sec. 436 I. P. C. ...	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

9. Criminal trespass & house trespass Secs. 447 & 448 I. P. Code.	...	54	54	46	54	103	20	...	...	...	...	20	...	20	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Miscellaneous....	1	14	15	21	15	28	5	...	...	...	4	1	...	5	23	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total. ..	6	90	95	97	91	177	45	1	13	...	6	26	...	46	120	...	...	2	11	...	2	...	1	2	1	1	...	11
(Non-Cognizable Offences.)																												
1. Giving false information to a public Servant Sec. 182 I. P. C.	...	5	5	...	5	6	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Intentional insult to a public... ... Servant, Sec. 288 I. P. C.	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Causing miscarriage. 312 I. P.Code,	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
4. Hurt Section 323. I P. Code. ...	...	91	91	83	90	187	21	...	...	...	1	20	...	21	162	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
5. Assault or use of criminal force Sec. 352 I. P. Code.	1	7	8	6	8	20	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Enticing a married woman 498 Sec. I. P. Code	...	1	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Mischief Sec. 426 I. P. Code... ..	1	17	18	11	18	31	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	22	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Criminal intimidation Sec. 506 .. I. P. Code.	...	16	16	12	16	28	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Miscellaneous.	...	5	5	15	5	19	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	2	144	146	128	145	295	54	...	1	...	1	52	...	54	236	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	4
Other Acts ...	1	17	18	28	16	39	13	...	1	...	2	10	...	13	24	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Grand Total ...	9	251	260	253	252	511	113	1	15	...	9	88	...	113	380	...	1	6	11	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	17

APPENDIX—VIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1917–1918.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1917–18.					Total.								
		Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Huzur Sessions Court ...	2	6	5	10	2	...	...	...	15	17	...	1	6	...	...	10	
2	District Magistrate's Court...	87	131	7	14	33	212	1	...	174	267	30	163	65	3	1	5	
3	Sub-Judge and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	10	6	...	8	2	...	...	...	26	10	...	...	1	9	...	...	
4	Mamlatdar and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	95	66	9	14	4	90	...	...	228	117	23	75	17	...	...	2	
5	Huzur Chitnis and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	1	9	...	2	...	15	1	...	1	18	...	13	5	...	...	...	
6	Head Karkun and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	48	39	1	21	1	71	...	...	109	94	14	61	19	...	...	...	*56 by District Police.
7	Ist Class Magistrate, Daflapur	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3by Abkari Inspector.
	Total ...	257	251	17	*59	40	388	2	...	578	506	67	312	107	12	1	7	

APPENDIX—IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decision passed by the Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1917–1918.

Tribunals.	Number of application.	Number of person and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed		Referred.		Further enquiry, etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1. Chief of Jath	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. District Magistrate, Jath	7	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...	8	2	2	1	1	2	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX—X.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1917–1918.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remind.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits field during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	Last year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 & under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 & under Rs. 5000.	Number of Suits above Rs. 5000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs	Y. M. D.	
1. 1st Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Do. Dattapur	2	...	50	...	✦25	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
3. 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	54	94	238	206	292	300	198	197	94	103	26029	129	77	...	121	80	4	1	...	24	129	20	24	25440	0-5-18	

✦ 25 Suits were transferred to 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath, on reversion.

APPENDIX—XI.

CIVIL WORK–Results of applications for executions of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1917–1918.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.				
1st Class Sub-Judge, Jath																			
Do. Daflapur... ...	...	...	...	10	...	...	†10	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath...	90	138	19212	203	150	17160	293	288	35869	155	149	13924	138	139	21945	29	40	70	

† 7 Applications were transferred to the 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath, on reversion.

APPENDIX—XII.

CIVIL WORK—Number and result of appeals in civil suits.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of										Average duration.	
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Rs.	Present year. Rs.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Y. M. D.	Present year. Y. M. D.
1. Chief of Jath ...	11	7	16	6	27	13	20	11	7	2	2961	1186	8	9	6	2	2	...	...	...	4	...	0–8–5	0–2–20

APPENDIX—XIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Jath State during the year 1917-1918.

Stations.		Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners. Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total. Past year	Present year.	Daily Average. Past year.	Present year.	Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
										Rs.		
Jath ...	Tried	1	34	25	64	59	38·23	29·5	22	2806	0	One convict died of heart failure.
	Un-tried.	0	1	35	55	36	4·31	4·4	6		45	

APPENDIX—XIV.

Registration of documents in the Jath State.

Name of State.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of documents presented. Mortgage.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which Registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Jath ...	793	712	197	194	431	335	8	7	1	0	156	176	793	712	2,27,780	2,07,329	0	0	0	0	0

APPENDIX—XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1917-1918.

Description.	Past year.			Present year.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		R.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
1. Sale deeds ...	431	1,31,913	964	335	1,00,935	737	
2. Mortgage deeds	197	61,955	436	194	70,672	467	
3. Farkats ...	9	6,800	41	4	10,040	22	
4. Agreement deeds	9	400	19	2	150	4	
5. Kabulayats ...	64	3 452	75	112	6,725	125	
6. Adoption deeds	18	1,700	49	14	2,400	45	
7. Gift deeds ...	39	11,950	88	31	12,350	82	
8. Money bonds. ...	1	100	1	...	...	...	
9. Wills.	8	...	21	7	...	21	
10. Receipts	8	2,027	9	1	100	1	
11. Miscellaneous....	13	7,483	1069	12	3,957	·985	
Total ...	793	2,27,780	2772	712	2,07,329	2489	
Deduct expenditure	.....	.....	480	.....	.....	465	
Net profit ...	.....	.....	2,292	.....	.....	2,024	

APPENDIX—XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipality in the Jath State during the year 1917–18.

Name.	Opening balance on 7th June 1917.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year		Balance on the 7th June 1918.	Remarks.
		Post	Present.		Past.	Present.		
Jath ...	Rs. 507	Rs. 3,420	Rs. 3,104	Rs. 3,611	Rs 3,857	Rs. 2,886	Rs. 725	

APPENDIX—XVII.

Statement of rain-fall in the Jath State.

State	June 1917.	July 1917.	August 1917.	September 1917.	October 1917.	November 1917.	December 1917	January 1918.	February 1918.	March 1918.	April 1918.	May 1918.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	Remarks.
	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C	I C.	I. C.	I. C.	C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	
Jath ...	3–52	1–79	5–24	3–86	5–28	1–56	...	... 12	...	... 13	...	3–33	24–83	39–83	26–18	

APPENDIX—XVII-A.

Statement showing the area sown with crops and their anna valuation for Fasli year 1327.

No.	Name of crops.	Area sown with crop	Anna valuation.	Remarks.
	Kharif.	A. G.		
1	Rice	1,145	6	
2	Cotton	7,770	14	
3	Sesamum	1,163	1	
4	Ground-nut	906	8	
5	Bajri	3,02,250	4	
6	Tur-Dal	2,000	1	
7	Mataki	4,500	2	
8	Moog	3,000	1	
9	Vetch (हुलगा)	2,200	1	
	Rabi.			
10	Jowari	1,95,550	6	
11	Karadi	4,200	2	
12	Gram	3,000	6	
13	Wheat	4,141	8	
14	Linseed	969	4	
		5,35 894		

APPENDIX—XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains.

Articles.	During present year.		During		Remarks.
	Lbs.	Tolas.	Lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari	30	...	19	20	
Bajree	33	...	19	20	
Wheat	21	...	16	20	
Rice	14	25	13	...	
Tur-Dall	15	30	12	...	

APPENDIX—XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1917--18.

Description of Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs,	Rs,	Rs,	
1 Repairs to Schools and extension to the English School...	...	...	...	4409	539	4948	4948	
2 —Do— to State Buildings...	...	829	829	...	...	...	829	
3 Construction of Police Out-Post	...	145	145	...	...	...	145	
4 —Do— of Cattle shed in Inam Mala	1154	...	1154	...	...	...	1154	
5 Extension to the Chief's Bungalow	955	...	955	...	...	...	955	
6 Repairs to Roads	...	...	...	...	4199	4199	4199	
7 Water Supply	...	253	253	...	6	6	259	
8 Chowris	...	250	250	...	...	...	250	
9 Ground rent of the site at Bijapur for a Bungalow ...	...	...	77	...	...	...	77	
10 Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	
Total ..	2109	1477	3553	4409	4744	9253	12916	
Establishments								
1 Public Works ½	...	...	348	...	...	696	1044	
2 Guest House	...	...	597	...	...	...	597	
3 Medical ½	...	...	...	...	...	2188	2188	
4 Vaccination	...	...	...	...	...	910	910	
5 Education ½	...	...	...	...	...	5158	5158.	
6 Pay of Salutar.	...	...	...	...	...	150	150	
7 Cattle on Local Fund Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	486	486	
8 Remuneration to V. Officers. on Local Fund Collections —Do— to Pound-keepers.	...	...	...	...	...	621	621	
Total ...	...	...	945	...	...	10209	11,154	
Grand Total ..	...	...	4,608	...	...	19,462	24,070	

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural stock in the Jath State during the year 1917–18.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Jath	1917–18	22837	18203	953	4046	690			110	52,873	4782	2324	14	1720	

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the excise revenue of the Jath State during the year 1917–18.

Name of State.	Country Spirit		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	
Jath	3	Information not known	2	Rs. 875	3	Rs. ...	4	Rs. ...	12	Rs. 875	

Statement showing the Receipts and Disbursements

RECEIPTS

No.	Items.	1916–1917	1917–1918	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening balance.				
	State	54,953	53,963	...	990
	Local Fund	2,708	2,169	...	539
	Total ...	57,661	56,132	...	1,529
1	Land Revenue	1,89,961	1,99,146	9,185	...
2	Sayar Revenue	7,420	7,199	...	221
3	Law and Justice	915	1,427	512	...
4	Police	61	33	...	28
5	Jail	...	...	...	...
6	Registration	2,772	2,489	...	283
7	Stamps	8,797	9,139	342	...
8	Interest	2,967	3,040	73	...
9	Forest...	442	263	...	179
10	Public Works	...	...	...	...
11	Miscellaneous	109	230	121	...
12	Local Funds	14,452	15,879	1,427	...
13	School Receipts	3	17	14	...
14	Khasgi	6,306	5,654	...	652
15	Deshmukhi	19,116	22,217	3,101	...
16	Khawaskhani	16,020	17,243	1,223	...
17	Loans	...	160	160	...
18	Advance } Tagai ...	8,518	10,252	1,734	...
	Advance } Advance ...	...	...	...	...
19	Deposits	6,448	...	...	6,448
20	Pension Fund...	6,257	5,204	...	1,053
	Total ...	2,90,564	2,99,592	17,892	8,864
	Alienated Lands ...	22,542	22,768	226	...
	Total ...	3,13,106	3,22,360	18,118	8,864
	Grand Total with balance	3,70,767	3,78,492	18,118	10,393

of the Jath State including those of Daflapur during the year 1917-1918.

DISBURSEMENTS

No.	Items.	1916-1917	1917-1918	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Refund ...	242	583	341	...
2	Administration ...	8,652	9,199	547	...
3	Land Revenue ...	26,053	25,272	...	781
4	Law and Justice ...	7,016	7,565	549	...
5	Police ...	13,655	14,295	640	...
6	Jail ...	2,646	2,806	160	...
7	Medical ½ ...	2,482	2,188	...	294
8	Post ...	407	494	87	...
9	Forest ...	2,224	2,006	...	218
10	Stamps ...	479	248	...	231
11	Registration ...	480	465	...	15
12	Education ⅐ ...	5,008	5,158	150	...
13	Public Works ...	4,900	4,608	...	292
14	Nemnuks and Pension etc....	38,200	41,201	3001,	...
15	Assignments under Treaties and engagements ...	12,205	12,205	...	...
16	Local Funds ...	14,991	19,462	4,471	...
17	Miscellaneous ...	2,245	7,811	5,566	...
18	Liquidation of debt ...	67,182	22,625	...	44,557
19	Domestic charges ...	46,477	46,350	...	127
20	Khasgi ...	25,867	42,325	16,458	...
21	Deshmukhi ...	4,190	4,478	288	...
22	Khawaskhani ...	2,433	2,315	...	118
23	Advance } Tagai ...	...	...	...	...
	Advance } Advances ...	138	19,859	19,721	...
	Deposits ...	695	181	...	514
24	Plague expenses ...	24	172	148	...
25	Contribution to the pension				
26	Fund ...	395	950	555	...
27	Acting & Travelling allowance to State Servants ...	307	152	...	155
	War Loan ...	2,500	8,500	6,000	...
28	Famine Relief ...	...	2,989	2,989	...
29	Expenses on account of Re-				
30	cruiting ...	...	134	134	...
	Total ...	2,92,093	3,06,596	61,805	47,302
	Alienated Lands ...	22,542	22,768	226	...
	Total ...	3,14,635	3,29,364	62,031	47,302
	Closing balance ...	56,132	49,128	...	7,004
	Total ...	3,70,767	3,78,492	62,031	54,306

APPENDIX—XXIII.

STATEMENT of medical relief afforded in the Jath State during the year 1917–18.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of indoor patients.				Expenditure	Daily Average.	Remarks.
	Outdoor	Indoor	Dis-charged	Absented	Died	Remaining under treatment			
Jath	5,531	15	15	...	...	...	Rs. 4 377	49	

APPENDIX—XXIV.

Vital statistics of Jath State for the year 1917–18.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath State	78,643	3,418	2,912	...	506	2,715	2,927	212	...	43.4	37	34 5	37.2	

APPENDIX—XXV.

PARTICULARS as to the Schools maintained by the Jath State for the year 1917–18.

Number of Schools.		Description of School.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st May.		Daily average attendance		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
								Rs.	Rs.	
35	38	1 Anglo-Vernacular School ... 2 Girls' Schools ... ... 1 Veda School ... ... 32 Marathi Schools ... ... 2 Low Caste Schools 38	1462	1492	963	816	...	1997	8318	

Jath,
31st July 1918.

S. R. Tirodkar,
State Karbhari of Jath.

No. 777 of 1919.

FROM,

RAO BAHADUR S. R. TIRODKAR,

State Karbhari,

JATH STATE.

TO,

J. K. N. KABRAJI ESQUIRE, C. S.,

Political Agent,

BIJAPUR.

Jath, 19th August 1919.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit, by direction of the Chief, the Administration Report of the Jath State for the year 1918-19 or Fasli year 1328 ending on the 6th June 1919.

Chapter I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

2. The Jath State comprises 119 villages. Its area is 980·8 square miles and the population 78,643. The gross revenue of the State calculated on the average of the past 5 years excluding Service Inams is Rs. 2,56,956. The average adjustment of Service Inams is Rs. 30,064.

3. The State pays an annual Tribute of Rs. 6,400 for Horse Contingent and Rs. 4,847 for Sirdeshmukhi rights to the British Government.

4. The Chief Meherban Ramrao Amritrao alias Aba Saheb Dafle completed his 33rd year on the 10th of January 1919. He is a Treaty Chief and a First Class Deccan Sardar. His wife, Shrimati Bhagirathibai Saheb, 2nd daughter of the late Chief of Akalkot, is 28 years of age.

5. The Chief has two sons and two daughters. The elder son Kumar Shri: Vijayasing alias Baba Saheb and the younger son Kumar Shri: Ajitsing alias Bhau Saheb were born respectively on 21st July 1909 and 15th January 1912. The elder daughter Kumari Shri: Pramilaraja alias Aka Saheb is aged 9 years and the younger daughter Kumari Kamalaraja is 4 years old having been respectively born on 8th August 1910 and 30th August 1915.

6. The education of the Kumars and Kumari Shri: Pramilaraja is progressing well. Kumar Shri: Baba Saheb is learning the 2nd English Standard, Kumar Shri: Bhau Saheb is studying the Marathi 3rd Standard and Kumari Shri: Pramilaraja is learning the 4th Marathi Standard. The progress of all of them is very satisfactory.

7. Bai Anandibai alias Mai Saheb, Junior widow of the late Chief and her daughter, Shri: Yeshodabai alias Aka Saheb who is living at Satara with her husband, Sardar Pratapsing Bhosle, are both in good health.

8. On the 10th June 1918, the Chief attended the Provincial War Conference held in Bombay at the Town Hall.

9. On 27th June 1918 the Chief went to Kolhapur to pay a visit of condolence to H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur on account of the sad death of his second son.

10. In July 1918, the Chief fell ill and was confined to bed for nearly a month. The malady from which he was suffering was, Urticaria. Dr. Vail of the American Mission, Miraj, was specially brought in and he examined the blood and gave necessary instructions to the Chief Medical Officer Jath, in respect of treatment of the disease.

11. On 14th August 1918 the Chief went to Bijapur on an Official visit to the Political Agent.

12. The Raje Saheb and the Rani Saheb of Sandur came to Jath on 29th August 1918 on a private visit to the Chief and left on 19th September 1918.

13. The Chief attended the banquet given by the several Chiefs of the Bombay Presidenecy to Lord and Lady Willingdon on 11th December 1918 and he paid visits to high Officials of Government while in Bombay.

14. In December 1918, the Chief had been to Bombay to receive His Excellency Sir George Ambrose Lloyd, G. C. I. E., D. S. O. Governor Designate and to see off His Excellency Lord Willingdon G. C. S. I., G. C. I. E., G. B. E., Governor of Bombay, on 16th December 1918. While in Bombay, the Chief had the honour of interviews with Lord and Lady Willingdon on the 9th and with Sir George and Lady Lloyd on 21st December 1918.

15. The Chief of Sangli paid a flying visit to Jath on 26th December 1918 en route to Bijapur.

16. The Chief with his family had been to Jamkhandi. He left Jath on 30th December 1918 and returned on 7th January 1919.

17. The Chief with Shrimati Rani Saheb had been to Amraoti to attend the marriage ceremonies of Mr. Moropant Joshi's daughter and son. He was there from 3rd to 12th of February 1919.

18. Shrimant Captain Sir Parashramrao Bhau Saheb Patwardhan, K. C. I. E., Chief of Jamkhandi, came to Jath with his family on 17th February 1919 on a private visit to the Chief and returned to Jamkhandi on 23rd February 1919.

19. The Political Agent, Mr. Kabraji, paid his annual visit to Jath in the month of March 1919 and inspected the State Jail and Dispensary.

20. The Chief had been to Belgaum twice during the year under report—once on 26th November 1918 to see Mr. Mountford-and 2nd time on 2nd May 1919 to see Mr. Brendon.

21. The Chief with his family went to Poona in May last and after passing there the whole month returned to Jath on 30th May 1919.

22. The Chief made the following donations to various Institutions during the year under report :—

(*a*) Rs. 100 to the Indian Fund for St. Dunstan's in aid of British and Indian Soldiers.

(*b*) Rs. 100 to the Chairman, Bombay War Museum.

(*c*) Rs. 100 to Poona Pageant and Fete held on 18th and 19th September 1918.

(*d*) Rs. 50, annual contribution towards the Sheppard After Care Fund.

ARMISTICE.

23. At last the eventful drama which began five years ago in the 1st week of August 1914 has come to an end by the collapse of Germany and the news of the signing of the Armistice and the cessation of hostilities was received with widespread enthusiasm at Jath and throughout the State. In celebration of the occasion thanks-giving services were held in all places of public worship on the 17th November 1918. Flags were displayed on the Palace Building and on the Residency (Guest House) Bungalow and all public and private buildings as also temples and mosques and all shops were illuminated.

22nd, 23rd and 27th November 1918 were declared public holidays in celebration of the Armistice and all public Offices and Schools were closed on that account.

On the 27th November 1918 sweets were distributed to the children in all the Schools in the State.

On the 28th June 1919 after fruitless murmuring Germany at last signed the final Peace Treaty and the event was celebrated throughout the State on the 19th July in various ways. The day was observed as a public holiday.

24. The news of the out-break of hostilities between the Amir of Afghanistan and His Imperial Majesty so soon after the cessation of the World-War was received by the Chief and the subjects of the State with great regret. The Chief on hearing the news sent a message to Government through the Political Agent, Bijapur, condemning the action of the Amir and placing his personal services and resources of his State at the disposal of Government.

Printed copies in Marathi of the proclamation of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General regarding disturbances in Afghanistan were widely distributed in the State.

25. Appendix I gives the names of the high Officials of the State.

Chapter II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

26. The original Survey rates of all the lands in the State including Dumala villages were increased by 25 P. C. The rates are guaranteed for 15 years i. e. till 1925 A. D.

27. The total area of arable waste land at the beginning of the year under report was 2,451 Acres and 5 Gunthas. Out of this, 64 Acres and 16 Gunthas were taken up for cultivation during the year and 20 Acres and 29 Gunthas were added to the waste. The net area of waste land at the end of the year was 2,407 Acres and 18 Gunthas.

28. 63 Inam cases against 77 of the last year were disposed of during the year under the Inam Rules.

29. There were no boundary disputes to be settled during the year under report.

30. The land revenue demand including Local Funds of Rs. 13,090 according to the Jamabandi of the year amounted to Rs. 1,71,062 as against Rs. 1,75,670 of the preceding year. The total amount of land revenue for collection during the year including arrears of past year was Rs. 2,01,347 against Rs. 2,12,352 of the last year, of which Rs. 1,50,617 were collected as against Rs. 1,76,643 of the previous year; Rs. 342 were written off as irrecoverable and Rs. 50,388 remained as arrears to be recovered at the close of the year. The large amount of arrears is due to suspensions having been granted owing to unfavourable season.

31. With regard to the apparently large amount of arrears of land revenue (Rs. 34,174) remaining unrecovered at the close of the last year noticed by the Political Agent and the Commissioner S. D., in their remarks on the last-year's Administration Report, it may be explained that the amount includes items which are either to be written off as irrecoverable or adjusted in the accounts and steps are in progress to minimize these items. When these latter are excluded, the actual arrears come to little over Rs. 19,000. These would have been recovered had the year under report been a kind one.

32. The total amount of revenue for collection including arrears of past year of Deshmukhi, Khavaskhani and Khasgi Estates amounted to Rs. 59,790 of which Rs. 34,391 were collected and Rs. 442 were written off as irrecoverable leaving Rs. 24,957 to be recovered at the end of the year.

33. Rs. 835 from the State Treasuary and Rs. 2,305 from the Jath Peoples' Bank were advanced to agriculturists during the year for improvement of wells and lands and also for purchase of seeds.

34. The total amount of arrears of Tagai at the end of the last year was Rs. 19,979. The total amount of Tagai arrears with interest collected during the year was Rs. 4348 (Rs. 3,289 Principle plus Rs. 1,059 interest). The balance remaining to be collected at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 17,525 of which Rs. 15,989 were under the Land Improvement Loans' Act and Rs. 1,536 under the Agricultural Loans' Act.

35. Full facilities were given to ryots for the payment of Land Revenue and Tagai. No coercive measures under the Land Revenue Code were resorted to for the recovery of land revenue as the year under report was one of scarcity.

Chapter III.

LEGISLATION.

36. Appendix II gives the laws and Acts in force in the State. Three new Acts namely:—

(i) The Guardians and Wards Act VIII of 1890;

(ii) The Transfer of Property Act IV of 1882;

(iii) The Probate and Administration Act V of 1881 with its amending Acts VI of 1889 and II of 1890.

were introduced into the State during the year under report.

MILITARY FORCE.

37. No Military Force is maintained in the State.

POLICE.

38. Appendix IV gives strength, cost &c., of the Police Force in the State. The total strength of the Police was the same as last year viz. 120:-1 Sub-Inspector, 21 Head Constables, 85 Constables, 6 Sowars, 2 Camel Sowars and 5 recruits. Of the Policemen, 26 are armed with bored out Martini Rifles and 26 with Muzzle Loaders and all have been provided with batons. The armed Police are distributed as under:—

25 Police are employed on guard duty at Jail, Treasury, the Chief's Bungalow and the old Palace.

27 Police are employed on the several out-Posts for detection and prevention of crimes.

39. Mounted Police are armed with swords and lances. They are employed on night patrol and guard duty and they also serve as body-guards. The total expenditure for maintaining the Police Force amounted to Rs. 12,993 against Rs. 14,295 in the previous year, the decrease being due to vacancies remaining unfilled.

40. During the year 10 Constables were departmentally punished and 13 were awarded with money rewards, against 10 and 2 of the previous year.

41. Out of the Force, 62 are able to read and write and the rest are illiterate. All the Police are instructed in drill.

42. In deference to the suggestion of the Commissioner S. D. conveyed in para 2 of his remarks on the Administration Report for the last year, an Inspector of Police has been appointed for the State and the pay of the several grades of the Police Force has been revised with effect from the commencement of the current Fasli year (1329), the pay of the last or 3rd grade being raised to Rs. 8 and that of the 2nd and 1st to Rs. 9 and Rs. 10 per month respectively.

43. The results of the working of the Police are given in Appendices V and VI. The total number of offences for disposal in the hands of the Police including those pending at the close of the last year was 196 as against 124 of the previous year. Of these, 89 against 62 were struck off the file, 64 against 25 were brought before the Magistrates and 43 against 37 remained under investigation with the Police at the end of the year. In connection with the 64 offences, the Police arrested 161 persons against 64 in the previous year and including 8 persons remaining with the Police at the close of the last year, the total number was 169. They were all sent up to the Magistrates by whom they were disposed of as under;—

Convicted	103
Acquitted or discharged	47
Remaining under trial	19
	169

Out of 11 persons remaining under trial at the close of the last year in the Magistrates' Courts, 10 were convicted and one remained under trial in the Court of the Sub-Judge and 2nd Class Magistrate. In all 20 persons remained under trial at the close of the year in the Magistrates' Courts.

44. With regard to the Political Agent's remarks on the last year's Administration Report regarding the low percentage of convictions in Cognizable offences

investigated by the Police, contained in para 2 of his No. Poll-C-110 of 12-12-1918, I beg to point out that out of the 177 persons concerned (Appendix VII, Col. 8) the Police apprehended only 64 and the rest by the Magistrates. Of the 64, 59 were sent for trial of whom 27 were convicted and 8 remained under Police investigation at the close of the year (Vide Cols. 5,7,9 & 16 of Appendix V).

Again as many as 103 out of the 177 persons were arrested under Sec: 447 I. P. C. which being a compoundable offence, a large number of them were acquitted under Sec: 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the complainants having compounded the offences. No blame could therefore be attached to the Magistrates in this matter as they had no option but to allow the compounding of the offences.

This same explanation holds good in the case of low percentage of convictions in Non-Cognizable offences noticed by the Political Agent and the Commissioner, S. D.

To avoid mis-understanding, the number of acquittals under Sec: 345 Cri: Pro: Code has been Separately shown in this report.

45. The percentage of convictions to accused arrested and to those sent for trial was 66·8 and 62·7 against 42 and 32 in the previous year.

46. The value of property stolen and recovered during the year under report was Rs. 1,353 and Rs. 630 respectively against Rs. 7,510 and Rs. 2,372 in the preceding year giving a percentage of 47·4 against 31·6 in the previous year.

47. The ratio of the Police to area is 1 to every 8 square miles and that to the population is 1 to 639 persons.

48. There was no case of murder during the year but there was one case of culpable homicide not amounting to murder with 4 persons involved therein. These with the 6 accused persons involved in 2 cases remaining uuder trial under Sec: 304 I. P. C. at the close of the last year in the Sessions Court were all tried 6 of whom were convicted and 4 acquitted.

49. 8 cases of dacoity were reported during the year and including 1 case pending in the Sessions Court at the end of the last year there were 9 cases of dacoity for disposal with 50 persons involved therein, of whom 44 were convicted, 2 were acquitted or discharged and 4 remained under trial at the close of the year.

50. 3 cases of incendiarism were reported during the year and 4 persons were arrested in connection therewith. Of these 1 accused person in one case was convicted during the year and 2 cases with 3 persons remained pending in the Magistrate's Court at the close of the year.

51. During the year, property worth Rs 2,237 against Rs. 1,800 was accidently destroyed by fire.

52. The number of accidental deaths during the year was 22 against 30 in the previous year.

53. No bad characters were dealt with under Sections 109 and 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code during the year.

54. The greatest exploits achieved by the Police of this State during the year under report were the captures of the two Gangs headed by two notorious dacoits named Laxya Wd: Sayabu Berad of Sindur and Khelya Berad of Gadi in the Jath State. The Gang of Laxya had committed two dacoities in Sindur village of this State and perpetrated all sorts of atrocities there. The Gang was also responsible for petty thefts in Bilur and similar offences in the surrounding British Districts

and Native States and had for some time successfully eluded the pursuit of the Police. At last on the morning of the 6th August 1918 at 4 A. M. information having been received of the Gang being at Sindur, the Chief sent all the Mounted Police in charge of the Police Sub-Inspector to catch the Gang but before the Party reached Sindur, the dacoits had left the village. The Party, after going in pursuit for about a mile and a half over-took the dacoits. A hard fight ensued, the dacoits throwing stones with slings at the pursuers. Finding the capture impossible the Police fired at the dacoits killing one instantly and mortally wounding another. Still the dacoits would not surrender but showed a defiant attitude and therefore as a last resort, all the Sowars in a body attacked the dacoits with spears through showers of sling stones and after wounding all with spears, captured them. All the men were tried and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment in the Jath Sessions Court.

55. Khelya and his associates were captured on the 2nd November 1918 He had escaped from the Aundh State Jail with some of his associates and committed dacoits at Shambargi and other places in the Athni Taluka. He too like Laxya Berad eluded the State and British Police. At last on the morning of the 2nd November, the Chief having received information that Khelya and his associates had encamped in the Mala in the jungle of Gadhi village about 3 miles from Jath, immediately despatched Mounted and Foot Police incharge of the Sub-Inspector to the place of the dacoits' encampment. Khelya seeing the attacking Party fired 4 shots at them but they missed and before he fired the 5th, one of the Sowars fired at Khelya and wounded him, the bullet passing through his buttocks. Khelya fell down wounded and the rest of the Gang, 4 in number, surrendered.

56. One of the captured dacoits by name Balya, Khelya's brother–was suffering from Influenza when he was captured and he soon after fell victim to the disease.

57. The Police Sub-Inspector also effected another capture during the year of a farari dacoit by name Sidya Wd: Kashya Mahar who was concerned in the dacoity committed at Kotyal in the Aundh State in December 1915 and who since the commission of the offence was at large eluding the Police of that State. The Sub-Inspector having received information of the dacoit being in the neighbourhood of Sidhnath village of this State went with a Party of Sowars and caught the man in the Sindi trees grove there. He was duly surrendered to the Aundh State Authorities for trial.

VILLAGE POLICE.

58. The number of village Police during the year was the same as last year. They assisted the District Police in detecting and preventing crime.

CRIMINAL TRIBES.

59. Bhamptas, Berads and Haranshikaris are the only Criminal Tribes in the State.

60. In the two previous reports, I gave some account of these Criminal Tribes and described the measures adopted for keeping them in proper check and I think it hardly necessary to recapitulate what has been already said in those reports.

The children of the Haranshikaris and Bhamptas continue to receive education in the State Schools.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

61. The number of Criminal Courts at work during the year was 7. The details of the work done by these Courts are given in Appendices VII and VIII.

62. The total number of offences dealt with by these Courts during the year was 249 including the balance of 8 remaining from the last year as against 260. The total number of persons involved therein including the balance of 17 of the last year was 550 against 511 of the previous year. Of these, the Police arrested 169 against 59, 39 against 40 were arrested upon warrants, 317 against 388 appeared on summons, 2 against the same number appeared voluntarily, 6 against nil were arrested in the presence of the Magistrate. Of the number of persons disposed of 95 were discharged, 227 acquitted, 135 convicted, 53 committed to the Court of Session, 6 died and 24 remained awaiting trial at the close of the year. Of the 227 acquittals 141 were under Sec: 345 Criminal Procedure Code.

Including 10 persons of the last year there were 63 persons before the Court of Session for disposal. Of these, 58 were convicted, 4 acquitted and I remained under trial at the close of the year.

63. The amount of fine inflicted by the several Courts during the year amounted to Rs. 2,112 against Rs. 955 in the previous year. Including the unrecovered amount of fine of Rs. 405 at the end of the last year, the total amount for recovery during the year was Rs. 2,517, out of which Rs. 1,470 were realised and Rs. 1,047 remained unrecovered at the close of the year.

APPELLATE WORK.

64. Appendix IX shows the work done by the Appellate Courts. The number of Appellate Courts during the year remained the same–viz: 2

65. The Chief's Court had before it 1 appeal in which the decision of the Lower Court was reversed.

66. The District Magistrate's Court had 7 appeals before it. Out of these, 2 were rejected, 3 confirmed and 2 reversed against 2, 1 and 2 respectively of the previous year.

REVISION.

67. As a Court of Revision, the Chief had before him 2 applications for disposal during the year. In one, the decision of the Lower Court was upheld and the other remained pending at the close of the year.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

68. The details of the work done by the Civil Courts during the year are given in Appendices X and XI. The number of Civil Courts working during the year under report was the same as that in the ~~preceding~~ preceding year viz: 2. There was no case before the 1st Class Sub-Judge during the year.

69. The number of suits filed in the 2nd Class Sub-Judge's Court was 207 and including the balance of 103 Suits remaining undisposed of at the end of the last year, the total number of suits for disposal during the year was 310 against 300 of the last year. Of these, 144 suits against 197 were decided during the year and 166 suits against 103 remained pending at the close of the year. The large balance of pending suits is due partly to the Influenza Epidemic and partly to the absence on leave of the Sub-Judge.

70. Out of the 207 suits filed during the year, 108 were for landed property, 98 were for money transactions and 1 for other rights. The average duration of suits was 7 months and 17 days against 5 months and 18 days of the last year.

71. The value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 24,599 as against Rs. 26,029 and the value of suits disposed of was Rs. 14,934 as against Rs. 25,440 of the last year.

APPETLATE COURT.

72. Appendix XII gives details of the working of the only Appellate Court i. e. Chief's Court. The total nnmber of appeals including the balance of the previous year was 16 as against 13 of the last year. Of these, 9 against 11 were disposed of during the year leaving a balance of 7 against 2 in the previous year. The average duration of appeals was 3 months and 10 days against two months and 20 days in the previous year.

73. The Chief's Court exercises the powers of the High Court as well as those of the District Judge. Only one appeal lies to this Court against the decisions of the Lower Courts.

EXECUTION OF DECREES.

74. The total number of applications for execution of decrees including the balance of 139 from the last year was 291 against 288 of the previous year. Of these, 160 against 149 were disposed of during the year and 131 against 139 remained pending at the end of the year.

MAMLATDAR'S COURTS ACT.

75. 5 suits were filed in the Mamlatdar's Court during the year against 11 suits in the previous year. Of these 4 cases were disposed of and 1 remained pending at the close of the year. The average duration of suits was 45 days against 25 days in the last year.

76. One revision application that remained pending in the Chief's Court at the close of the last year was disposed of during the year, the order of the Mamlatdar being confirmed.

EXTRADITION.

77. 23 persons against 3 were obtained by extradition from British Territory during the year under report and including the 1 who remained under trial at the close of the last year, the number of persons for trial during the year was 24. Of these, 20 were convicted and 4 remained under trial at the close of the year.

12 persons were surrendered to the British Government and 1 to the Aundh State.

PRISONS.

78. There is one Jail at Jath. The building is properly lighted and well ventilated. The building contains accommodation for 50 prisoners. Appendix XIII gives information regarding details of the working of the prisoners confined in the Jail. 99 prisoners against 26 of the last year were admitted during the year under report. Including 22 prisoners remaining over at the close of the last year there were 121 prisoners in the Jail against 59 in the previous year. Of these, 43 prisoners were released either on the expiry of their sentences or on appeals, 6 were released on special occasions, the sentences of 3 were wholly remitted by the Chief, 3 escaped from Jail under circumstances described below, 5 died–1 of acute Bronchitis ~~Bnochsitis,~~ 2 of Diarrhoea and 2 of Rheumatism and 61 against 22 prisoners remained in the Jail at the close of the year.

Escapes :- The three prisoners who escaped from Jail were :—

(1) Umya Wd: Aba Ramoshi of Para, Taluka Sangola;
(2) Ambya Wd: Ranya Berad of Umrani, Jath State;
(3) Balkya Wd: Nathya Mahar of Gherdi, Taluka Sangola.

The first was undergoing sentence of 6 years' imprisonment for dacoity. The second was sentenced to 10 years, rigorous imprisonment under Sections 392 and 304 I. P. C. and the third was undergoing 4 years' sentence under Sec: 395 and was to be sent to Bijapur to undergo the sentence under Sec: 224 I. P. C. after the expiration of the sentence in this Jail.

These three prisoners with the fourth named Topya Wd: Satya were confined in one cell in the inner quadrangle of the Jail on the evening of the 23rd October 1918. At about 11 P. M. alarm was given by a convict from the adjoining cell and on the Police going up, it was discovered that the aforesaid three prisoners had already escaped by breaking open the roof of the cell. The fourth while climbing up the iron railings of the cell to reach the roof, dropped down on the ground and was immediately secured. As soon as the alarm was given, a Party of Mounted Police was sent in all directions in pursuit of the fugitives but no success met their efforts. The fugitives are still at large.

79. The health of the prisoners was far from good. There was sickness among the prisoners throughout the year, no less than 76 prisoners being under Medical treatment suffering from various diseases.

80. The prisoners are employed on the Polo Ground, Water-Pump, the State Press and in the State Gardens.

81. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 6,550 against Rs. 2,806 of the previous year.

82. Jail Regulations are strictly observed in the Jail and Remission System continues to work well.

83. There is one lock-up for under-trial prisoners. There were 6 under-trial prisoners in the lock-up at the close of the last year. 124 under-trial prisoners against 35 were admitted in the lock-up during the year the total number of prisoners being 130. Of these, 2 died—one of Influenza and another of Small-Pox—4 remained in the lock-up at the end of the year and the rest ~~being~~ were either convicted or discharged.

REGISTRATION.

84. The details of the work done by the Registration Department are given in Appendix XIV; and Appendix XV shows the receipts from and expenditure on account of the Registration Department. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year of report was 1,008 as against 712 in the previous year, all of which were registered. The total value of documents registered was Rs. 2,98,296 as against Rs. 2,07,329 in the previous year. The fees realised on account of the registration of documents was Rs. 3,575 against Rs. 2,489 of the preceding year and the expenditure incurred on Establishment entertained in this Department, was Rs. 480 against Rs. 465.

There was one appeal during the year to the District Registrar under the Registration Act and it remained pending at the close of the year.

MUNICIPALITIES.

85. There is one Municipality at Jath constituted under the District Municipal Act. The Municipality consists of 12 Members including the President, all nominated. Appendix XVI gives receipts and expenditure of the Municipality. The receipts and expenditure for the year under report amounted respectively to Rs. 3,868 and Rs. 3,881 as against Rs. 3,104 and Rs. 2,886. The closing balance of the current year was Rs. 711 against Rs. 725 of the previous year.

The main sources of income of the Municipality are house-tax, Sanitary cess, Shingoti Tax and cess on exported goods.

Sanitation, lighting and road repairs within the Municipal limits are well attended to. The Institution is small but it continues to do good work with its small income.

WARDS ESTATES.

86. At the beginning of the year there were 26 Minors with 13 estates. During the year of report, 6 Minors with 3 estates came under the management of the State, making the total number 32 Minors and 16 estates.

87. Out of 32 Minors 21 are boys and 11 girls. The estates are well looked after by the Awal Karkun who is appointed Wahiwatdar of Minors. Appendix A gives the receipts and expenditure and balance at the end of the year.

Chapter IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

WEATHER, CROPS AND RAIN-FALL.

88. Appendix XVII shows the rain-fall at Jath during the year as compared with that of the previous year. The total rain-fall was 18 Inches and 51 Cents as against 24 Inches and 83 Cents. The average rain-fall of the past five years is 30 Inches and 24 Cents. The rain in June, July and August 1918 was very scanty all over the State. At no times in these months a day's rain-fall measured more than 15 Cents and consequently most of the Kharip area remained unsown and the out-turn of the area sown was nil. The rain-fall in September which measured 7 Inches and 13 Cents was not general and the area sown with Rabi was usually small and confined to the localities which had the benefit of the rain. The rain in October, November and December being very deficient the sown Rabi crops too suffered greatly. Only those crops which had sufficient moisture turned out fair and yielded an out-turn from 4 to 6 annas. Appendix XVII A shows the area cultivated with Kharip and Rabi crops and their anna valuation.

89. Appendix XVIII compares the prices of food grains in the year under report with those prevailing in the preceding year. The prices of food-grains rose high during the whole of the year without showing any signs of abatement owing principally to the failure of crops and conditions created by the War. Prices of Gram, and other cereals as well as of cotton too rose enormously.

90. The information regarding the agricultural stock is given in Appendix XX. Owing to high prices of Kadbi and food-grains, the royts had to sell their live-stock and many died for want of fodder. Consequently the number of agricultural cattle has greatly decreased.

91. Owing to all the State Kurans having run dry and there being a great scarcity of grass in this State, the Chief with the kind permission of the Kolhapur Darbar, sent his State Khillar (Cows) and most of his horses to Kolhapur where His Highness the Maharaja Saheb graciously and kindly placed his Kurans at the Chief's disposal for free grazing of the Khillar and kept the horses in his own stables where they were maintained and fed at the expense of the Darbar. The Khillar and horses remained there for nearly 3 months.

The Chief extremely feels his heart-felt gratitude to H. H. the Maharaja Saheb for the generous and kind help given by him.

WAGES AND LABOUR.

92. The ordinary rate for unskilled labour was from 6 to 8 annas a day and that for skilled labour ranged from 12 to 15 annas. Throughout the year the demand for labour was great and the labouring classes were better off than others

FOREST.

93. The Forests of Jath mainly consist of good deal of rocky and unarable lands which are useful as pastures only. The total forest area at the beginning of the year was 38,114 Acres and 30 Gunthas. Of this 100 Acres and 14 Gunthas assessed at Rs. 16-14-0 were sold for cultivation. The net forest area at the end of the year was 38,014 Acres and 16 Gunthas. Out of this, 3,639 Acres and 37 Gunthas are included in the Reserved Forest and 34,374 Acres and 19 Gunthas constitute pasture land. Seeds of Babul, Limb and other forest trees are planted annually in closed forests.

94. The revenue realised from grazing fees amounted to Rs. 6,158 and that derived from sale of grass, wood, &ca., in the Reserved Forests amounted to Rs. 344 as against Rs. 10,328 and Rs. 263 respectively in the previous year. The decrease in receipts is due to scarcity. The expenditure of the Forest Department amounted to Rs. 2,110 as against Rs. 2,006 in the preceding year.

95. The Commissioner, S. D. in his remarks on the Administration Report of this State for 1916-17 suggested the appointment of a trained Conservator of Forests in this State. With regard to this suggestion it may be stated that the physical aspects of the State are not such as to allow luxuriant forest growth. As stated above the forests in the State mainly consist of rocky soil and unarable land used for pastures only. There are no big trees of any kind. The appointment of a trained Forest Officer will however be made as soon as the State debt is liquidated in deference to the Commissioner's wishes.

POST OFFICES.

96. There is one combined Sub-Post and Telegraph Office at Jath with two postal lines one to Miraj and the other to Bijapur. Besides this, there are two Branch Post Offices one at Umdi and the other at Daflapur.

TRADE AND MANUFACTURE.

97. The situation of the Jath State is wholly unfavourable for trade. The town being far away from the Railway lines, there is little or no hope for manufacture. The State abounds in Tarwad and Babul trees the bark of which is exported for tanning.

Jowari, Bajri, Gram, Wheat, Cotton are the principal exports while the articles of imports are betel leaves, rice, spices, salt, jaggery, cocoanuts and Kerosine oil.

98. As regards manufacture, there is none to say in the State. Coarse country cloth and rough blankets are manufactured in some places. Carpets and brass pots are made at Umdi and felt rugs at Hospet, but all these to a very small extent.

CONSUMPTION OF LIQUOR.

99. The right of manufacture and sale of country liquor including toddy has been leased to British Government subject to revison every three years. There are 3 country and 4 toddy shops in the State. The former are situated at Jath, Umrani and Utgi and the latter at Jath, Birul, Sankh and Daflapur. The sales of country liquor and toddy at these shops during the year were respectively 2,477 Gallons and 44 drams and 7,450 Gallons and 40 drams.

100. The agreement about the Hemp-drug was renewed for a further period of 5 years with effect from 1st April 1916 and the annual compensation has been fixed at Rs. 1,047 subject to revision after the third and fifth years.

PUBLIC WORK.

101. Appendix XIX gives the details of amounts spent from State and Local Funds on Public Works. The total expenditure during the year of report amounted to Rs. 18,780 against Rs. 24,070 in the preceding year. No new works of importance were undertaken during the year except the completion of the Laboratory Building attached to the English School at a cost of Rs. 650. Rs. 215 were spent on extension of the Chief's Bungalow, Rs. 1,332 on current repairs to public Offices, Schools and Dharmashalas and Rs. 3,057 were expended in repairing and maintaining the existing roads the balance of Rs. 13,526 being spent in meeting the charges of the Educational, Medical, Sanitary and Local Fund Establishments &c.

FAMINE.

102. No famine works were started during the year but some test works such as road repairs were opened in March last in six places to give employment to people who were really in need of relief. In the beginning some people joined the works but soon after the rains of May they left the works as they found labour in fields. So the works had to be closed in June. The total expenditure on these works was Rs. 2,003.

103. The giving of dole to blind and decrepit people and to inferior Village Servants was also commenced, during the year of report. The amount spent for this purpose till the end of May last was Rs. 1,083.

104. The giving of scarcity or war allowance to lowpaid servants of the State was commenced from September 1918. The amount spent on this account during the year till the end of May last amounted to Rs. 4,078.

105. The Chief has been for some years past considering the advisability of starting a famine insurance Fund to meet emergencies in a famine year and the Commissioner S. D. also in para 6 of his remarks on the Administration Report of this State for the year 1916–17 made a similar suggestion but owing to the existence of debt which still remains hanging over the State and other financial difficulties the Chief has not been able to give practical effect to the suggestion. The necessity of such a Fund was greatly felt last year when owing to wide-spread failure of crops in consequence of which the financial position of the State was greatly affected, no adequate relief could be afforded to the royts. This matter will however be duly considered as soon as financial position of the State imporves.

GENERAL CONDITION OF THE STATE AND THE PEOPLE.

106. The condition of the people especially of the agriculturists was extremely unsatisfactory owing to the total failure of Kharip crops and poor out-turn of Rabi crops consequent on deficient rain-fall. Fodder became scarce, and Kadbi stock

with the people being exhausted they had to buy it at exorbitant prices, ranging between 35 and 45 Rs. per cart load in order to save cattle from starvation and death. A large number of useless cattle was sold by cultivators keeping only such as were really useful for cultivation.

107. The supply of drinking water ran short, many of the wells having run dry. Tagai was given for deepening wells and improving water supply as well as for buying fodder. Jath Bank also afforded much relief to the poor royts by advancing loans amounting to Rs. 2,305 for the same purpose. Prices of food-grains rose abnormally high and rates of wages increased tremendously. In other respects also the year was not prosperous. The Influenza Epidemic broke out throughout the State, and carried off no less than one-tenth of the population of the State. Cholera and Small pox broke out in some places. On the whole therefore the year proved unfavourable in various ways.

MINT.

108. There is no mint at Jath.

Chapter V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

109. Appendix XXII compares the receipts and expenditure of the State for the year under report and the preceding one.

110. The gross revenue of the State exclusive of Inam adjustments and the loan of Rs. 30,000 drawn from Government for the year under review was Rs. 2,50,321 as against Rs. 2,99,592 of the previous year showing a decrease of Rs. 49,271 which occurs mainly under the following heads and is due in all cases to the failure of crops on account of bad season :—

Item.	Decrease.
Land Revenue	Rs. 32,716
Interest	Rs. 1,786
Local Funds	Rs. 2,770
Khasgi	Rs. 1,010
Deshmukhi	Rs. 3,633
Khavaskhani	Rs. 3,096
Tagai	Rs. 6,963

111. On the expenditure side there is a small decrease of Rs. 9,602 the total expenditure of the year being Rs. 2,96,994 as against Rs. 3,06,596 of the last year. The causes of increases and decreases under several heads of expenditure are as under :—

INCREASES.

1. Jail:—The increase of Rs. 3,744 is due to high prices of food-grains and other articles.

2. Liquidation of debt :—More amount was paid towards the liquidation of Shrimati Rani Saheb's loan and hence an increase of Rs. 5,082.

3. Domestic charges :—The increase of Rs. 1,582 is due to the expenditure on account of the Chief's visit to Amraoti in February last to attend the marriage ceremonies of Mr. Moropant Joshi's daughter and son.

4. Recruiting expenses :—More amount was spent on recruiting and hence an increase of Rs. 1,261.

5. Famine Relief :—An increase of Rs. 4,175 is due to the giving of dole to inferior village servants &c.

DECREASES.

1. Assignments under Treaties and Engagements :—The decrease of Rs. 11,247 is due to the non-payment, during the year, of the Tribute amount due by the State to Government.

2. Tasalmat :—The decrease of Rs. 7,324 is due to less amount having been given as Tasalmat to State Officers &c., for various purposes.

112. During the year under report owing to scarcity and consequent non-recovery of land revenue, the State was obliged to borrow from Government a loan of Rs. 30,000 to defray administration charges.

113. Out of the guaranteed debt of Rs. 55,000 remaining to be paid to Shrimati Rani Saheb of Jath, Rs. 25,000 as principle and Rs. 2,707-7-5 as interest were paid during the year. The balance remaining to be paid is Rs. 30,000.

Chapter VI.

MEDICAL RELIEF and VITAL STATISTICS.

114. Appendix XIII shows details of the Medical aid afforded by the Jath Dispensary. There is only one Dispensary at Jath. It is in charge of a Medical Graduate who is assisted by one Sub-Assiatant Surgeon and two Compounders. The total number of patients treated in the Dispensary during the year was 5,461 as against 5,546. The daily average attendance was 52 as against 49 last year. The expenditure on establishment, Medicines &c., was Rs. 4,752 against Rs. 4,377 in the preceding year.

The prevailing diseases during the year were Malarial fever, diarrhoea, intestinal complaints and eye diseases.

There is a great want of a Mid-wife and a nurse at the Dispensary to treat female patients and labour cases. The want will be supplied as funds permit.

VACCINATION.

115. There are two Vaccinators in the State, and they work under the supervision of the Vaccination Inspector of the Bijapur District subject to the general control of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration Circle, Belgaum. The total number of children vaccinated during the year was 2,414 against 3,910 of the previous year. Out of the number of 2,414 vaccinated 156 proved unsuccessful. Calf lymph is in use. The total expenditure on Vaccination Department during the year was Rs. 912 as against Rs. 910 of the last year.

116. Appendix XXIV gives the number of births and deaths during the year. The birth and death ratio per mille of population was 29 and 150 against 37 and 37·2 respectively of the previous year. The total number of births and deaths during the year was 2,301 and 11,790 against 2,912 and 2927 of the last year. The large mortality is due to the Influenza Epidemic. The Epidemic broke out in October 1918 in the State and worked great havoc. Nearly one fifth of the population was attacked by the disease and as many as 10,139 persons fell victims

to the dire disease in little over six weeks. The Epidemic broke at a time when people were suffering from acute distress and scarcity of food and the loss of population in some places was tremendous. In some cases families have been wiped out.

Special temporary establishment and Medical staff were entertained to carry food and medicines to the poor-sufferers. An itinerant Sub-Assistant Surgeon was also engaged to treat patients in villages and all possible measures were adopted to cope with the disease.

117. There was no plague in the State during the year but Cholera and Small-pox prevailed in 22 villages. The former carried away 131 out of 284 attacked and the latter 2 out of 35.

Chapter VII.

EDUCATION.

118. Appendix XXV gives the particulars of the Schools in the State. There were 38 Schools during the year as against the same number in the year before. Of these three Schools have been temporarily closed on account of poor attendance of students. No new Schools opened during the year. Of the 35 Schools, 1 is Anglo-Vernacular School 2 are Girls' Schools, 2 low caste Schools, 29 Boys' Schools and one Vedic School. Education is given free in all the Schools.

119. The number of pupils on the roll in all the Schools during the year fell from 1,492 to 1,382. The daily average attendance however was larger being 840 against 816. The total expenditure on the Educational Department was Rs. 11,462 as against Rs. 10,315 of the previous year.

120. The Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the Bijapur District inspected 21 Schools only. Remaining Schools were examined partly by the Head Master of the English School and partly by the Head Master of the Vernacular School No. 1, Jath, and the Head Master, Umdi. The Jath Vernacular School No. 1 and Umdi School sent up 9 and 6 students respectively for the Vernacular Final Examination but only one student from each School passed.

Chapter VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JATH PEOPLES' BANK.

121. The opening balance with the Bank at the beginning of the year was Rs. 4,176. During the year Rs. 4,315 were collected by the sale of new shares, Rs. 2,920 were recovered out of the amounts advanced to debtors, Rs. 1,522 were realised on account of interest and Rs. 4,000 were received as Deposit. The total amount with the Bank including the balance of Rs. 4,176 stood at Rs. 16,933 during the year. Out of this amount, Rs. 14,145 were advanced as loan to debtors, Rs. 225 were spent on account of establishment charges, Rs. 1,476 were paid as interest to share-holders and Rs. 192 were credited to the Reserve Fund, leaving a balance of Rs. 895 on hand at the close of the year.

The work done by the Bank during the year was very satisfactory and with steady and continued efforts the Institution will prove very useful to agriculturists and other State subjects in a few years.

PRINTING PRESS.

122. There is one Printing Press at Jath maintained by the State and worked by convict labour. All sorts of forms and circulars are printed at the Press.

123. No news-papers or Magazines are published in the State.

LIBRARIES.

124. There is one public Library at Jath supported partly by State Fund and partly by public subscriptions. The library is registered. It subscribes to a few Magazines and News-papers and has a small stock of English and Marathi books.

WILD ANIMALS.

125. There are no wild animals in the State except wolves and wild pigs. There were 5 deaths from snake bites during the year as against 12 in the previous year.

FAIRS.

126. The usual annual fair of Yellama Goddess was held at Jath in December last and lasted for 3 days. It was largely attended. The number of cattle brought for sale was large. The cattle show was as usual held at the Fair, and prizes amounting to Rs. 145 were awarded to selected animals.

The Fair of Bahiravnath at Bilur was held in February last for 3 days. Strict attention was paid to Sanitary and Police arrangements at both the fairs.

TOUR.

127. I visited the northern and the eastern parts of the State and examined the village Accounts and enquired into the complaints and wants of the royts.

FINANCIAL CONDITION.

128. The financial condition of the State still continues unsatisfactory. The State has yet to pay a debt of Rs. 30,000 to Shrimant Rani Saheb. In addition to this owing to bad season, the State was obliged to borrow Rs. 30,000 from Government to meet unavoidable administration charges and the total amount of debt to-day stands at Rs. 60,000. If the current year proves favourable the Darbar hopes to repay at least half of the above debt.

129. In conclusion I am desired by the Chief to expres his heart-felt gratitude to you for the steady support, sound advice and sympathetic treatment he has at all times received from you.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. R. TIRODKAR.

State Karbhari of Jath.

LIST OF APPENDICES ACCOMPANYING THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE JATH STATE FOR THE YEAR 1918–19.

No.	Name of Appendix.
A	Minors and their Estates.
1	High officials in the State.
2	Laws in force in the State.
3	Military Force. (Nil).
4	Strength &c. of the Police.
5	Working of the Police.
6	Value of property stolen and recovered.
7	Crimes and their nature.
8	Working of the Criminal Courts.
9	Criminal Appeals.
10	Civil work—Nature and value of original suits.
11	Civil work—Execution of decrees.
12	Civil work—Appeals.
13	Jail and Lock-ups.
14	Registration of documents.
15	Registration-receipts and expenditure.
16	Municipalities, receipts and expenditure.
17	Rainfall.
17–A	Area sown with crops and their anna valuation.
18	Prices of food grains.
19	Public works expenditure.
20	Agricultural stock.
21	Excise shops and revenues.
22–A	Receipts.
22–B	Disbursements.
23	Medical Relief.
24	Vital Statistics.
25	State Schools.

APPEN

Minors and their Estates

No.	NAME.	Age.	Place of residence.	Place of education.	Opening Balance. Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Kadapa Sangagouda Patil ...	11	Kaloti ...	Malapur (Mudhol State).	237
2	Chandrabai Kom Changouda Patil ...	15	Mendhegiri.	...	260
3	Trimbak Ramchandra Parolkar ...	10	Sankh ...	Sankh ...	300
4	Shripad Govind Kanade ...	11	Jath ...	Jath ...	265
5	Chandrabai Rangu Sonyalkar ...	10	" ...	" ...	38
6	Bhau Daji Jagtap ..	20	Boblad ...	" ...	11
7	1. Siwapa Sidramappa Hatti ...	11	Jath ...	...	917
	2. Dhanawa father Sidramapa ...	11	" ...	Jath ...	
	3. Dundawa father Sangapa ...	10	" ...	...	
	4. Gunawa " " ...	5	" ...	" ...	
	5. Gourawa " " ...	7	" ...	" ...	
	6. Satirawa " " ...	3	" ...	" ...	
8	1. Ramagouda Changouda Patil ...	15	Umrani ...	...	615
	2. Girmalla " " ...	12	" ...	Umrani ...	
	3. Erappa " " ...	8	" ...	...	
9	1. Nivratti Vithu Bandagar ...	15	Salgar Khurd.	" ...	...
	2. Sadu " " ...	6	" ...	" ...	
10	1. Tuka wd. Bhairu Dhor ...	7	Balgaon ...	" ..	...
	2. Sambhu " " ...	4	" ...	" ...	
11	1. Madavela Nagapa Dhulgouda ...	6	Umdi ...	" ...	...
	2. Sivagangawa father Madavela ...	8	" ...	" ...	
12	1. Dhanawa father Siwapa Dolli ...	12	Jath ...	" ...	139
	2. Parawa " " " ...	8	" ...	" ...	
	3. Sawitri " " " ...	5	" ...	" ...	
13	1. Ramchandra Narayan Jagtap ...	22	Boblad ...	" ...	291
	2. Shankar Madhavrao Jagtap ...	24	" ...	" ...	
	3. Bhausaheb " " ...	22	" ...	" ...	
14	1. Baburao Keshavrao Sawant ...	21	Jath ...	" ...	60
	2. Bhausaheb " " ...	15	" ...	Jath ...	
15	1. Parbu Satyapa Basargi ...	14	Mendhegiri.	Mendhegiri.	...
	2. Nigapa " " ...	9	" ...	" ...	
16	Kallapa Sidraya Charki ...	10	Bilur ...	Jath ...	32
	Total...				3,165

DIX A.

for the Year 1918–19.

Receipts during the year 1918-19			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.	Value of moveable property including documents in hand.	Area of land under management	
Recovery of debts.	Income derived from land &c.	Total.	Loan given.	Miscellaneous.	Total.			Acres.	Assessment.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
...	114	114	...	338	338	13	800	237	153
...	785	785	200	363	563	482	1,500	176	108
1,673	1,563	3,236	2,600	420	3,020	516	18,000	387	165
...	77	77	...	168	168	174	2,450	31	21
50	89	139	100	44	144	33	800	43	16
...	...	...	...	2	2	9	...	95	40
880	1,938	2,818	500	1,286	1,786	1,949	40,000	4,820	142
854	326	1,180	1,200	261	1,461	334	1,900	465	191
...	1,465	1,465	...	223	223	1,242	300	70	35
...	642	642	600	10	610	32	700	...	...
510	1,996	2,506	2,100	70	2,170	336	3,000	115	42
...	329	329	...	435	435	33	3,500	32	33
...	189	189	...	459	459	21	...	384	134
...	263	263	...	285	285	38	...	223	85
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	350	...	...
...	3,170	3,170	2,399	316	2,715	487	3,500	33	15
3,967	12,946	16,913	9,699	4,680	14,379	5,699	76,800	7,111	1,180

APPENDIX I.

Names of High Officials in the Jath State and Residency Officials, showing changes in personnel during the year 1918–19.

Names of Officers.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From.	To.	
Rao Bahadur S. R. Tirodkar ...	State Karbhari ...	12-7-07		
Mr. K. K. Gokhale ...	Sub-Judge ...	5-3-06		
Mr. V. J. Gidh-Chapwale, L. M. & S.	Chief Medical Officer ...	17-7-14		
Mr. A. M. Masurkar ...	Mamlatdar ...	10-10-04		

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Jath State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
1. So much of Regulation 8 of 1827 as is still in force in the Bombay Presidency ...	Yes.	India Act No. 8 of 1890 (Guardian and Wards Act). India Act No. 4 of 1882 (Transfer of Property Act). India Act No. 5 of 1881 (Probate of Administration Act) with amending Acts 6 of 1889 & 2 of 1890.	
2. Section 27 of the Bombay Regulation 12 of 1827 ...			
3. Indian Act No. 45 of 1860 and subsequent Acts amending the same ...			
4. India Act No. 6 of 1864 Whipping ...			
5. „ „ 1 of 1871 Cattle Tresspass ...			
6. „ „ 9 of 1872 Contract ...			
7. „ „ 1 of 1872 Evidence ...			
8. „ „ 10 of 1873 Oaths ...			
9. „ „ 2 of 1174 Jail ...			
10. „ „ 1 of 1877 Specific Relief ...			
11. „ „ 3 of 1877 Registration ...			
12. „ „ 1 of 1878 Opium ...			
13. „ „ 11 of 1878 Arms ...			
14. „ „ 10 of 1870 Land Acquisition ...			
15. „ „ 6 of 1878 Forest ...			
16. „ „ 3 of 1897 Epidemic Diseases ...			
17. „ „ 6 of 1898 Post Office ...			
18. „ „ 13 of 1885 Telegraph ...			
19. „ „ 5 of 1898 Criminal Procedure Code ...			
20. „ „ 2 of 1899 Stamp Act with all its amending Acts.			
21. „ „ 7 of 1870 Court Fees Act with all its amending Acts.			

APPENDIX II—(Continued).

	Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	Remark
22.	India Act No. 12 of 1899 Currency Notes Forgery Act with all its amending Acts.	Yes.	India Act No. 8 of 1890 (Guardian and Wards Act). India Act No. 4 of 1882 (Transfer of Property Act). India Act No. 5 of 1881 (Probate and Administration Act) with amending Acts 6 of 1859 and 2 of 1890.	
23.	„ „ 6 of 1908 Explosive ...			
24.	„ „ 5 of 1908 Civil Procedure Code ...			
25.	„ „ 9 of 1908 Limitation ...			
26.	„ „ 36 of 1858 Lunacy Act ..			
27.	„ „ 16 of 1910 Census ...			
28.	„ „ 18 of 1879 with subsequent amending Act No. 9 of 1884 and 11 of 1896, Legal Practitioner's Act.			
29.	„ „ 14 of 1882 Sections 344 and 360 Civil Procedure Code.			
30.	„ „ 3 of 1911 Criminal Tribes Act ...			
31.	„ „ 7 of 1889 Succession Certificate ...			
32.	Ordinance No. 1 of 1914 The Indian Naval and Military News (Emergency) Ordinance 1914.			
33.	Ordinance No. 3 Regulating the arrival in, and departure from, British India of Non-Asiatic Foreigners.			
34.	Bombay Act No. 8 of 1867 Village Police ...			
35.	„ „ 3 of 1874 Vatan Act ...			
36.	„ „ 5 of 1886 Amending Vatan Act ...			
37.	„ „ 3 of 1910 Amending Vatan Act ...			
38.	„ „ 5 of 1878 Abkari ...			
39.	„ „ 12 of 1912 Amending Abkari ...			
40.	„ „ 5 of 1879 Land Revenue ...			
41.	„ „ 4 of 1913 Amending Land Revenue...			
42.	„ „ 8 of 1866 Sale of Poisons ...			
43.	„ „ 3 of 1869 Local Funds ...			
44.	„ „ 3 of 1878 Tolls ...			
45.	„ „ 2 of 1890 Salt Act with the amending Acts.			
46.	„ „ The amendment of Section 84 of Act No. 6 of 1873 made by Clause (i) Section 49 of Bombay Act No. 2 of 1874.			
47.	„ „ 4 of 1890 District Police ...			
48.	„ „ 4 of 1912 Amending District Police...			
49.	„ „ 2 of 1906 Mamlatdars Courts ...			
50.	„ „ 3 of 1901 District Municipal ..			
51.	„ „ 4 of 1903 Record of Rights ...			

APPENDIX III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military force in the Jath State.

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength cost, discipline and education of the Police for the year 1918–19.

Description of	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmently.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By Money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs.								
Police Sub-Inspectors ...	1	45 + 15	12,993	...	10	...	...	13	62	58	
Constables of all grades including 6 sowars and 5 recruits ...	119	20, 18, 15, 12, 10, 9, 8, 7.									
Total...	120		12,993	...	10	...	...	13	62	58	

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Jath State during the year 1918–1919.

State.	Number of offences including the balance of last year.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions to accused arrested.		Percentage to convictions to accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Jath ...	124	196	64	161+8 balance of last year.	56	169+11 balance of last year.	27	113	18	47	42	66·8	32	62·7	20 remained under trial at the close of the year.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of the property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Jath State during the year 1918–19.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath ...	Rs. 7,510	Rs. 1,353	Rs. 2,372	Rs. 630	31·6	47·4	

APPENDIX--VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Jath State during the year 1918-19.

Description of Offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.											Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
								Imprisonment		Imprisonment and fine.																				
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple	Rigorous.	Fine.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
COGNIZABLE OFFENCES.																														
1. Criminal breach of trust by public Servant Sec. 409 I. P. C. ...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
2. Culpable homicide not amounting to murder Sec. 304 I. P. C. ...	2	1	3	...	3	10	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	
3. Causing grievous hut Secs. 324 & 325 I. P. C. ...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Robbery and Kidnapping Secs. 392 and 363 I. P. C. ..	1	2	3	2	3	8	4	..	3	1	...	..	..	4	4	...	..	...	.	...	1	..	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
5. Theft Secs. 379, 380 & 457 I. P. C.	...	25	25	12	25	50	39	2	9	1	23	4	...	39	11	...	...	30	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6. Dacoity Sec. 395 I. P. C. ...	1	8	9	2	5	50	44	..	43	...	1	...	...	44	2	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	21	..	1	6	...	...	4	
7. Dishonestly receiving stolen property Secs. 411 and 414 I. P. C....	...	3	3	3	3	4	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Mischief by fire Sec. 436 I. P. C...	...	3	3	1	1	4	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
9. Rape Sec. 376 I. P. C. ...	...	2	2	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	

10. Attempt to Murder Sec. 307 I.P.C.	...	1	1	...	1	5	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
11. Resistance to lawful apprehension Sec. 224 I. P. C.	...	2	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Criminal trespass and house trespass Secs. 447 and 448 I. P. C.	...	43	43	54	40	85	16	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	58	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
13. Miscellaneous ...	...	17	17	15	15	42	14	...	2	...	...	12	...	14	26	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Total ...	5	103	113	90	100	267	132	2	59	3	36	32	...	132	109	...	5	34	2	1	22	...	22	1	7	11	...	...	21
NON-COGNIZABLE OFFENCES.																													
1. Disobedience to an order Sec. 188 I. P. C.	...	2	2	...	2	6	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Cheating Sec, 417 I. P. C. ...	...	-	3	1	3	5	..	...		...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Causing miscarrige Sec. 321 I.P.C.	...	2	2	1	2	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Hurt Sec. 323 I. P. C. ...	1	75	76	90	75	171	26	...	...	...	...	26	...	26	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
5. Assault or use of criminal force Sec. 352 I. P. C. ...	...	4	4	8	4	3	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Enticing a married woman Sec. 498 I. P. C. ...	...	.	1	1	...	1	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
7. Mischief Sec. 426 I. P. C. ...	...	8	8	18	8	14	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Criminal intimidation Sec. 506 I P C.	...	7	7	16	7	15	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Miscellaneous ...	...	7	7	1	6	12	5	..	1	..	..	4	...	5	5	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Total...	1	104	110	145	107	239	49	...	2	...	...	47	...	49	177	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Other Acts...	2	24	26	16	25	53	12	...	1	...	...	11	...	12	40	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Grand Total...	8	2[illegible]	249	251	232	550	193	2	62	3	36	90	...	[illegible]	226	...	6	35	2	2	23	...	22	1	7	11	...	...	25

APPENDIX—VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1918–19.

o.	Name of Court	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1918–19.					Total.								
		Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Huzur Sessions Court ...	6	10	10	51	2	...	...	...	17	63	...	4	58	...	...	1	
2	District Magistrate's Court ...	131	109	+4	40	23	170	2	6	267	245	32	118	91	...	2	2	+ Out of the 5 persons remaining at the end of the last year in the District Magistrate's Court, one was transferred to Sub-Judge and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court.
3	Sub-Judge and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court.	6	10	+1	56	3	...	...	...	10	60	1	4	...	52	2	1	
4	Mamlatdar and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court	66	55	2	34	5	73	...	...	117	114	21	59	16	1	...	17	
5	Huzur Chitnis and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	9	5	...	11	...	2	...	...	18	13	9	...	4	...	...	...	
6	Head Karkun and 2nd Class Magistrate's Court ...	39	58	...	28	8	64	...	...	94	100	28	43	23	...	2	4	
7	Special Head Karkun and 3rd Class Magistrate ...	...	4	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	8	4	3	1	...	...	...	
	Total ..	251	241	7	169	9	317	2	6	506	540	95	227	135	53	6	24	
											+ 10 Remaining in the Sessions Court at the end of the last year.							
											550	95	231	193	53	6	25	

APPENDIX—IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decision passed by the Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1918-19.

Tribunals.	Number of application.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1. Chief of Jath ...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. District Magistrate, Jath ...	7	2	2	3	3	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	8	2	2	3	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX—X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1918-19.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 & under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs.	Y.M.D.	
1. 1st Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	..		...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	94	103	206	207	300	310	197	144	103	166	24,599	10	98	1	118	83	5	1	.	20	100	4	20	14,934	0-7-17	

APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1918–19.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
			Rs.			Rs			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.				
1st Class Sub-Judge Jath.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2nd Class Sub-Judge Jath.	138	139	21,[illegible]45	150	152	8,972	288	291	40 917	149	160	20,117	139	131	20,799	31	32	68	

APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work:—Number and results of appeals in civil suits.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of										Average duration.	
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Y. M. D.	Present year Y M.D.
1. Chief of Jath.	7	2	6	14	13	16	11	9	2	7	Rs 1186	Rs. 609	9	7	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	0–2–20	0–3–10

APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Jath State during the year 1918–19.

Stations.		Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
			Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total. Past year.	Total. Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
Jath ...	Tried ...	1	22	99	59	121	29-5	36-2	61	Rs. 6,550	...	5 convicts and 2 under trial prisoners died during the year in the Jail.
	Untried ...	1	6	124	36	130	4-4	18-7	4		55	

APPENDIX—XIV.

Registration of documents in the Jath State.

Name of State	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of documents presented. Mortgage.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds		Miscellaneous.		Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which Registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Jath.	712	1,008	194	326	335	475	7	17	...	...	176	190	712	1,008	2,07,329	,98,296	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1918–1919.

Description.	Past year.			Present year.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
1. Sale deeds ...	335	1,00,935	737	475	1,58,234	1,112	
2. Mortgage deeds.	194	70,672	467	326	97,488	702	
3. Farkats ...	4	10,040	22	8	6,954	35	
4. Agreement deeds.	2	150	4	5	400	12	
5. Kabulayats ...	112	6,725	125	75	5,918	91	
6. Adoption deeds.	14	2,400	45	29	1,000	82	
7. Gift deeds ...	31	12,350	82	45	17,390	118	
8. Money bonds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Wills ...	7	...	21	17	...	59	
10 Receipts ...	1	100	1	3	1,740	8	
11. Miscellaneous ...	12	3,957	985	25	9,172	1,356	
Total ...	712	2,07,329	2,489	1008	2,98,296	3,575	
Deduct expenditure.	...	...	465	...	...	480	
Net profit ...	...	...	2,024	...	...	3,095	

APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipality in the Jath State during the year 1918–19.

Name.	Opening balance on 7th June 1918.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on the 7th June 1919.	Remarks.
		Past.	Present		Past.	Present.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Jath ...	725	3104	3868	4593	2886	3881	712	

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rain-fall in the Jath State.

State.	June 1918.		July 1918.		August 1918.		September 1918.		October 1918.		November 1918.		December 1918.		January 1919.		February 1919.		March 1919		April 1919.		May 1919.		Total.		Total of past year.		Average of past five years.		Remarks.
	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	I.	C.	
Jath ...	0	70	0	84	0	13	7	13	0	95	2	73	2	24	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	15	3	55	18	51	24	83	30	24	

APPENDIX XVII A.

Statement showing the area sown with crops and their anna valuation for Fasli year 1328.

No.	Name of crops.	Area sown with crop.	Anna valuation.	Remarks.
	Kharif.	Acres.		
1	Rice ...	454	...	
2	Cotton ...	4541	...	
3	Sesamum ...	106	...	
4	Ground-nut ...	68	...	
5	Bajri ...	3000	...	
6	Tur-Dal ...	...	...	
7	Mataki ...	...	...	
8	Moog ...	...	...	
9	Vetch (हुलगा) ...	...	...	
	Rabi.			
10	Jowari ...	1,05,000	4 to 6	
11	Karadi ...	800	1	
12	Gram ...	150	1	
13	Wheat ...	588	...	
14	Linseed ...	...	...	
		1,14,707		

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains.

Articles.	During past year.		During present year.		Remarks.
	Lbs.	Tolas.	Lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari ...	19	20	9	...	
Bajri ...	19	20	...	...	
Wheat ...	16	20	6	30	
Rice ...	13	...	8	5	
Tur-Dall ...	12	...	6	30	

APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1918—1919.

Description of Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1. Repairs to Schools and extension to the English School.	...	...	...	650	369	1,019	1,019	
2. Repairs to State Buildings ...	...	963	963	...	...	...	963	
3. Extension to the Chief's Bungalow ...	215	...	215	...	...	...	215	
4. Repairs to Roads ...	...	...	...	...	3,057	3,057	3,057	
5. Water Supply ...	...	362	362	...	62	62	424	
6. Chowris ...	...	8	8	...	...	...	8	
7. Ground rent of the site at Bijapur for a Bungalow ...	...	...	77	...	...	...	77	
8. Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	312	312	
Total...	215	1,333	1,625	650	3,488	4,450	6,075	
ESTABLISHMENTS.								
1. Public Works ½ ...	...	...	348	...	...	696	1,044	
2 Guest House ...	...	...	653	...	...	...	653	
3. Medical ½ ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,376	2,376	
4. Vaccination ...	...	...	...	...	...	912	912	
5. Education ½ ...	...	...	...	...	...	5,731	5,731	
6. Pay of Salutry ...	...	...	...	...	...	180	180	
7. Cattle on Local Fund Establishment ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,072	1,072	
8. Remuneration to V. Officers on Local Fund Collections 9. Remuneration to Pound-Keepers ...	...	...	...	...	...	737	737	
Total...	...	..	1,001	...	...	11,704	12,705	
Grand Total...	...	..	2,626	...	...	16,154	18,780	

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural stock in the Jath State during the year 1918–19.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Jath ...	1918–19	17,603	10,869	5,788	455	8,562			74	35,013	3,576	1,648	17	1,588	

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the excise revenue of the Jath State during the year 1918–19.

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops	Revenue	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	
				Rs.		Rs.		Rs		Rs.	
Jath ...	3	Information not known.	2	985	3	...	4	...	12	985	

APPENDIX XXII-A.

Statement showing Receipts of the Jath State for the year 1918—19.

No.	Items.	1917-18.	1918-19.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening Balance...	56,132	49,128	...	7,004
1	Land Revenue ...	1,99,146	1,66,430	...	32,716
2	Sayar Revenue ...	7,199	6,795	...	404
3	Law and Justice ...	1,427	2,180	753	...
4	Police ...	33	9	...	24
5	Jail ...	...	...	...	...
6	Registration ...	2,489	3,575	1,086	...
7	Stamps ...	9,139	9,950	811	...
8	Interest ...	3,040	1,254	...	1,786
9	Forest ...	263	344	81	...
10	Public Works ...	...	...	...	...
11	Miscellaneous ...	230	223	...	7
12	Local Funds ...	15,879	13,109	...	2,770
13	School Receipts ...	17	10	...	7
14	Khasgi ...	5,654	4,644	...	1,010
15	Deshmukhi ...	22,217	18,584	...	3,633
16	Khawaskhani ...	17,243	14,147	...	3,096
17	Pension Fund :—				
	(1) Contribution by the State and Khasgi, Deshmukhi and Khawaskhani Estates.		1,800		
	(2) Contribution by State Servants ...	5,204	1,172	165	...
	(3) Recoveries of loan with interest given from the Pension Fund.		2,397		
18	Debt heads :—				
	(1) Loans :—				
	(a) Loan received from the British Government.	160	30,000	29,889	...
	(b) Recoveries of loan given ...		49		
	(2) Advances :—				
	(a) Tagai advanced ...	10,252	3,289	...	6,963
	(b) Advances given ...	...	...	...	...
	(3) Deposits ...	...	360	360	...
	Total...	2,99,592	2,80,321	33,145	52,416
	Alienated Lands...	22,768	22,560	...	208
	Total...	3,22,360	3,02,881	33,145	52,624
	Grand Total with balance ...	3,78,492	3,52,009	33,145	59,628

APPENDIX XXII-B.

Statement showing Disbursements of the Jath State for the year 1918—19.

No.	Items.	1917 18.	1918-19.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Administration ...	9,199	9,331	132	...
2	Land Revenue ...	25,272	25,475	203	...
3	Law and Justice ...	7,565	7,662	97	...
4	Police ...	14,295	12,993	...	1,302
5	Jail ...	2,806	6,550	3,744	...
6	Medical ½ ...	2,188	2,376	188	...
7	Forest ...	2,006	2,110	104	...
8	Registration ...	465	480	15	...
9	Public Works ...	4,608	2,626	...	1,982
10	Local Funds ...	19,462	16,154	...	3,308
11	Education ½ ...	5,158	5,731	573	..
12	Post ...	494	414	...	80
13	Stamps ...	248	471	223	..
14	Inam Adjustment and Nemnuks ...		38,036		
15	Pension Fund ...	41,201		3,079	..
	(1) Pension and Gratuity ...		2,619		
	(2) Loans given from Pension Fund ...		3,625		
16	Assignments under Treaties and Engagements	12,205	958	...	11,247
17	Liquidation of debt ...	22,625	27,707	5,082	...
18	Domestic charges :—				
	(1) Allowance to the Chief ...		36,000		
	(2) Allowance to Mai Saheb ...		4,800		
	(3) Allowance to Aka Saheb ...	46,350	600	1,582	...
	(4) Provision for the marriage of the Chief's children.		5,000		
	(5) Miscellaneous ...		1,532		
19	Miscellaneous ...	7,811	4,000	...	3,811
20	Refund ...	583	386	...	197
21	Khasgi ...	42,325	42,805	480	...
22	Deshmukhi ...	4,478	3,608	...	870
23	Khavaskhani .	2,315	2,907	592	...
24	Expenses on account of Recruiting ...	134	1 395	1,261	...
25	Famine Relief ...	2,989	7,164	4,175	...
26	Acting and Travelling allowance to the State servants.	152	466	314	...
27	Contribution to the Pension Fund ...	950	1,500	550	...
28	Expenses on account of epidemic diseases ...	172	226	54	...
29	Expenses on account of Darbar ...	...	8	8	...
30	Contribution to Criminal Tribes Settlement...	...	409	409	...

APPENDIX XXII-B—(*Continued*).

No.	Items.	1917-18.	1918-19.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
31	Debt heads :—				
	(1) Contribution to Indian War Loan ...	8,500	5,500	...	3,000
	(2) Advances :—				
	(a) Tagai advanced ...	...	835	835	...
	(b) Advances given ...	19,859	12,535	...	7,324
	(3) Deposits ...	181	...	...	181
	Total...	3,06,596	2,96,994	23,700	33,302
	Alienated Lands...	22,768	22,560	...	208
	Total...	3,29,364	3,19,554	23,700	33,510
	Closing Balance...	49,128	32,455	...	16,673
	Grand Total...	3,78,492	3,52,009	23,700	50,183

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Jath State during the year 1918–19.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of indoor patients.				Expenditure.	Daily Average.	Remarks.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Dis-charged.	Absent-ed.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Jath	5451	10	10	...	...	...	Rs. 4752	52	

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of Jath State for the year 1918–19.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath State	78,643	2,912	2301	...	611	2927	*11,790	8863	...	37	29	37·2	150	* Out of 11790 deaths, 10139 were from Influenza.

APPENDIX—XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Jath State for the year 1918–19.

Number of Schools.		Description of School.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st May.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
								Rs.	Rs.	
38	35	1 Anglo-Vernacular School ...	1,492	1,382	816	840	...	2,342	9,120	
		2 Girls' Schools ...								
		1 Veda School ...								
		29 Marathi Schools ...								
		2 Low-Caste Schools ...								

JATH,

19th August 1919.

S. R. TIRODKAR,

State Karbhari of Jath.

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No. 590 of 1920.

FROM,

The State Karbhari of Jath.

TO,

C. G. Henderson, Esquire, I. C. S.,

POLITICAL AGENT, BIJAPUR.

Jath, 12th August, 1920.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit, by direction of the Chief, the Administration Report of the Jath State for the year 1919–20 or Fasli year 1329 ending 6th June 1920, accompanied by the usual appendices.

Chapter I.

General and Political.

2. The area of the State is 980.8 Square miles. The population as per Census of 1911 is 78,643. The gross revenue of the State based on the average of past five years, excluding Service Inams, is Rs. 2,81,326. The average adjustment of Service Inams is Rs. 29,007.

3. The State annually pays to the British Government Rs. 11,247 – Rs. 6,400 in lieu of service of Horse Contingent and Rs. 4,847 for Sirdeshmukhi rights.

4. The Chief Meherban Ramrao Amritrao alias Abasaheb Dafle completed his 34th year on the 10th of January 1920. He is a Treaty Chief and a First Class Deccan Sardar. His wife, Shrimati Soubhagyavati Bhagirathibai Saheb, 2nd daughter of the late Rajesaheb of Akalkot, is 29 years of age.

5. I am glad to say that Shrimati Soubhagyavati Ranisaheb gave birth to a son on 6–3–1920. The Chief is thus blessed with five children-three sons and two daughters. The eldest son, Kumar Shri: Vijayasing alias Babasaheb is 11 years old; the second son, Kumar Shri: Ajitsing alias Bhausaheb is 8 years old and the third and the youngest son, Kumar Shri: Udayasing alias Bhayasaheb is a child of three months old. The elder daughter named Shri: Pramila Raje alias Akkasaheb is 10 years old while the second daughter Kumari Kamala Raje is five years old having been respectively born on 8th August 1910 and 30th August 1915.

6. The Kumars and their sisters are being carefully educated. Kumar Shri: Babasaheb is learning the 3rd English Standard and his younger brother Kumar Shri: Bhausaheb is studying the Marathi 4th Standard. Kumari Shri: Pramila Raje has completed the Marathi 4th Standard and is learning the 1st English Standard. Kumari Kamala Raje is only a beginner. All the three are making good progress under careful and experienced masters.

7. The Chief, Shrimati Ranisaheb and their children continued to enjoy good health during the year.

8. The Chief's adoptive step mother and widow of the late Chief-Bai Anandibai alias Maisaheb enjoys excellent health. Her daughter Shri: Soubhagyavati Yeshodabai alias Akkasaheb who is married to Sardar Pratapsinha Bhosale of Satara, is doing well at Satara.

9. On the 15th of June 1919, Mr. and Mrs. Kabraji came to Jath on a short private visit and left on the 17th.

10. On the 27th July 1919, the Chief went to Bijapur at the Political Agent's invitation to meet Their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Lloyd who came there on the 28th and had the pleasure of an interview with His Excellency during the stay. The Chief returned to Jath on the 29th.

11. The Chief again went to Bijapur to see Mr. Kabraji who was going on transfer to Surat and Mr. Master who was to succeed Mr. Kabraji as Collector and Political Agent.

12. On the 28th October 1919, the Rajesaheb of Akalkot came to Jath on a flying visit to the Chief and the Ranisaheb-the Rajesaheb's sister and after staying for a few hours returned to Bijapur.

13. In December 1919, the Chief and the Ranisaheb with all the children went to Bombay for the benifit of their health and returned to Jath after an absence of a month.

14. Mr. Henderson, Political Agent, Bijapur, paid an official visit to Jath in the month of February 1920 and during his stay, he visited the Mamlatdar's Kacheri, the Jail, the English School, the Dispensary and the Municipal Office. He returned to Bijapur on the 18th.

15 The only other distinguished guests who visited Jath were the Rajesaheb of Mudhol and the Chief of Jamkhandi and his consort. The former came here on the 22nd January 1920 and left on the 24th. The latter came on the 19th March and left the same day.

16 On the 22nd February 1920, the Chief went to Mudhol on a visit of condolence to the Chief on account of the sad death of his eldest son.

17. On the 29th of the same month, he went to Budhgaon to attend the Thread ceremony of the Chief's son, returning to Jath the next day.

18. In the month of April, the Chief with family went to Mahableshwar for summar season returning to Jath in June. During his stay, he had the pleasure of interviews with His Excellency the Governor and the Honourable Members of Council, the Political Secretary and other high officials of Government.

19. During the year, the following donations were given by the Darbar:—

Rs. 200 paid to Band of the 111th Mahars through the Honourable Mr. Mountford, the Commissioner, S. D.

Rs. 250 to Childrens' welfare scheme of Her Excellency Lady Lloyd in February 1920.

20. The news of the Germany having accepted the Allied Nations terms on the 28th June 1919 was received throughout the State with great rejoicings and the event was celebrated on the 19th July in various ways as detailed below :-

A Darbar was held at Jath by the Chief at which he read the summary of peace terms accepted by Germany.

The Peace terms were also read at several centres on the same day and copies of the peace terms were distributed to the public.

Thanks-giving services were also held on the 6th July in all Mosques and temples throughout the State.

21. On the 7th July, in commemoration of this happy event, 7 prisoners undergoing various terms of imprisonment were released, special remissions were granted to 6 convicts and 42 prisoners were granted remissions ranging from 2 to 11 months. 19th of July was observed as a public holiday.

22. On 11th November 1919, in deference to the wishes of His Imperial Majesty, all work was stopped exactly at 11 A. M. on Tuesday, the 11th of November 1919 and silence was observed for two minutes in commemoration of the Armistice.

Orders were also issued to observe similar silence in the neighbouring localities.

13th, 15th and 16th of December 1919 were declared to be public holidays throughout the State on account of Peace Celebrations and all public Offices and Schools were closed on those days.

On 13th, 15th and 16th December, sports of all kinds were held at Jath and throughout the State. At Jath, on the 16th, after the sports were finished, sweets were distributed to the boys and girls of all the Schools and prizes awarded to successful competitors.

At the same time, Rs. 1900 on account of post bellum relief to the dependants of deceased soldiers were distributed by the Chief and in the evening, all public and private buildings as well as all shops, temples and mosques were illuminated.

On the 14th, Religious Services were held and prayers offered in all temples and mosques at Jath and similar thanks-giving services were held in all other places of the State. On the same day, poor from all the parts of the State, were fed at Jath.

23. Appendix I gives the names of the high Officials of the State. The only change in the personnel during the year was that Dr. Gidh, the Chief Medical Officer, resigned the State service on account of ill health and the place remained vacant till the end of the year.

Chapter II.

Administration of Land.

24. The original Survey rates of all the lands in the State including 13 Dumala Villages were increased by 25 per cent in 1910. The rates are guaranteed for 15 years *i. e.* till 1925 A. D.

25. The total land lying waste at the beginning of the year under report, was 2,407 Acres and 18 Gunthas. 7 Acres and 2 Gunthas were added during the

year, thus making the total 2,414 Acres and 20 Gunthas. Out of this, 411 Acres and 17 Gunthas were taken up for cultivation during the year. The net area of waste land at the end of the year was 2,003 Acres and 3 Gunthas.

26. 70 Inam cases against 63 of the last year were settled during the year, under the Inam Rules.

27. There were no boundary disputes to be settled during the year under report.

28. The land revenue demand including Local Funds of Rs. 12,617 according to the Jamabandi of the year, amounted to Rs. 1,75,926 as against Rs. 1,71,062 in the preceding year. The arrears outstanding at the close of the last year amounted to Rs. 50,389. The total amount of land revenue for collection during the year, including arrears, was Rs. 2,26,315 against Rs. 2,01,347 of the last year, of which Rs. 1,97,943 were collected as against Rs. 1,50,617 of the previous year. Rs. 1,288 were written off as irrecoverable and Rs. 27,084 remained as arrears to be recovered at the close of the year. Much of this amount of arrears is due to adjustment and other causes and the net amount to be recovered is comparatively small.

29. The Jamabandi of Land Revenue of the Deshmukhi, Khavas-khani and Khasgi estates for the year amounted to Rs. 45,359. The arrears to be collected of the past years were Rs. 24,957 thus bringing the total amount for collection to Rs. 70,316; Rs. 36,946, out of this, were collected during the year leaving Rs. 33,370 to be recovered at the close of the year. The arrears are very large, and steps are in progress to recover them.

30. The total amount of arrears of Tagai advanced in past years, amounted to Rs. 17,525 of which Rs. 3,220 were recovered during the year (Rs. 2,357 principle + Rs. 863 interest).

31. During the year, Rs. 3,095 were advanced as Tagai to agriculturists—Rs. 250 for the improvement of lands and Rs. 2,845 for purchase of seeds &c. In addition to the above, Rs. 2,630 from the Jath Peoples' Bank were also advanced during the year under report, for the same purpose. The total amount remaining to be recovered at the close of the year, amounted to Rs. 18,263. Of this Rs. 14,095 were under the Land Improvement Loan's Act and Rs. 4,168 under the Agricultural Loan's Act.

32. No coercive measures other than a few initial notices had to be resorted to for the recovery of land revenue in the year.

Chapter III.

Legislation.

33. Appendix II gives the list of Laws and Acts in force in the State in the year under report.

No new Laws were introduced into the State during the year under report.

Military Force.

34. No Military Force is maintained in the State.

Police.

35. Appendix IV gives the strength, cost &c., of the Police force in the State, from which it will appear that the total strength of the Police was 120 *i. e.* the same as last year, namely :—1 Inspector, 21 Head Constables, 90 Constables, 6 Sowars and 2 Camel Sowars. Of the Policemen, 26 are armed with bored out Martini Rifles and 26 with Muzzle Loaders and all have been provided with batons. The armed Police are distributed as under :—

Jail and lock-ups	...	12
Guard duty	...	18
Detection &c.	...	22
	Total...	52

36. The Sowars are provided with swords and lances and they are employed on escort and other miscellaneous duties such as night patrolling and as body-guards on ceremonial occasions.

37. The total expenditure on the Police Department amounted to Rs. 14,941 as against Rs. 12,993 in the previous year, the increase being due to the revision of the pay of the several grades of the Police.

38. During the year, 9 Constables were departmentally punished and 5 were given money rewards against 10 and 13 of the previous year.

39. Out of the whole Police Force, 50 against 62 are able to read and write and the rest are illiterate.

40. The results of the working of the Police are given in Appendices V and VI which are summarised in the following manner :—

41. The total number of cases for disposal by the Police including those pending at the close of the last year was 170 as against 196 of the last year. Of these, 49 as against 64 were cognizable; 82 against 89 were struck off the file being found not to be punishable by Criminal Courts, and 39 against 43 remained under investigation with the Police at the end of the year.

42. In connection with these 49 cognizable cases, the Police arrested 87 persons as against 161 in the previous year and including 20 persons remaining with the Police at the close of the last year, the total number of persons was 107. Of these, 1 was under Police investigation, 65 were convicted; 33 acquitted or discharged and 8 remained under trial against 103 convicted, 47 acquitted or discharged and 19 remaining under trial in the preceding year.

Out of the 8 persons that remained under trial at the close of the year, 3 were in the Sessions Court, 1 in the Sub-Judge and I Class Magistrate's Court and 4 in the Mamlatdar and I Class Magistrate's Court.

43. The percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested and tried was respectively 61 and 61·3 against 66·8 and 62·7 in the previous year.

44. The value of the property stolen and recovered during the year under report, was Rs. 2,719 and Rs. 1,584 against Rs. 1,353 and Rs. 630 in the preceding year giving a percentage of 58·2 against 47·4 in the previous year.

45. The ratio of the Police to the area and the population of the State is 1 to every 8 square miles and 639 souls.

46. During the year, 2 cases of murder were reported with 4 persons involved therein, of whom 2 were convicted and 2 acquitted.

47. The number of dacoities reported during the year was 5 and including 3 cases—1 pending in the Sessions Court and 2 in the Magistrates' Courts, at the end of the last year, the total number for disposal was 8 with 13 persons involved therein of whom 9 involved in 7 cases were convicted, 1 was acquitted or discharged and 3 with one case remained under trial at the close of the year.

48. No cases of incendiarism were reported during the year but 3 persons in 2 cases remaining pending in the Magistrates' Courts at the close of the last year for this offence were tried and acquitted.

49. During the year, property worth Rs. 4,285 against Rs. 2,237 was destroyed accidently by fire.

50. The number of accidental deaths including 2 cases of suicide was 41 during the year against 22 in the previous year.

51. 10 Bad Characters were dealt with under Section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code in the year under report against nil in the previous year. All remained under trial at the close of the year.

52. During the year under report, the Police dexteriously captured two notorious dacoits, 1 Umya wd. Aba Berad and 2 Krishna wd. Subhana Berad. The former had escaped from the Jail with two other convicts on 23rd October 1918 and was for nearly 10 months eluding the Police. He was captured in his own village—Para—in Sangola Taluka, on the 18th August 1919. The latter with some of his associates in Jail, had escaped from the Aundh State Jail where he was undergoing sentence for dacoity committed at Kotyal in the Gundal Taluka of the Aundh State. He was caught at Gadhi in this State, on 8th September 1919.

Village Police.

53. The number of village Police was the same as last year. They assisted the District Police in the detection and prevention of crimes. Some of these serve partly on Service tenure and partly on remuneration in cash.

Criminal Tribes.

54. The only Criminal Tribe in the State are Bhamptas, Haranshikaris and Berads and necessary steps have been taken to restrict their movements and keep them in check.

Criminal Justice.

55. The total number of Criminal Courts at work in the State, during the year, was 10. The details of their work are given in Appendices VII and VIII.

56. The total number of offences that came up for trial before these Courts during the year, including 17 cases of the last year, was 240 as against 249 of the year before. The total number of accused persons including the balance of 25 of the preceding year, was 494 as against 550 of the last year. Of the 469 persons brought to trial during the year, the Police arrested 88 against 169; 40 against 39 were arrested upon warrants, 338 against 317 appeared on summons, 1 against 2 appeared voluntarily, 2 against 6 were arrested in the presence of the Magistrates. The total number of persons for disposal by Magistrates during the year was 493 of whom 70 were discharged, 301 were acquitted, 86 convicted, 20 committed to the Court of Sessions, 1 escaped and 15 remained awaiting trial at the close of the year. Of the 301 acquittals, 213 were compounded under Section 345 Criminal Procedure Code.

Including one person remaining in the Sessions Court at the close of the last year, there were twenty-one persons before the Courts of Sessions for disposal. Of these, 16 were convicted, 2 were acquitted and 3 remained under trial at the close of the year.

57. The amount of fine inflicted by the several Courts, during the year, amounted to Rs. 1,272 against Rs. 2,112 in the previous year. Including the unrecovered amount of fine of Rs. 1,047 remaining at the close of the last year, the total amount for recovery, during the year, was Rs. 2,319, out of which Rs. 1,206 were realised and Rs. 1,113 remained as balance at the close of the year. The arrears have remained partly owing to some accused residing in Foreign territory and partly to the poverty of the men. Steps are being taken to recover the balance.

58. Appendix IX shows the work done by the Appellate Courts. The number of Appellate Courts during the year remained the same namely 2.

59. The Chief's Court had before it 8 appeals against 1 in the previous year. In 6 cases, the decision of the Lower Courts were confirmed and in 2 cases, the sentences were modified.

60. The District Magistrate's Court had before it 14 appeals. Out of these, 8 were confirmed, 3 were modified and 3 reversed.

Revision.

61. As a Court of Revision, the Chief had before him 2 applications including 1 of the last year, for disposal, against the same number, last year. In one case, the decision of the Lower Court was confirmed and in the other, it was reversed.

Civil Justice.

62. The work done by the Civil Courts during the year is given in Appendices X and XI. The number of Civil Courts at work during the year under report, was the same as in the preceding year, namely 2. There was no case before the I Class Sub-Judge, during the year.

63. The number of suits filed in the II Class Sub-Judge's Court, was 205 and including the balance of 166 remaining undisposed of at the end of the last year, the total number of suits for disposal, during the year, was 371 against 310 of the last year. Of these, 174 suits against 144 were decided during the year and 197 suits against 166 remained, pending at the close of the year. The balance of pending suits is very large and the attention of the Sub-Judge has been drawn to it.

Out of the 205 suits, filed during the year, 116 were for landed property, 87 were for money transaction and 2 for other rights.

The average duration of suits was 9 months and 25 days as against 7 months and 17 days of the last year.

64. The value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 30,257 as against Rs. 24,599 and the value of suits disposed of was Rs. 26,638 as against Rs. 14,934 of the last year.

Appellate Court.

65. Appendix XII gives the work done by the Appellate Court. The total number of appeals for disposal by this Court, including the balance of 7 in the previous year, was 17 as against 16 of the last year. Of these, 8 against 9 were disposed of during the year leaving a balance of 9 against 7 in the previous year.

The average duration of appeals was 4 months and 25 days against 3 months and 10 days in the previous year.

66. The Chief's Court exercises the powers of the High Court as well as those of the District Judge.

Execution of Decrees.

67. The total number of applications for execution of decrees, including the balance of 131 from the last year, was 309 against 291 of the previous year. Of these, 164 against 160 were disposed of during the year and 145 against 131 remained pending at the end of the year.

The Mamlatdars' Courts Acts.

68. During the year under report, 7 suits were filed in the Mamlatdar's Court against 5 suits in the previous year, and including 1 pending at the close of the last year, there were 8 suits for disposal during the year, before the Mamlatdar, all of which were disposed of during the year. The average duration of suits was 2 months and 4 days against 45 days in the last year. One revision application was made against the order of the Mamlatdar in which the decision of the Lower Court was reversed.

Watan Act.

69. One appeal against the decision of the State Karbhari and Collector was made to the Chief, under the Watan Act, in which the order of the State Karbhari was upheld.

One revision application is pending in the Chief's Court.

Extradition.

70. During the year under report, 9 persons against 23 in the last year, were obtained by extradition from the British Government and 4 against nil from Native States. Of these 13 persons so obtained, 10 were convicted, 1 acquitted and 2 remained under trial in the State Courts.

7 persons were surrendered to British Courts and 5 to Native States, during the year.

Prisons.

71. There is one Jail at Jath. The building is fairly effcient for present requirements. It is strong and well ventilated. There is ample accommodation for male prisoners but there is no separate accommodation for female convicts. Also there are some inconveniences in the Jail building, which it is under consideration to remove. Appendix XIII gives information regarding details of the working of the prisoners confined in the Jail.

62 prisoners were admitted in Jail during the year, against 99 in the year before. Including 61 prisoners remaining over at the close of the last year, the total number of prisoners was 123 against 121 of the previous year. Of these 87 prisoners were released in the course of the year, 2 died, 1 escaped from Jail and 33 prisoners against 61 remained in the Jail at the close of the year.

72. The Official and Non-Official visitors inspected the Jail periodically.

73. The prisoner who escaped was the notorious dacoit, Laxya who had been captured by the Jath Police only 15 months before (on the 6th August 1918)

after a hard fight and after killing two of his associates in the jungle of Sindur, and the particulars of whose capture were reported in Para 54 of the last year's report.

On the 29th of December 1919, at about 2 P. M., he and Raojya Magar of Raderatti were taken out in charge of an armed Police and a Warder along with other prisoners to pump water from the well situated at about 2 furlongs from the Jail. At about 3 P. M. Laxya and Raojya pretending that they wanted to go to answer the call of Nature went a little out of the usual limit for the purpose and anyhow decamped from that place. Finding that they did not return in time, the two guards went to the place and found that they had escaped. An alarm was instantly given and after pursuing them for 4 miles, Raojya was caught while Laxya disappeared. He has collected about 12 runaway convicts about him and they are committing various sorts of offences in the Bijapur and Belgaum Districts and Jamkhandi and Aundh States. The Darbar is carefully considering the steps to be taken for bringing to book Laxman and his gang.

74. The health and conduct of the prisoners was generally good.

75. There is no industry attached to the Jail. The prisoners are employed in the State gardens, in pumping water and odd works.

76. Prisoners got remissions according to the marks system.

77. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 5,275 as against Rs. 6,550 in the previous year.

78. The dietary cost per head per annum was Rs. 88 against the same amount in the previous year.

79. There is one lock-up for under-trial prisoners. There were 4 under-trial prisoners in the lock-up at the close of the last year. 62 under-trial prisoners against 124 were admitted in the lock-up, during the year, the total number of prisoners being 66. Of these, 65 were either convicted or discharged and one remained in the lock-up.

Registration.

80. The details of the work done by the Registration Department are given in Appendix XIV. and Appendix XV. The total number of documents presented for registration was 891 against 1,008 in the previous year, all of which were registered. The total value of documents registered during the year, was Rs. 2,51,320 as against Rs. 2,98,296 in the previous year. The receipts on account of the registration of the documents amounted to Rs. 3,129 as against Rs. 3,575 of the preceding year and the expenditure incurred was Rs. 470 against Rs. 480.

Municipalities.

81. Information regarding receipts and expenditure of the only Municipality is given in Appendix XVI. The Municipality consists of 12 members including the President, all nominated. The receipts and expenditure for the year under report amounted to Rs. 3,559 and Rs. 3,573 as against Rs. 3,868 and Rs. 3,881 respectively. The closing balance of the current year was Rs. 697.

The principal sources of income of the Municipality are house-tax, Sanitary cess, Shingoti tax and tax on exported goods. Proposals for levying octroi and revising the present house tax schedule are under the consideration of the Municipality.

Sanitation, lighting and road repairs within the Municipal limits are well attended to.

Wards Estates.

82. Particulars of the Wards Estates are given in Appendix A. The Estates are under the management of the Mamlatdar's Head Karkun, who exercises careful supervision over the Minors' Estates under the Chief's orders. At the beginning of the year, there were 32 Wards with 13 Estates under the care of the State. 6 new Wards and 3 Estates came under the management of the State, during the year.

Out of 38 Wards, 26 are boys and 12 are girls.

Chapter IV.

Production and Distribution.

83. Weather, crops and rain-fall :—Appendix XVII gives figures showing rain-fall at Jath, during the year under report. The total rain-fall during the year was 27 Inches and 92 Cents as against 18 Inches and 51 Cents. The average of the past five years is 29 Inches and 86 Cents. The year's rain-fall, though more than the average, was not seasonable. The rain that fell in June measured 7 Inches and 29 Cents and enabled Kharip crops to be sown. But owing to very scanty rains in July and August, Kharip crops withered and yielded a very poor out-turn of 2 annas.

The late rains were more copious than timely and the result was that the out-turn of crops was not, in many places, as it was expected to be.

The out-turn of several kinds of crops and the area sown will be seen from Appendix XVII.

84. Appendix XVIII compares the prices of food-grains in the year under report with those of the previous year. Prices of food-grains fell considerably except rice.

Wages and Labour.

85. The wages of skilled and unskilled labour ranged respectively from 14 annas to one Rupee and 6 annas to 8 annas per day. Throughout the year, the demand for labour was very great and the labouring classes were better off than others.

86. Appendix XX shows the number of agricultural stock, during the year. It will be seen that agricultural stock was in a better condition than last year.

Forests.

87. The total forest area, at the beginning of the year, was 38,014 Acres and 16 Gunthas. This year, 41 Acres and 17 Gunthas assessed at Rs. 3–4–0 were added to and 32 Acres assessed at Rs. 2–2–0 were thrown out of forests. The net forest area at the end of the year was 38,023 Acres and 33 Gunthas. Out of this, 3,639 Acres and 37 Gunthas are included in the Reserved Forests and 34,383 Acres and 36 Gunthas constitute open forests. Seeds of Babul, Limb and other forest trees are annually planted in closed forests and young plants in some places are thriving well.

88. The revenue realised from grazing fees amounted Rs. 7,974 and that derived from the sale of grass, wood and fuel &c., in the reserved forests, amounted to Rs.602 as against Rs.6,158 and Rs.344 respectively in the previous year. The expenditure of the Forest Department amounted to Rs. 2,383, as against Rs. 2,110 in the preceding year.

89. The appointment of a trained Forest Officer suggested by the Commissioner, S. D. has not been yet made, partly because the forests of the State contain rocky soil and are unfit for luxuriant growth and partly because, the State is heavily in debt. However, the Commissioner's suggestion will be given effect to, as an experimental measure, as soon as the State is freed from debt.

Post Offices.

90. There is one combined Sub-Post Office and Telegraph Office at Jath, with two postal lines—one to Miraj and the other to Bijapur. There are also two Branch Post Offices—one at Umdi and the other at Daflapur.

Trade and Manufacture.

91. There is no trade of any kind at Jath and there is no hope of the town ever becoming a trade centre, as the people are all mostly agriculturists.

Besides cocoanuts, sugar and salt, which are the usual articles of import, rice jaggery and kerosine oil are also imported and cotton, bajri and gram are exported.

92. The principle manufactures are coarse country cloth and country blankets by hand-looms. Carpets and brass pots are made at Umdi and felt rugs at Vaspet but the manufacture of these articles is declining.

Excise Revenue.

93. The Abkari rights of this State have been farmed to British Government for a period of five years subject to revision every three years, for an yearly amount of Rs. 5,150. Appendix XXI shows the number of shops &c.

The sales of country liquor and toddy at these shops, during the year, were respectively 2,641 Gallons and 30 Drams and 9,086 Gallons, as against 2,477 Gallons and 44 Drams and 7,456 Gallons and 40 Drams respectively in the preceding year.

The Hemp-drugs lease too has been farmed to British Government for five years, the yearly amount payable to the State being fixed at Rs. 1,047 subject also to revision every third and fifth year.

94. From opium sales, the State obtained an income of Rs. 1,204. This revenue represents the difference between the actual cost charged to the State by the Government Depot and the fixed rate per lb. of sale to the licensee.

Public Works.

95. Appendix XIX shows the distribution of the amounts on public works. Out of the total expenditure of Rs. 16,232, Rs. 4,821 were expended on repairs of the several works and roads the balance being spent on meeting charges of various Public Works and Local Fund Establishments.

Famine.

96. During the year under report, owing to high prices prevailing, Rs. 2,401 were spent in giving dole to blind and decrepit people as well as to

inferior village servants and Rs. 5,389 were given as scarcity allowance to low-paid servants of the State, who, on account of high prices of foodgrains and other things, were unable to make both ends meet.

Grain Store Societies.

97. With a view to meet emergencies in years of scarcity, 3 Grain Store Societies were started during the year on co-operative credit system as an experimental measure, at Sankh, Umdi and Balgaum and similar Societies will be established gradually in other villages. Grain collected at the above mentioned villages was 42 Maunds at Sankh, 78 Maunds at Umdi and 29 Maunds at Balgaum. The grain so collected will be first sold to needy persons, residendents of the same villages, at a small profit and then to persons of the neighbouring villages, should any quantity be available.

The scheme is still in its infancy and it is to be seen how it works.

General Condition of the State and People.

98. The season was good for Rabi but it was not favourable for Kharip and hence the year was only fair.

Fodder supply was sufficient and the agricultural stock has slightly increased as will be seen from Appendix XX. Prices of staple food-grains have fallen. Water supply was sufficient. Cholera broke out in 9 villages and small-pox in 18. Prompt measures were taken to check the spread of the epidemic.

The public health was good throughout the year and they withstood the last scarcity without any hard-ship.

Mint.

99. There is no Mint at Jath.

Chapter V.

Revenue and Finances.

100. Appendix XXII compares the total receipts and expenditure of the State, for the year under report, with those of the past year.

101. The opening balance of the State was Rs. 32,455. During the year under report, the gross revenue of the State exclusive of Inam adjustments, was Rs. 3,17,112 as against Rs. 2,50,321 of the previous year showing an increase of Rs. 66,791, which is due to various causes but mainly to the recovery of arrears of land revenue which remained outstanding last year. The items of increase are as follows :—

Items.	Increase Rs.	
Land Revenue	48,653	Due to recovery of outstanding arrears.
Stamps	597	The increase is due to good season.
Local Fund	2,607	The same explantion as is given in the case of item No. 1, applies to this.
Khasgi	584	Due to the recovery of arrears remaining uncollected at the close of the last year owing to bad year.
Deshmukhi	7,308	
Khavas-khani	5,419	

102. On the expenditure side also, there is an increase of Rs. 73,944, the total expenditure of the year being Rs. 3,70,938 against Rs. 2,96,994 of the previous year. The causes of increases under the several heads of expenditure are as under :-

Increases.

1 Police.—The increase of Rs. 1,948 is due to the purchase of Police dress and the revision of the pay of the several grades.

2 Assignments under treaties and engagements.—The increase of Rs. 22,494 is due to the payment, during the year, of the past year's tribute which had been postponed on account of bad season.

3 Liquidation of debt.—The increase of Rs. 65,840 is due to the repayment of debt with interest of the Government loan of Rs. 30,000 and other minor debts.

4 Expenses on account of Darbar.—The increase of Rs. 1,005 is due to the purchase of chairs for the use of the Darbar.

5 Debt heads.—A loan of Rs. 1,000 is given to the Jath Peoples' Bank.

The increases under the other heads of expenditure being slight need no explantion.

103. At the beginning of the year under report, the debt due by the State to Government and Shrimant Ranisaheb stood at Rs. 60,000 (Rs. 30,000 to Government and Rs. 30,000 to Ranisaheb). A further loan of Rs. 17,000 was taken from the Ranisaheb, during the year, to meet administration expenses, making the total debt due to her to Rs. 47,000.

During the year of report, Government debt amounting to Rs. 30,000 only was paid off with interest, as reported in para 102 above, leaving Shrimant Ranisaheb's debt to be paid.

104. In addition, the State was obliged, during this year, to borrow a fresh debt from Government, amounting to Rs. 1,10,000 for paying the Chief's private debt and for the construction of the Palace, the want of which has been greatly felt owing to there being not enough accommodation for the increased number in the family of the Chief.

The total debt due by the State stands as follows:—

1 Government debt	...	Rs. 1,10,000
2 Shrimant Ranisaheb's debt	...	Rs. 47,000
		Rs. 1,57,000

Chapter VI.

Medical Relief and Vital Statistics.

105. The details of the work done by the Jath Dispensary will be seen from the Appendix XXIII. There is only one Dispensary at Jath and it is in charge of

a qualified Medical Officer. The total number of patients treated in the Dispensary, during the year, was 4,365 as against 5,461. There was a decrease of 1,096 patients. The daily average attendance was 41 as against 52 last year. The expenditure on medical relief etc., was Rs. 3,632 against Rs. 4,752 in the preceding year.

The prevailing diseases, during the year, were fevers of intermitent type, Diarrhoe, Intestinal complaints and eye diseases, stomach and bowel complaints and skin diseases.

The long felt want of a Nurse at the Dispensary to treat female patients, will be supplied very shortly.

Vaccination.

106. The State Vaccinators do the vaccination work under the supervision of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, S. R. Circle, Belgaum and the Inspector of the Bijapur District. The total number of children vaccinated during the year was 3,019 against 2,414 of the previous year. Out of the number of 3,019 vaccinated, 386 proved unsuccessful. Calf lymph is in use, the supply of which is received from the Government Vaccine Depot at Belgaum. The total expenditure on account of Vaccination Department, during the year, was Rs. 1,017 against Rs. 912 of the last year.

107. Appendix XXIV gives the number of births, deaths and the ratio per mille of population.

The total number births and deaths during the year was 2,394 and 1,767 against 2,301 and 11,790 respectively of the previous year.

The ratios of births and deaths per mille of population was 30·4 and 22·4 against 29 and 150 respectively of the previous year.

108. There was no plague in the State during the year but cholera broke out in 9 villages and small-pox in 18. The former carried away 121 out of 226 attacked and the letter 23 out of 253.

Chapter VII.

Education.

109. The particulars of the schools in the Jath State are given in Appendix XXV. The number of schools at the beginning of the year was 35 as against 38 in the year before. One school, which had been closed in the preceding year, was reopened and two schools were temporaily closed, during the year owing to poor attendance thus making the total number of working schools during the year, to 34. Of these schools, one is Anglo-vernacular school, one Girls school, 2 low caste schools 29 boys' schools and one Vedic school. Education is given free in all these schools.

110. The number of scholars on the roll in all the schools during the year, fell from 1,382 to 1,283. The daily average attendence however was larger being 871 against 840. Out of the three students sent up from the Jath and the Umdi schools for Vernacular Final Examination, one only passed.

111. The Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the Bijapur District inspected 24 schools and the rest were examined by the Head Masters of the English school and Vernacular school No. 1 Jath.

112. The total expenditure on Education was Rs. 10,918 as against Rs. 11,462 of the previous year.

Chapter VIII.

Miscellaneous.

113. Jath Peoples' Bank.—This Bank continued to do useful work in meeting the wants and difficulties of the needy persons. Loans at low rate of interest on good securities are given by this Bank to the State people. The opening balance of the Bank was Rs. 895. During the year, Rs. 1,600 were collected by the sale of new shares. Recoveries made during the year, out of the amounts advanced to debtors, amounted to Rs. 7,215 of which Rs. 4,950 were on account of principal and Rs. 2,265 represent interest; Rs. 9,350 were invested as deposits by private persons. The Bank had thus for disposal Rs. 19,060 out of which Rs. 6,485 were advanced as loan during the year, Rs. 259 were spent on account of Establishment charges, Rs. 1,148 were paid as interest to Shareholders, Rs. 1,000 were re-paid to Depositors leaving a balance of Rs. 10,168 at the close of the year.

The work done by the Bank was very satisfactory and with continued efforts, the Institution will be very popular in a few years.

Printing Press.

114. There is one Printing Press at Jath maintained by the State and worked by convict labour. Circulars and forms of all sorts are printed in the Press.

No News-papers or Magazines are published in the State.

Libraries.

115. There is one public Library at Jath supported partly by State fund and partly by public subscriptions. The Library is registered. It subscribes to a few Magazines and News-papers and has a stock of English and Marathi Books.

Wild-animals.

116. There are no wild animals in the State except wolves and wild boars. There were 4 deaths from snake bites during the year as against 5 in the preceding year.

Fairs.

117. The annual fair of Yellamma Goddess was held as usual in December last at Jath and it lasted for 3 days. The number of cattle brought for sale was large. The cattle-show was held as usual at the fair, and prizes amounting to Rs. 156 were awarded to selected animals.

Tour.

118. I visited the greater part of the State, examined village accounts and Ryats' receipt books and inspected schools. I also enquired into the complaints of the people and their wants were attended to as far as possible.

Financial Condition.

119. The financial condition of the State continues unfavourable. The total amount of debt to-day stands at Rs. 1,57,000 as explained in para 104 above.

120. In conclusion, I am desired by the Chief to offer his sincere and grateful thanks to Mr. Kabraji, Mr. Master and to you for the ever kind and sound advice given to him from time to time in important matters.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. R. TIRÓDKAR

State Karbhari of Jath.

LIST OF APPENDICES ACCOMPANYING THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE JATH STATE FOR THE YEAR 1919-20.

No.	Name of Appendix.
A	Minors and their Estates.
1	High officials in the State.
2	Laws in force in the State.
3	Military Force. (Nil).
4	Strength &c. of the Police.
5	Working of the Police.
6	Value of property stolen and recovered.
7	Crimes and their nature.
8	Working of the Criminal Courts.
9	Criminal Appeals.
10	Civil work—Nature and value of original suits.
11	Civil work—Execution of decrees.
12	Civil work—Appeals.
13	Jail and Lock-ups.
14	Registration of documents.
15	Registration-receipts and expenditure.
16	Municipalities, receipts and expenditure.
17	Rainfall.
17-A	Area sown with crops and their anna valuation.
18	Prices of food grains.
19	Public works expenditure.
20	Agricultural stock.
21	Excise shops and revenues.
22-A	Receipts.
22-B	Disbursements.
23	Medical Relief.
24	Vital Statistics.
25	State Schools.

APPEN

Minors and their Estates

No.	NAME.	Age.	Place of residence.	Place of education.	Opening Balance. Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Kadapa Sangagouda Patil ...	12	Kaloti ...	Malapur (Mudhol State).	33*
2	Chandrabai Kom Changouda Patil ...	17	Mendhegiri.	...	482
3	Trimbak Ramchandra Parolkar ...	11	Sankh ...	Sankh ...	516
4	Shripad Govind Kanade ...	12	Jath ...	Jath ...	174
5	Chandrabai Rangu Sonyalkar ...	11	" ...	" ...	33
6	Bhau Daji Jagtap ...	21	Boblad ...	" ...	9
7	1. Siwapa Sidramappa Hatti ...	12	Jath ...	...	1,949
	2. Dhanawa father Sidramapa ...	12	" ...	Jath ...	
	3. Dundawa father Sangapa ...	11	" ...	...	
	4. Gunawa " " ...	6	" ...	" ...	
	5. Gourawa " " ...	8	" ...	" ...	
	6. Satirawa " " ...	4	" ...	" ...	
8	1. Ramagouda Changouda Patil ...	16	Umrani ...	...	334
	2. Girmalla " " ...	9	" ...	Umrani ...	
	3. Erappa " " ...	9	" ...	..	
9	1. Nivratti Vithu Bandagar ...	16	Salgar Khurd.	" ...	1,242
	2. Sadu " " ...	7	" ...	" ...	
10	1. Tuka wd. Bhairu Dhor ...	8	Balgaon ...	" ..	32
	2. Sambhu " " ...	7	" ...	" ...	
11	1. Madavela Nagapa Dhulgouda ...	6	Umdi ...	" ...	319*
	2. Sivagangawa father Madavela ...	9	" ...	" ...	
12	1. Dhanawa father Siwapa Dolli ...	12	Jath ...	" ...	32*
	2. Parawa " " " ...	9	" ...	" ...	
	3. Sawitri " " " ...	6	" ...	" ...	
13	1. Ramchandra Narayan Jagtap ...	23	Boblad ...	" ...	21
	2. Shankar Madhavrao Jagtap ...	26	" ...	" ...	
	3. Bhausaheb " " ...	23	" ...	" ...	
14	1. Baburao Keshavrao Sawant ...	22	Jath ...	" ...	44*
	2. Bhausaheb " " ...	18	" ...	Jath ...	
15	1. Parbu Satyapa Basargi ...	15	Mendhegiri.	Mendhegiri.	...
	2. Nigapa " " ...	10	" ...	" ...	
16	Kallapa Sidraya Charki ...	11	Bilur ...	Jath ...	489*

* The difference between the closing balance of the last year and the opening balance of the current year is due to figures wrongly supplied by the then Wahiwatdar.

DIX A.

for the Year 1919-20.

Receipts during the year 1919-20			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.	Value of moveable property including documents in hand.	Area of land under management	
Recovery of debts.	Income derived from land &c.	Total.	Loan given.	Miscellaneous.	Total.			Acres.	Assessment.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
...	833	833	...	577	577	289	800	237	153
200	831	1,031	800	321	1,121	392	1,500	176	108
30	139	169	450	227	677	8	18,325	387	165
310	341	651	325	258	583	242	2,775	31	21
...	55	55	...	32	32	56	800	43	16
...	124	124	...	1	1	132	...	95	40
1,793	3,949	5,742	2,525	4,097	6,622	1,069	42,525	4,820	143
55	87	142	350	7	357	119	2,250	465	191
300	...	300	1,100	154	1,254	288	1,400	70	35
...	50	50	...	58	58	24	600	...	[illegible]
1,525	288	1,813	1,400	130	1,530	602	4,400	115	42
597	293	890	...	740	740	182	3,500	32	33
...	618	618	...	...	...	639	...	215	99
...	171	171	...	206	206	9	...	211	70
...	20	20	...	...	...	20	514	...	...
199	127	326	250	228	478	337	3,750	33	15

APPEN

No.	NAME.	Age.	Place of residence.	Place of education.	Opening Balance. Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6
17	Malapa Mahalingapa Loni ...	11	Jath ...	Jath ...	543
18	1. Gadagaya Apaya Swami ...	10	" ...	" ...	568
	2. Chanbasaya Apaya ...	8	" ...	" ...	
	3. Murgaya Apaya ...	7	" ...	" ...	
	4. Ningaya Apaya ...	5	" ...	" ...	
19	Anasuya father Dada Sawant ...	11	Banali ...	" ...	68
	Total ...				6,888

DIX A.—(Continued).

Receipts during the year 1919-20			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.	Value of moveable property including documents in hand.	Area of land under management	
Recovery of debts.	Income derived from land &c.	Total.	Loan given.	Miscellaneous.	Total.			Acres.	Assessment:
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
...	37	37	350	75	425	155	500	...	...
...	5	5	400	40	440	133	600	19	20
...	...	...	...	68	68	...	...	177	39
5,009	7,968	12,977	7,950	7,219	15,169	4,696	84,239	7,126	1,190

APPENDIX I.

Names of High Officials in the Jath State and Residency Officials, showing changes in personnel during the year 1919–20.

Names of Officers.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From.	To.	
Rao Bahadur S. R. Tirodkar ...	State Karbhari ...	12- 7-07		
Mr. K. K. Gokhale ...	Sub-Judge ...	5- 3-06		
Mr. V. J. Gidh-Chapwale, L. M. & S.	Chief Medical Officer ...	17- 7-14	14-4-20	
Mr. A. M. Masurkar ...	Mamlatdar ...	10-10-04		

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Jath State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
1. So much of Regulation 8 of 1827 as is still in force in the Bombay Presidency ...	YES.	NIL.	
2. Section 27 of the Bombay Regulation 12 of 1827 ...			
3. Indian Act No. 45 of 1860 and subsequent Acts amending the same ...			
4. India Act No. 6 of 1864 Whipping ...			
5. „ „ 1 of 1871 Cattle Tresspass ...			
6. „ „ 9 of 1872 Contract ...			
7 „ „ 1 of 1872 Evidence ...			
8. „ „ 10 of 1873 Oaths ...			
9 „ „ 2 of 1874 Jail ...			
10, „ „ 1 of 1877 Specific Relief ...			
11. „ „ 3 of 1877 Registration ...			
12. „ „ 1 of 1878 Opium ...			
13. „ „ 11 of 1878 Arms ...			
14. „ „ 10 of 1870 Land Acquisition ...			
15. „ „ 6 of 1878 Forest ...			
16. „ „ 3 of 1897 Epidemic Diseases ...			
17. „ „ 6 of 1898 Post Office ...			
18. „ „ 13 of 1885 Telegraph ...			
19. „ „ 5 of 1898 Criminal Procedure Code ...			
20. „ „ 2 of 1899 Stamp Act with all its amending Acts.			
21. „ „ 7 of 1870 Court Fees Act with all its amending Acts.			
21a „ „ 15 of 1903 Extradition Act ...			

APPENDIX II—(Continued).

	Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
22.	India Act No. 12 of 1899 Currency Notes Forgery Act with all its amending Acts.	YES.	NIL.	
23.	„ „ 6 of 1908 Explosive ...			
24.	„ „ 5 of 1908 Civil Procedure Code ...			
25.	„ „ 9 of 1908 Limitation ...			
26.	„ „ 36 of 1858 Lunacy Act ...			
27.	„ „ 16 of 1910 Census ...			
28.	„ „ 18 of 1879 with subsequent amending Act No. 9 of 1884 and 11 of 1896, Legal Practitioner's Act.			
29.	„ „ 14 of 1882 Sections 344 and 360 Civil Procedure Code.			
30.	„ „ 3 of 1911 Criminal Tribes Act ...			
31.	„ „ 7 of 1889 Succession Certificate ...			
32.	Ordinance No. 1 of 1914 The Indian Naval and Military News (Emergency) Ordinance 1914.			
33.	Ordinance No. 3 Regulating the arrival in, and departure from, British India of Non-Asiatic Foreigners.			
34.	Bombay Act No. 8 of 1867 Village Police ...			
35.	„ „ 3 of 1874 Vatan Act ...			
36.	„ „ 5 of 1886 Amending Vatan Act ...			
	„ „ 3 of 1910 Amending Vatan Act ...			
38.	„ „ 5 of 1878 Abkari ...			
39.	„ „ 12 of 1912 Amending Abkari ...			
40.	„ „ 5 of 1879 Land Revenue ...			
41.	„ „ 4 of 1913 Amending Land Revenue...			
42.	„ „ 8 of 1866 Sale of Poisons ...			
43.	„ „ 3 of 1869 Local Funds ...			
44	„ „ 3 of 1878 Tolls ...			
45.	„ „ 2 of 1890 Salt Act with the amending Acts.			
46.	„ „ The amendment of Section 84 of Act No. 6 of 1873 made by Clause (i) Section 49 of Bombay Act No. 2 of 1874.			
47.	„ „ 4 of 1890 District Police ...			
48.	„ „ 4 of 1912 Amending District Police...			
49.	„ „ 2 of 1906 Mamlatdars Courts ...			
50.	„ „ 3 of 1901 District Municipal ..			
51.	„ „ 4 of 1903 Record of Rights ...			

APPENDIX III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military force in the Jath State.

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength cost, discipline and education of the Police for the year 1919–20.

Description of	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmently.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By Money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.								
Police Inspector ...	1	55 + 15	14,941	4	9	2	...	5	50	70	
Constables of all grades including 9 sowars ...	119	25, 16, 15, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8.									
Total...	120		14,941	4	9	2	...	5	50	70	

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Jath State during the year 1919–1920.

State.	Number of offences including the balance of last year.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions to accused arrested.		Percentage to convictions to accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Jath ...	196	170	169	87 + 20 balance of last year.	180	86 + 20 balance of last year.	113	65	47	33	66·8	61	62·7	61·3	8 remained under trial and 1 under Police investigation at the close of the year.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of the property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Jath State during the year 1919–20.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Jath ...	1,353	2,719	630	1,584	47·4	58·2	

APPENDIX—VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Jath State during the year 1919-20.

Description of Offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.											Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
COGNIZABLE OFFENCES.																														
1. Criminal breach of trust by public Servant Sec. 409 I. P. C. ...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
2. Murder Sec. 302 I. P. C. ...	...	2	2	...	2	4	2	...	2	...	...	..	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	†Out of 3 accused, one escaped.
3. Causing grievous hurt Secs. 324 & 325 I. P. C. ...	...	2	2	1	1	5	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	‡Committed.
4. Robbery and Kidnapping Secs. 392 and 363 I. P. C. ...	...	1	1	3	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Theft Secs. 379, 380 & 457 I. P. C.	...	22	22	25	20	34	27	...	16	...	8	3	..	27	4	...	...	14	4	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	†3	
6. Dacoity Sec. 395 I. P. C. ...	*3	5	8	5	7	13	9	...	2	1	5	1	...	9	1	...	...	2	...	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	‡3	
7. Dishonestly receiving stolen property Secs. 411 and 414 I. P. C....	...	2	2	3	2	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Mischief by fire Sec. 436 I. P. C...	2	...	2	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Rape Sec. 376 I. P. C. ...	1	1	2	1	1	4	3	...	...	...	1	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
10. Wrongful restraint Sec. 342 I.P.C.	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

*In one, out of the 4 cases under Section 395 I. P. C. pending at the close of the last year, the accused was convicted under Section 342, I. P. C. and hence it has been separately shown.

11. Attempt to Murder Sec. 307 I.P.C.	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
12. Resistance to lawful apprehension Sec. 224 I. P. C.	...	4	4	2	4	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Criminal trespass and house trespass Secs. 447 and 448 I. P. C.	3	43	46	40	46	103	15	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Miscellaneous ...	2	9	11	18	11	23	3	1	1	...	1	...	...	3	20	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	13	92	105	100	99	199	70	1	29	2	17	21	...	70	118	...	...	18	6	2	14	1	5	...	...	...	3	...	11
NON-COGNIZABLE OFFENCES.																													
1. Disobedience to an order Sec. 188 I. P. C.	...	4	4	2	4	5	1	...	.	...	...	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Cheating Sec, 417 I. P. C. ...	...	1	1	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Causing miscarrige Sec. 321 I.P.C.	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Hurt Sec. 323 I. P. C. ...	1	74	75	75	74	172	10	...	...	...	3	7	...	10	159	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
5. Assault or use of criminal force Sec. 352 I. P. C.	...	3	3	4	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Enticing a married woman Sec. 498 I. P. C.	1	2	3	...	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Mischief Sec. 426 I. P. C. ...	...	14	14	8	13	32	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
8. Criminal intimidation Sec. 506 I. P. C.	...	6	6	7	6	13	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Miscellaneous ...	1	8	9	6	9	13	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	3	112	115	107	113	248	19	...	...	...	3	16	...	19	221	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Other Acts...	1	19	20	25	20	47	13	1	4	1	1	6	...	13	34	...	...	2	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...	17	223	240	232	232	494	102	2	33	3	21	43	...	102	373	...	...	23	9	2	17	1	5	...	...	...	3	...	19

APPENDIX—VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1919–20.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1918–19.					Total.								
		Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Political Agent, Bijapur ...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	..	...	4	...	2	2	...	...	...	* 2 persons remaining at the end of the last year in the District Magistrate's Court were transfered to Mamletdar and 1st class Magistrate's Court.
2	Huzur Sessions Court ...	10	8	1	16	...	...	...	...	63	17	...	...	14	...	...	3	
3	District Magistrate's Court ...	109	25	...*	...	10	52	...	2	245	64	8	42	14	...	...	...	
4	Sub-Judge and 1st Class Magistrate's Court.	10	7	1	16	...	...	...	...	69	17	...	1	...	15	...	1	† Out of 17 persons remaining at the end of the last year in the Mamletdar and 2nd class Magistrates Court 4 were transfered to the Huzur Chitnis and 2nd Class Magistrates' Court. ‡ Out of 4 persons remaining at the end of the last year in the Head karkun & 2nd class Msgt.court 1 was transfered to the Huzur Chitnis, 2nd class Magt. Court.
5	Mamlatdar and 1st Class Magistrate's Court.	55	55	15	25	26	68	...	...	114	134	32	75	12	5	1	9	
6	Huzur Chitnis and 2nd Class Magt's. Court...	5	35	5	21	4	27	...	...	13	57	6	23	28	...	...	...	
7	Awalkarkun and 2nd Class Magt's. Court ...	58	10	3	1	...	16	...	...	100	20	...	19	1	...	...	...	
8	Awalkarkun and 3rd Class Magt's Court ...	...	23	...	5	...	55	...	...	...	60	5	55	...	...	...	...	
9	Special Hd Karkun & 3rd Class Magt's. Court.	4	57	...	13	...	101	1	...	8	115	15	73	22	...	...	5	
10	Khasgi Karbhari and 3rd Class Magt's. Court.	...	11	...	7	...	19	. .	...	...	26	4	13	9	...	...	...	
	Total ...	241	223	24	88	40	338	1	2	540	493	70	301	86	20	1	15	
	1 Remaining in the Sessions court at the close of the last year.										494	70	303	102	20	1	18	

APPENDIX—IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decision passed by the Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1919–20.

Tribunals.	Number of application.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1. Chief of Jath ...	8	...	...	9	6	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. District Magistrate, Jath ...	14	...	...	10	8	4	3	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	22	...	...	19	14	9	5	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX—X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of duriny the year 1919–20.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 & under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs.	Y.M.D.	
1. 1st Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	103	166	207	205	310	371	144	174	166	197	30,257	116	87	2	114	83	4	4	...	41	81	14	38	26,638	0-9-25	

APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1919–20.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months	
			Rs			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.				
1st Class Sub-Judge Jath.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2nd Class Sub-Judge Jath.	139	131	20,800	152	178	19,485	291	309	40,285	160	164	18,446	131	145	21,839	45	30	70	

APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work:—Number and results of appeals in civil suits.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of										Average duration.	
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Y. M. D.	Present year Y.M.D.
1. Chief of Jath.	2	7	14	10	16	17	9	8	7	9	Rs. 609	Rs. 1,681	7	5	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	0-3-10	0-4-25

APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Jath State during the year 1919–20.

Stations.		Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
			Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.				
					Past year.	Present year.						
Jath ...	Tried ...	...	61	62	121	123	36.2	38·2	33	Rs. 5,275	...	2 Convicts died during the year in the Jail.
	Untried ...	1	124	62	130	186	18.7	6.7	1		40	

APPENDIX—XIV.

Registration of documents in the Jath State.

Name of State.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which Registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgage.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Jath	1,008	591	326	254	475	437	17	5	...	...	190	195	1,008	891	2,98,296	2,51,320	...	.	...	...	...

APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1919–1920.

Description.	Past year.			Present year.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
1. Sale deeds ...	475	1,58,234	1,112	437	1,52,863	1,083	
2. Mortgage deeds.	326	97,488	702	254	71,272	536	
3. Farkats ...	8	6,954	35	2	1,100	6	
4. Agreement deeds.	5	400	12	7	...	17	
5. Kabulayats ...	75	5,918	91	96	6,319	100	
6. Adoption deeds.	29	1,000	82	32	1,000	83	
7. Gift deeds ...	45	17,390	118	30	13,046	81	
8. Money bonds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Wills ...	17	...	59	5	...	13	
10. Receipts ...	3	1,740	8	1	200	2	
11. Miscellaneous ...	25	9,172	1,356	27	5,520	1,208	
Total ...	1008	2,98,296	3,575	891	2,51,320	3,129	
Deduct expenditure.	...	...	480	...	...	470	
Net profit ...	...	...	3,095	...	...	2,659	

APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipality in the Jath State during the year 1919–20.

Name.	Opening balance on 7th June 1919.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on the 7th June 1920.	Remarks.
		Past.	Present.		Past.	Present.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Jath ...	711	3,868	3,559	4,270	3,881	3,573	697	

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rain-fall in the Jath State.

State.	June 1919.	July 1919.	August 1919.	September 1919.	October 1919.	November 1919.	December 1919.	January 1920.	February 1920.	March 1920	April 1920.	May 1920.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	Remarks.
	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	
Jath ...	5–29	1–30	0–46	12–13	5–40	2—5	0–46	0–37	0—0	0—0	0–21	0–25	27—92	18—51	29—86	

APPENDIX XVII A.

Statement showing the area sown with crops and their anna valuation for Fasli year 1329.

No.	Name of		Area sown with crop.	Anna valuation.	Remarks.
	Kharif.		Acres.		
1	Rice	...	846	2	
2	Cotton	...	291	6	
3	Sesamum	...	829	1	
4	Ground-nut	...	397	2	
5	Bajri	...	3,19,800	2	
6	Tur-Dal	...	...	...	
7	Mataki	...	800	2	
8	Moog	...	400	1	
9	Vetch (हुलगा)	...	600	...	
	Rabi.				
10	Jowari	...	1,60,000	8	
11	Karadi	...	2,400	8	
12	Gram	...	1,100	2	
13	Wheat	...	4,084	4	
14	Linseed	...	604	6	
			4,92,151		

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains.

Articles.	During past year.		During present year.		Remarks.
	Lbs.	Tolas.	Lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari ...	9	...	21	...	
Bajri ...	...	...	16	20	
Wheat ...	6	30	9	...	
Rice ...	8	5	7	12	
Tur-Dall ...	6	30	6	30	

APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1919—1920.

Description of Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1. Repairs to Schools and Dharamshalas ...	...	...	...	...	992	992	992	
2. Repairs to State Buildings ...	...	912	912	...	...	...	912	
3. Extension to the Chief's Bungalow ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Repairs to Roads ...	...	...	...	...	1,653	1,653	1,653	
5. Water Supply ...	...	853	853	...	100	100	953	
6. Chowris ...	...	100	100	...	...	...	100	
7. Ground rent of the site at Bijapur for a Bungalow ...	...	...	77	...	...	...	77	
8. Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	134	134	134	
Total...	...	1,865	1,942	...	2,879	2,879	4,821	
ESTABLISHMENTS.								
1. Public Works ½ ...	...	...	352	...	...	704	1,056	
2. Guest House ...	...	...	646	...	...	...	646	
3. Medical ½ ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,816	1,816	
4. Vaccination ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,017	1,017	
5. Education ½ ...	...	...	...	...	...	5,460	5,460	
6. Pay of Salutry ...	...	...	...	...	...	180	180	
7. Cattle on Local Fund Establishment ...	...	...	...	...	...	699	699	
8. Remuneration to V. Officers on Local Fund Collections.	...	...	...	...	...	217	217	
9. Remuneration to Pound-Keepers ...	...	...	...	...	...	320	320	
Total...	...	...	998	...	...	10,413	11,411	
Grand Total...			2,940	...		13,292	16,232	

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural stock in the Jath State during the year 1919–20.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloe		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Jath ...	1329	22,185	13,720	644	5,637	8,707			212	35,171	4,508	2,023	19	1,775	

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the excise revenue of the Jath State during the year 1919–20.

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	
				Rs.		Rs.		Rs		Rs.	
Jath ...	3	Information not known	2	1,204	3	...	6	...	14	1,204	

APPENDIX XXII-A.

Statement showing Receipts of the Jath State for the year 1919—20.

No.	Items.	1918-19.	1919-20.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening Balance...	49,128	32,455	...	16,673
1	Land Revenue ...	1,66,430	2,15,083	48,653	...
2	Sayar Revenue ...	6,795	6,453	...	342
3	Law and Justice ...	2,180	1,768	...	412
4	Police ...	9	22	13	...
5	Jail ...	...	...	...	...
6	Registration ...	3,575	3,129	...	446
7	Stamps ...	9,950	10,547	597	...
8	Interest ...	1,254	1,020	...	234
9	Forest ...	344	602	258	...
10	Public Works ...	...	...	...	...
11	Miscellaneous ...	223	369	146	...
12	Local Funds ...	13,109	15,716	2.607	...
13	School Receipts ...	10	2	...	8
14	Khasgi ...	4,644	5,228	584	...
15	Deshmukhi ...	18,584	25,892	7,308	...
16	Khawaskhani ...	14,147	19,566	5,419	...
17	Pension Fund :—				
	(1) Contribution by the State and Khasgi, Deshmukhi and Khawaskhani Estates.	1,800	1,800	...	...
	(2) Contribution by State Servants ...	1,172	1,159	...	13
	(3) Recoveries of loan with interest given from the Pension Fund.	2,397	2,433	36	...
18	Debt heads :—				
	(1) Loans :—				
	(a) Loan received from the British Government.	30,000	1,10,000	80,000	...
	(b) Do. Ranisaheb ...	...	17,000	17,000	...
	(c) Recoveries of loan given ...	49	107	58	...
	(2) Advances :—				
	(a) Tagai advanced ...	3,289	2,357	...	932
	(b) Advances given ...	...	...	...	...
	(3) Deposits ...	360	3,859	3,499	...
	Total...	2,80,321	4,44,112	1,66,178	2,387
	Alienated Lands...	22,560	22,639	79	...
	Total...	3,02,881	4,66,751	1,66,257	2,387
	Grand Total with balance ...	3,52,009	4,99,206	1.66,257	19,060

APPENDIX XXII-B.

Statement showing Disbursements of the Jath State for the year 1919—20.

No.	Items.	1917-18.	1918-19.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Administration ...	9,331	9,244	...	87
2	Land Revenue ...	25,475	23,519	...	1,956
3	Law and Justice ...	7,662	8,222	560	..
4	Police ...	12,993	14,941	1,948	...
5	Jail ...	6,550	5,275	...	1,275
6	Medical ½ ...	2,376	1,816	...	560
7	Forest ...	2,110	2,383	273	..
8	Registration ...	480	470	...	10
9	Public Works ...	2,626	2,940	314	.
10	Local Funds ...	16,154	13,292	...	2,862
11	Education ½ ...	5,731	5,459	...	272
12	Post ...	414	425	11	..
13	Stamps ...	471	508	37	..
14	Inam Adjustment and Nemnuks ...	38,036	34,181	...	3855
15	Pension Fund ...	...	...	...	...
	(1) Pension and Gratuity ...	2,619	3,117	498	..
	(2) Loans given from Pension Fund ...	3,625	1,833	...	1,792
16	Assignments under Treaties and Engagements	958	23,452	22,494	..
17	Liquidation of debt ...	27,707	93,547	65,840	.
18	Domestic charges :—				
	(1) Allowance to the Chief ...	36,000	36,000	...	..
	(2) Allowance to Mai Saheb ...	4,800	4,800	...	
	(3) Allowance to Aka Saheb ...	600	600	...	.
	(4) Provision for the marriage of the Chief's children.	5,000	5,000	...	..
	(5) Miscellaneous ...	1,532	1,000	...	532
19	Miscellaneous ...	4,000	2,088	...	1,912
20	Refund ...	386	345	...	41
21	Khasgi ...	42,805	42,293	...	512
22	Deshmukhi ...	3,608	3,607	...	1
23	Khavaskhani ...	2,907	2,420	...	487
24	Expenses on account of Recruiting ...	1,395	100	...	1,295
25	Famine Relief ...	7,164	7,790	626	..
26	Acting and Travelling allowance to the State servants.	466	189	...	277
27	Contribution to the Pension Fund ...	1,500	1,500	...	.
28	Expenses on account of epidemic diseases ...	226	76	...	150
29	Expenses on account of Darbar ...	8	1,013	1,005	..
30	Contribution to Criminal Tribes Settlement...	409	102	...	307

APPNDIX XXII-B.—(Continued.)

No.	Items.	1918-19.	1919-20.	Increase.	Decrease.
31	Debt heads :—				
	(1) (*a*) Contribution to Indian Warloan.	5,500	...	...	5,500
	(*b*) Jath peoples' Bank ...	...	1,000	1,000	...
	(2) Advances :—				
	(*a*) Tagai advanced ...	835	3,095	2,260	...
	(*b*) Advances given ...	12,535	12,050	...	485
	(3) Deposits ...	...	...	...	...
	(4) Investment in Tata Block ...	...	800	800	...
32	Elephant expenses ...	...	446	446	...
	Total ...	2,96,994	3,70,938	98,112	24,168
	Alienated Lands ...	22,560	22,639	79	...
	Total ...	3,19,554	3,93,577	98,191	24,168
	Closing Balance ...	32,455	1,05,629	73,174	...
	Grand Total ...	3,52,009	4,99,206	1,71,365	24,168

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Jath State during the year 1919-20.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of indoor patients.				Expenditure.	Daily Average.	Remarks.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Jath	4,354	11	9	...	2	...	Rs. 3,632	41-3	

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of Jath State for the year 1919-20.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath State	78,643	2,301	2,394	93	...	11,790	1,767	...	10,023	33	30-4	168-9	22-4	

APPENDIX--XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Jath State for the year 1919-20.

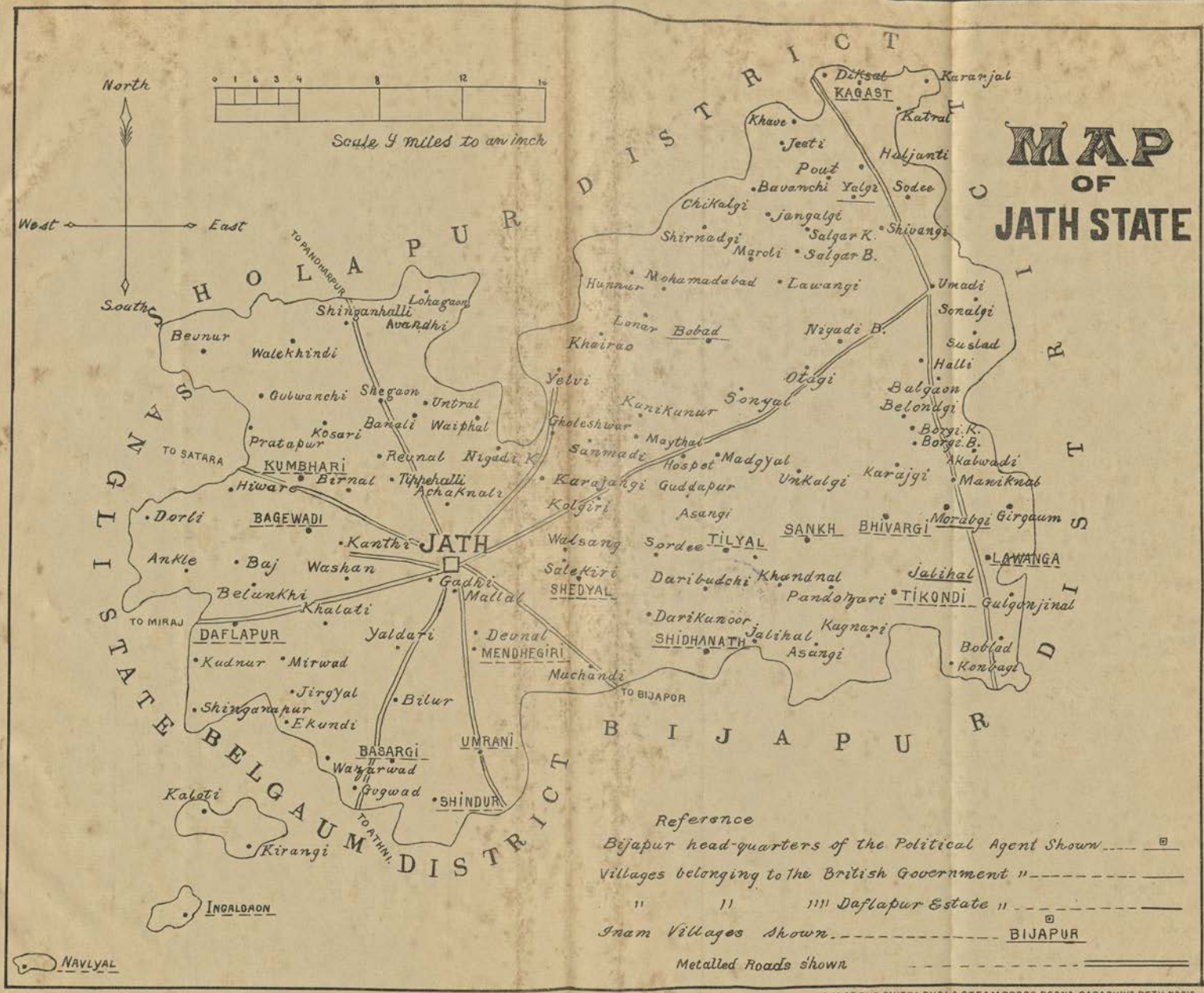
Number of Schools.		Description of School.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st May.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
								Rs.	Rs.	
		1 Anglo-Vernacular School ...								
		2 Girls' Schools ...								
		1 Veda School ...	1,382	1,283	840	871	...	1,910	9,008	
		29 Marathi Schools ...								
		2 Low-Caste Schools ...								

JATH,

12th August 1920.

S. R. TIRODKAR,

State Karbhari of Jath.



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No. 715 of 1921.

FROM,

The State Karbhari of Jath.

TO,

C. G. Henderson, Esquire, I. C. S.,

POLITICAL AGENT, BIJAPUR.

Jath, 6th August 1921.

SIR,

I have the honour, by direction of the Chief, to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Jath State, for the year 1920–21 or Fasli year 1330 ending on the 6th June 1921 with the usual appendices.

Chapter I.

General and Political.

2. The Jath State comprises 119 villages. Its area is 980·8 Square miles and population according to the Census of 1921 is 82,654. The gross revenue of the State calculated on the average of the past five years, excluding Service Inams, is Rs. 2,45,424. The average adjustment of Service Inams is Rs. 29,093.

3. The State pays annually Rs. 11,247 to the British Government—Rs. 6,400 for Horse contingent and Rs. 4,847 for Sirdeshmukhi rights.

4. The Chief Meherban Ramrao Amritrao alias Abasaheb Dafle completed his 35th year on the 10th of January 1921. He is a Treaty Chief and a First Class Deccan Sardar. His wife, Shrimati Soubhagyavati Bhagirathibai Saheb, 2nd daughter of the late Rajesaheb of Akalkot, is 30 years of age.

5. The Chief is blessed with three sons and two daughters. The eldest son Kumar Shri: Vijayasing alias Babasaheb is aged 12 years; the second son Kumar Shri: Ajitsing alias Bhausaheb is 9 years old and the third and the youngest son Kumar Shri: Udayasing alias Bhayasaheb is 1 year and 3 months old. The elder daughter Shrimti Pramila Raje alias Akkasaheb is 11 years old and the second daughter Kumari Kamala Raje is 6 years old, having been respectively born on 8th August 1910 and 30th August 1915.

6. The education of the two Kumars and Kumari Shrimati Pramila Raje is progressing satisfactorily under the guidance and careful supervision of experienced and able Tutors. Kumar Shri: Babasaheb is learning the 4th and Kumar Shri: Bhausaheb is studying the English First Standards. Kumari Shrimati Pramila Raje is in the English 2nd Standard and Kumari Kamala Raje has just begun the Marathi First Standard. The Chief, the Ranisaheb and the children are enjoying good health.

7. The only other members of the Chief's family are Bai Anandibai alias Maisaheb widow of the late Chief and her daughter Shrimati Soubhagyavati Akkasaheb who is married to Sardar Pratapsing Bhosale of Satara. Both are in good health.

8. The Chief attended the annual Darbar of the Sardars in the Deccan held by His Excellency the Governor in the Council Hall at Poona on the 26th June 1920.

9. In the beginning of July 1920, Shrimant Yuvraj Babasaheb fell ill and his illness took rather a serious turn at first and caused anxiety as the symptoms of the disease could not be ascertained. As there was no Chief Medical Officer then at Jath, Dr. Padbidri from Bijapur was summoned and he after minute scrutiny and examination, pronounced the disease to be Jaundice. After a fort-night's treatment, the patient became convalescent and completely recovered in three weeks time.

10. On the 11th of September, the Chief went to Bijapur to pay an official visit to the Political Agent Mr. Henderson.

11. The Rajesaheb of Saundur with his Ranisaheb came to Jath on a private visit to the Chief on 11-9-1920 and left on 17-9-1920.

12. The Chief with the Ranisaheb went to Jamkhandi on 27-12-1920 at the special invitation of the Chief Shrimant Captain Sir Bhausaheb Patwardhan and returned to Jath on the 4th of January 1921.

13. In the month of November 1920, the Chief with family and retinue went on a pilgrimage to Tuljapur in His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions. He left Jath on the morning of the 24th November Via Bijapur and arrived at Sholapur the same evening. From Sholapur he went to Tuljapur on the 26th and stayed there upto 28th Idem. During his stay at Tuljapur, the Chief was treated cordially by the local Officers of His Exalted Highness the Nizam. On the 29th he returned to Sholapur and from there went to Akalkot on the 1st of December at the invitation of the Rajesaheb of Akalkot and after staying there for two days he returned to sholapur on the evening of the 3rd. At Akalkot, the Chief had a most cordial reception. On the morning of the 4th, the Chief left for Bijapur where he halted for the day and returned next day to Jath. At Sholapur and Bijapur, the Chief had very courteous treatment at the hands of the Local Authorities for which the Darbar offers hearty thanks.

14. The Political Agent, Mr. Henderson, paid his annual visit to Jath on the 9th of January 1921 and left on the 13th Idem. During his stay, he visited the Jail, the Dispensary and the Local schools. In the schools, he noticed many cases of sore eyes in the children all of whom were treated at the Dispensary by washing out their eyes and instilling eye-drops. The treatment continued for a few days and all the cases were cured. A number of blind persons in the several villages of the State—men, women and children were collected at Jath, Daflapur and Shegaon and Mr. Henderson himself examined them all and picked out such cases as were capable of cure by operations. All these selected cases were brought to Jath Dispensary where Dr. Potdar, Opthalmic Doctor of the Blind Relief Association of Bijapur, whom Mr. Henderson had brought with him to Jath, performed eye operations. The number of eye operations performed, in January, was 14 and those done in February, was 12. The result of the operations was fairly satisfactory, though the exact number of successful operations could not be ascertained owing to most of the patients after their discharge from the Dispensary having left their homes to earn livelihood abroad and not returned till the end of the year.

All eye patients were kept for treatment at the Dispensary and were given food, bedding &c. at the State expense during their stay in the Dispensary.

The work has been far from easy but Mr. Henderson has been very indefatigable and takes very keen interest in blinds and the fairly good results

achieved at Jath are due to his zeal and unflagging energy and sympathy for blinds. Those who have regained their sight are showering blessings on him. He has given himself whole-heartedly to this philanthropic work for which the Darbar takes this opportunity of thanking him most gratefully.

15. In the month of April, the Chief with family went to Mahableshwar as usual and passed the summer season there. During his stay there he paid visits to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and other high Officials.

16. In the month of April 1921, the Chief went to Gwalior at the express invitation of His Highness the Maharaja Scindia to attend the 13th Session of the Maratha Educational Conference which held its sittings on the 11th, 12th, 13th April. The Chief left Jath on the 7th for Bombay and from there he left by the Punjab Mail on the 9th reaching Gwalior the next day after-noon. The Chief was cordially received by the Maharaja as his guest in the Palace. The Chief left Gwalior by the Punjab Mail on the after-noon of the 14th arriving in Bombay the next day evening. He left for Mahableshwar the same night and remained there till the end of May.

17. The notable event of the year under report, in the history of this State, worthy of mention, was the extension of the Chief's Criminal jurisdiction empowering him to try capital offences. This happy news was first kindly communicated to the Chief by His Excellency Lord Lloyd followed by Government Resolution, Political Department, No. 9029 dated the 3rd December 1920. The Chief is highly grateful to Government for the bestowal of this privilege.

18. During the year under report, in response to the appeal from Her Excellency Lady Chelmsford, the Chief and the Ranisaheb made a donation of Rs. 100 each to the Association for the provision of Health and Maternity Supervisors for support to the cause of Maternity and Infant welfare in India, and became Life Members of the Association.

A donation of Rs. 51 was also made during the year to the Library Book Bureau for Indian Soldiers, in response to the appeal, made by Khan Bahadur Colonel Sardar Asgarali Colan (Simla Hills), Waziristan Field Force-Bannu. The amount was sent to the Agent, Bank of Bengal, Lahore.

Rs. 100 were sent to Lord Chief Justice of Bombay, as donation to the Red Triangle Fund of the Young Men's Christian Association, Bombay, which did good work during the Great War.

An annual contribution of Rs. 50 was paid to the Sheppard-After-Care Fund.

Armistice.

19. On the 11th November 1920, in deference to the wishes of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor as communicated in Government Telegram of the 10th November, complete suspension of all normal business work and locomotion was observed during 2 minutes commencing at 11 A. M. in commemoration of the Armistice.

Changes in the Personnel.

20. During the year Dr. B. R. Tullu, L. M. & S. was appointed Chief Medical Officer, Jath, and he took charge of the appointment on 11th August 1920. With this exception there was no change in the personnel of the principal Officers of the State.

Chapter II.

Administration of Land.

21. The original Survey rates of all lands in the State including 13 Dumala villages were increased by 25 per cent in 1910. The increased rates are guaranteed for 15 years i. e. till 1925 A. D. Steps are in progress to start work of Revision Survey operations in the State on a small scale which will take more than 5 years for its completion.

22. The total area of arable waste land at the beginning of the year under report, was 2,003 Acres and 3 Gunthas against 2,407 Acres and 18 Gunthas in the preceding year. Out of this, 187 Acres and 20 Gunthas were taken up for cultivation during the year. The net area of waste land at the end of the year was 1,815 Acres and 23 Gunthas.

23. 72 Inam cases were disposed of during the year, under the Inam Rules, as against 70 of the last year.

24. No boundary disputes were settled during the year under report.

25. The net land revenue demand of the State according to the Jamabandi, including Local Funds, amounted to Rs. 1,69,649 as against Rs. 1,75,926 of the preceding year and including the arrears of past years which amounted to Rs. 2 7,083, the total amount of land revenue for collection during the year, was Rs. 1,96,732 against Rs. 2,26,315 of the last year, of which Rs. 1,52,262 were collected as against Rs. 1,97,943 of the preceding year. Rs. 2,141 were written off as irrecoverable and Rs. 42,329 remained as arrears to be recovered at the close of the year. The large amount of arrears is due to the fact that owing to extremely deficient rain-fall, both crops failed and the year under report unfortunately turned out to be a bad one necessitating the grant of suspension of land revenue in deserving cases. The amount remaining uncollected is, however, comparatively small.

26. The tolal amount of land revenue, according to the Jamabandi, of the Deshmukhi, Khavaskhani and Khasgi estates for the year under report, amounted to Rs. 48,171 as against Rs. 45,359 of the last year. The arrears of the past years were Rs. 21,295 thus bringing the total amount for collection to Rs. 69,466; out of this, Rs. 42,921 were collected and Rs. 666 were written off as irrecoverable during the year leaving Rs. 25,879 to be recovered at the end of the year. The arrears are large and the reason assigned in the case of land revenue arrears of the State lands, equally applies to these arrears also. In the last year's report, the arrears remaining to be collected were shown as Rs. 33,370 but the real arrears were Rs. 21,295 as Rs. 12,075 had been recovered at the end of Fasli year 1328 but by mistake were not brought to account in that year.

27. The total amount of net arrears of Tagai advanced in past years amounted to Rs. 18,263 of which Rs. 1,026 were recovered during the year. The amount of interest realised was Rs. 254 against Rs. 863 in the year before.

28. The present year being a year of famine, Rs. 24,647 were advanced as Tagai to agriculturists — Rs. 12,390 for improvement of lands and for deepening wells &c., and Rs. 12,257 for purchase of grass and seed. The total amount including past arrears remaining to be recovered at the close of the year was Rs. 41,884. Of this, Rs. 25,652 were under the Land Improvement Loan's Act and Rs. 16,232 under the Agriculturists Loan's Act.

29. No coercive measures under the Land Revenue Code were resorted to for the recovery of the land revenue as the year under report was one of scarcity.

Chapter III.

Legislation.

30 Appendix II gives Laws and Acts in force in the State in the year under report.

Only Act No. 4 of 1920 (Indian Census Act) was introduced into this State (for the period from 21-12-1920 to 31-12-1921).

Military Force.

31. The State maintains no Military Force.

Police.

32. Detailed information regarding the total strength cost &c., of the Police force is given in Appendix IV. The total strength of the Police of all ranks was the same as last year viz:—120. The Police Inspector having left the State service during the year, a Sub-Inspector was appointed in his stead. 26 Policemen are supplied with bored out Martini Rifles and an equal number with Muzzle Loaders and all have been provided with batons. The armed Police are distributed as under :—

30 are employed on Guard duty.
16 are employed on the several out-posts for detection and prevention of crimes.
6 are kept at the Head Quarters.

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33. The 6 Sowars are provided with swords and lances. They are employed on escort and other miscellaneous duties such as night patrolling and as Body Guards on ceremonial occasions.

34. The total cost incurred on account of the Police force amounted to Rs. 14,474 as against Rs. 14,941, in the preceding year, the decrease being due to temporary vacancies not being filled up.

35. During the year under review, 18 Constables were departmentally punished for breach of departmental discipline and mis-conduct, 1 punished judicially and 9 were awarded money rewards against 9, nil and 5 in the preceding year.

36. Out of the whole force, 48 against 50 are able to read and write and the rest are illiterate.

37. The results of the working of the Police are given in Appendices V and VI.

38. Including the balance of 39 offences remaining in the hands of the Police for investigation at the close of the last year, the total number of cases for disposal during the year with the Police was 176 as against 170 in the last year. Of these 86 against 82 were struck off the file, 35 against 49 were brought before the Magistrates and 55 against 39 remained under investigation in the hands of the Police at the end of the year.

39. The number of persons arrested by the Police in connection with the above 35 cases, was 88 as against 87 of the previous year, and including 1 person remaining with the Police at the close of the last year, the total number of

persons was 89. Of these 14 were under Police investigation, 39 were convicted, 25 acquitted or discharged and 11 remained under trial against 65 convicted, 33 acquitted or discharged and 8 remaining under trial in the preceding year.

40. Out of the 8 persons that remained under trial before the Criminal Courts at the close of the year, 1 was convicted, 2 acquitted and 5 remained pending — 3 in the Sessions Court and 2 in the First Class Magistrate's Court. Thus the total number of persons which remained with the Magistrates undisposed of at the close of the year was 16.

41. The percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested and sent for trial was respectively 43·8 and 52 against 61 and 61·3 in the preceding year. These results when compared with the last year are not satisfactory.

42. The value of property stolen and recovered during the year under review was Rs. 5,617 and Rs. 2,014 against Rs. 2,719 and Rs. 1,584 in the previous year giving a percentage of 35·9 against 58·2 in the preceding year.

43. The ratio of the Police to the area and the population of the State is 1 to every 8 Square miles and 688 souls.

44. During the year, two cases of murder were reported with 6 persons involved therein of whom 3 were acquitted, 1 was given pardon and 2 remained pending trial at the close of the year.

45. There was one case of culpable homicide under Section 304 Indian Penal Code with 2 accused involved in it. It ended in the conviction of both the accused.

46. No case of dacoity was reported during the year but one accused involved in the last year's case was tried during the year under report and he was convicted.

47. There was no case of incendiarism during the year under report.

48. Property worth Rs. 906 against Rs. 4,285 was destroyed accidentally by fire during the year under report.

49. 27 cases of accidental deaths and one case of suicide were reported during the year against 41 and nil respectively in the previous year.

50. Including the balance of 10 remaining at the end of the last year, 11 persons were dealt with under Section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code in the year under report. 6 accused were convicted and ordered to give security bonds for keeping good behaviour and 5 accused persons remained under trial at the close of the year.

Village Police.

51. The number of village Police was the same as last year. They assist the District Police in detecting crimes and bringing offenders to justice. Some of these serve partly on service tenure and partly on remuneration in cash.

52. During the year, the notorious dacoit Laxya Berad of Sindur, who had escaped from the Jath Jail in December 1919 under circumstances reported in para 73 of the last year's report was captured by the Belgaum District Police on 14-8-1920 at Gourwad. This man after escaping from the Jail collected around him about 14 runaway convicts and committed depredations in the Bijapur and Belgaum Districts and in the neighbouring Native States of Jamkhandi, Kurundwad and Aundh. All attempts on the part of this State Police as well as on the part of the Belgaum

and Bijapur District Police failed and as the Gang gained in strength day by day and caused great trouble to the Districts and the States mentioned, it was arranged to depute a special party of Police from each of the Districts and States mentioned above under a special Officer to hunt down the whole Gang. Accordingly an armed party from this State consisting of 8 Constables and two Sowars under a Jamadar was deputed to co-operate with the parties from the Belgaum and Bijapur Districts in hunting down Laxya Berad's Gang. The three combined special parties led by Mr. Gokarna, the Police Inspector of the Belgaum District went on pursuing the Gang and at last succeeded in overtaking 7 of the Gang at Kakandki in the Bijapur District, on the night of the 30th August 1920 and killing two and capturing 4. One escaped. For some time no trace of the remaining Gang could be found and our party had therefore to return to Jath. Shortly after the Jath party returned, Laxya Berad was captured with some of his associates at Gourwad in the neighbourhood of Shedbal by Mr. John D'sylva, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, on the information given by the Police Patil of that place and thus almost the whole of Laxya's Gang was accounted for.

All other notorious criminals in the Jath Jail have been very closely guarded.

Criminal Tribes.

53. The only criminal tribes in the State are Bhamptas, Haranshikaris and Berads. A Register of these criminals is being prepared and they have been kept under proper control.

Criminal Justice.

54. The number of Criminal Courts at work in the State during the year under report was 8. Appendices VII and VIII give details of the work done by them.

55. The total number of offences dealt with by the various Criminal Courts during the year under report including the balance of 8 cases remaining from the last year, was 207 as against 240 of the previous year. The total number of accused persons involved therein including the balance of 16 (not 15 as was wrongly stated in the last years's report) of the last year was 461 as against 494 of the preceding year. Of these, 442 were actually brought to trial during the year; of these latter, the Police arrested 77 against 88, 62 against 40 were arrested upon warrants, 299 against 338 appeared on summonses and 4 against 1 appeared voluntarily. The total number of persons for disposal by the Magistrates during the year was 458 of whom 59 were discharged, 265 were acquitted, 92 convicted, 10 committed to the Court of Sessions, 1 escaped and 31 remained awaiting trial at the close of the year. Of the 265 acquittals, 230 were compounded under Section 345 Criminal Procedure Code.

With reference to thePolitcal Agent's remarks in para 2 of his No. Poll-C-92 of 30th September 1920, in respect of the convictions under " Criminal Trespass, Miscellaneous, and Hurt ", it may be observed that there is decided improvement over last year as out of 56, 10 and 168 persons apprehended, 15, 3 and 21 were convicted as against 15, 3 and 10 respectively out of 103, 23 and 172 of the preceding year.

The Magistrates have been instructed to have recourse to Section 250, Criminal Procedure Code, as suggested by the Commissioner, S. D. in para 2 of his remarks in the last year's report. Two cases were dealt with under Section 250 of the Criminal Procedure Code, during the year.

56. There were 13 persons before the Court of Session for disposal including the 3 remaining under trial at the close of the last year; of these 4 were convicted,

4 were acquitted and 5 remained under trial at the end of the year. These 5 accused included the notorious dacoit Laxya Berad of Sindur who had escaped from the Jath Jail and who has since been apprehended by the Belgaum Police.

57. The amount of fine inflicted by the several Courts, during the year, amounted to Rs. 1,237 against Rs. 1,272 of the previous year.

58. Including the amount of fine remaining unrecovered at the close of the last year, the total amount for recovery, during the year was Rs. 2,350 out of which Rs. 1,776 were realised and Rs. 574 remained as balance at the close of the year.

59. The number of Criminal Appellate Courts during the year remained the same, namely 2. Appendix IX gives the particulars of the work done by these Courts.

60. The Chief's Court had before it 7 appeals against 8 in the last year. In one case, the application was rejected and in 5 cases the decisions of the Lower Courts were confirmed. 1 case involving 2 persons remained undisposed of at the close of the year.

61. The District Magistrate had before him 11 appeals as against 7 in the previous year of which 1 was rejected, 1 confirmed, 8 modified and 1 was reversed.

Revision.

62. As a Court of Revision, the Chief had before him 1 application for disposal in which the decision of the Lower Court was confirmed.

Civil Justice.

63. Appendices X and XI show the work done by the Civil Courts during the year. The number of Civil Courts working during the year under report was the same as that in the previous year i. e. 2. There was 1 case filed in the First Class Sub-Judge's Court during the year and it remained undisposed of at the close of the year.

64. The number of suits filed in the II Class Sub-Judge's Court was 266 and including the balance of 197 remaining undisposed of at the close of the last year, the total number of suits for disposal was 463 against 371 of the last year. Of these, 256 suits against 174 were decided during the year and 207 against 197 remained pending at the close of the year. The number of suits disposed of was larger than that of the previous year.

The balance of pending suits is still large and the Sub-Judge has been asked to minimize it as far as possible.

Of the 266 suits filed during the year, 126 were for landed property and 140 for money transactions.

The average duration of suits was 9 months and 24 days as against 9 months and 25 days of the previous year.

65. The value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 34,064 as against Rs. 30,257 and the vaue of suits disposed of was Rs. 34,561 as against Rs. 26,638 of the last year.

Apellate Court.

66. The work done by the Appellate Courts is detailed in Appendix XII. The powers of the High Court as well as those of the District Judge are exercised by the Chief. The total number of appeals for disposal by the Chief's Court including the balance of 9 in the previous year was 15 against 17 of the last year.

Of these, 14 against 8 were disposed of during the year leaving a balance of 1 against 9 in the preceding year. The average duration of appeals was 4 months and 2 days against 4 months and 25 days in the preceding year.

67. During the year under report, the State Karbhari was invested with the powers of the District Judge as a temporary measure and he disposed of 5 out of 6 appeals transferred to him.

Execution of Decrees.

68. The total number of applications for execution of decrees including the balance of 145 from the last year was 360 against 309 of the previous year. Of these, 194 against 164 were disposed of during the year and 166 against 145 remained pending at the end of the year. The execution of decrees has been suspended owing to bad season and this accounts for the large number of pending decrees.

The Mamlatdar's Courts Acts.

69. 4 suits against 7 were filed in the Mamlatdar's Court during the year under report. All of them were disposed of during the year. The average duration of suits was 10 months and 15 days against 2 months and 4 days in the preceding year.

Revision Application.

70. One Revision Application was made to the Collector and State Karbhari against the Mamlatdar's order which was rejected.

Watan Act.

71. 3 cases under the Watan Act were disposed of by the State Karbhari and Collector during the year, in all of which appeals were preferred to the Chief. In one, the order of the State Karbhari was confirmed and 2 remained pending at the close of the year.

72. Including one Revision Application of the last year, there were three revision applications which remained pending disposal in the Chief's Court, at the close of the year.

Extradition.

73. During the year under report, 1 person against 9 in the preceding year was obtained by extradition from the British Government and none against 4 from Native States. The person so obtained was convicted.

8 persons were surrendered to British Courts during the year.

Prisons.

74. There is one Jail at Jath. The Jail building is sufficiently strong, properly lighted and well ventilated. The building contains accommodation for 50 male prisoners but there is no separate accommodation for female convicts. There are some incoveniences in the Jail building, which, it is under consideration, to remove shortly. Details regarding the working of the convicts and under-trial prisoners confined in the Jail ars given in Appendix XIII.

75. The number of prisoners admitted in the Jail during the year was 38 against 62 in the previous year. Including 33 prisoners remaining over at the end of the last year, the total number of prisoners in the Jail was 71 against 123 of the preceding year. Of these, 48 prisoners were released in the course of the year either on the expiry of their sentences or on appeals, or on special occasions, 1 died and 22 prisoners against 33 remained in the Jail at the close of the year.

76. The Official and non-official visitors inspected the Jail periodically.

77. The health of the prisoners was, on the whole, good. Their conduct was generally satisfactory and the treatment they received in the Jail, was good.

78. There is no industry attached to the Jail. The prisoners are employed in the State gardens, in pumping water and odd works.

79. Jail Regulations are observed in the Jail and remissions granted according to remission system.

80. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 3,774 as against Rs. 5,275 in the preceding year.

81. The dietary cost per head per annum was Rs. 78 against Rs. 88 in the year before.

82. There is one lock-up for under-trial prisoners. There was one under-trial prisoner in the lock-up at the close of the last year. 58 under-trial prisoners against 62 were admitted in the lock-up during the year-the total number of prisoners being 59. Of these, 45 were either convicted or discharged and 14 remained in the lock-up at the end of the year under report.

Registration.

83. Appendices XIV and XV give full particulars regarding the registration of documents, the receipts and expenditure. The total number of documents presented for registration was 1040 against 891 in the previous year, all of which were registered. The total value of documents registered was Rs. 3,46,047 as against Rs. 2,51,320 in the previous year. The recipts on account of the registration of the documents amounted to Rs. 3,918 as against Rs, 3,129 and the expenditure incurred on Establishment &c., amounted to Rs. 645 as against Rs. 470 of the preceding year. The increase in the value and in the fees realised is due to the increase in the number of documents registered.

Municipalities.

84. Appendix XVI gives information regarding receipts and expenditure of the only Municipality at Jath. It consists of 12 nominated members with the State Karbhari as President. It is proposed to give elective franchise to the Municipality and according to the new arrangement, the Municiplity is to consist of elected members only. For this purpose the present Municipal district is divided into Wardes. Lists of voters are in course of preparation and the new Board is expected to take office with effect from the lst of January 1922.

The receipts of the Municipality for the year under report amounted to Rs. 4,590 against Rs. 3,559 and the expenditure to Rs. 3,863 against Rs. 3,573 in the previous year. The closing balance of the current year was Rs. 1,424 as compared with Rs. 697 of the last year.

The principal sources of income of the Municipality are House-tax, Sanitary Cess, Shingoti tax and tax on exported goods.

The present income is quite insufficient to keep the town clean and in sanitary condition and hence in deference to the suggestions of the Political Agent, the present house-tax schedule and sanitary cess have been revised and will be brought into force during the current year. By this revision the present municipal income will be increased by about Rs. 2,500. There was a proposal to levy Octroi but owing to strong opposition from the inhabitants of the town, the proposal was abandoned.

Strict attention is paid to sanitation, lighting and road repairs within the Municipal limits and the conservancy arrangements are good in the town.

Wards Estates.

85. Appendix A gives full particulars of the Wards Estates. The Estates are under the management of the Mamlatdar's Head Karkun who exercises careful supervision over the minors' Estates. At the beginning of the year under report, there were 38 Wards with 19 Estates under the management of the State. 6 new Wards and 2 Estates were added during the year making in all 44 Wards and 21 Estates.

Out of the total number of Wards, 32 are boys and 12 girls. During the year, 5 female Wards were married but they continue to be under the management of the State, being yet minors.

Chapter IV.

Production and Distribution.

86. *Weather, crops and rain-fall* :—Appendix XVII gives the figures of rain-fall at Jath during the year under review as compared with that of the previous year. The total rain-fall during the year was 9 Inches and 40 Cents as against 27 Inches and 92 Cents. The average rain-fall of the past five years comes to 24 Inches and 65 Cents. Although the rain in June and July was extremely deficient, Kharip crops were sown but later rains having totally failed, the crops withered while Rabi crops were not even sown in a greater part of the State, the result being that the out-turn of both crops was almost nil. The season was, on the whole, as bad as it could possibly be and succeeding as it did the previous bad seasons, it caused great hardship to the already impoverished ryots. The effect of this was felt in the collection of the land revenue and Tagai advances which had to be inevitably postponed in majority of cases. Appendix XVII A shows the anna valuation of principal crops according to the local customs. It will be seen that the out-turn of all the principal food-grains was almost nil.

87. Appendix XVIII compares the prices of the staple food-grains in the year under report with those prevailing in the previous year. The prices of food-grains rose high during the year owing principally to the failure of crops.

88. The supply of drinking water and irrigation water ran very short. Fodder supply became deficient and wages of labour ruled high. On the whole, the season was most unfavourable especially to poor agriculturists.

Wages and labour.

89. The ordinary rate for skilled labour was from 14 to 20 Annas and those of unskilled labour from 6 to 8 Annas. There was a keen demand for labour throughout the year and the condition of the labouring class was far better than others.

90. The information of the agricultural stock is give in Appendix XX. The condition of the agricultural stock was unsatisfactory throughout the year.

Forests.

91. At the beginning of the year, the total forest area was 38,023 Acres and 33 Gunthas, out of which 3,639 Acres and 37 Gunthas ware Reserve Forest and 34,383 Acres and 36 Gunthas open Forest. This year 69 Acres and 25 Gunthas were added to and 41 Acres and 37 Gunthas were sold for cultivation. The total net

forest area at the end of the year was 38,051 Acres and 21 Gunthas. Out of the total forest area, 3,620 Acres and 13 Gunthas are included in the Reserve Forest and 34,431 Acres and 8 Gunthas constitute pasture lands.

Seeds of Babul, Limb and other forest trees are being annually planted in closed forest area and the young plants in some places are thriving well.

92. The revenue realised from grazing fees amounted to Rs. 8,563 and that derived from sale of grass, wood and fuel &c., and pass fees amounted to Rs. 622 against Rs. 7,974 and Rs. 602 respectively, in the preceding year. The total expenditure of the Forest Department amounted to Rs. 2,341 as against Rs. 2,383 in the pervious year.

93. The question of the appointment of a trained Forest Officer as suggested by the Commissioner, S. D. is still under the consideration of the Darbar. Owing to successive bad seasons and consequent unsatisfactory condition of the State finances, it has not been found possible to give effect to the Commissioner's suggestion but as soon as the financial condition improves, the matter will receive due consideration.

Post Office.

94. There is one combined Sub Post Office and Telegraph Office at Jath with two postal lines – one to Miraj and the other to Bijapur. There are two Branch Post Offices–one at Daflapur and the other at Umdi. It is under consideration to open a Branch Post Office at Bilur.

Trade and Manufacture.

95. The population of the State is principally pastoral and agricultural. The situation of Jath is wholly unfavourable for trade. It is isolated from Railway communication. Miraj and Bijapur are the nearest Railway Stations — the former is a little more than 40 miles from Jath.

96. The principal articles of import are rice, jaggery, kerosine oil, spices &c. The exports are Bajri, Jowari, wheat, gram, cotton and betel leaves.

97. As regards manufacture, there is none so to say in the State. Coarse country cloth and country blankets are manufactured on a large scale; while some crapets and brass pots are made at Umdi and Burnus (felts) at Hospet; but the manufacture of these articles is declining year by year.

The bark of Tarwad is used in tanning country shoes which are made at Jath and taken abroad for sale.

Excise Revenue.

98. The manufacture of salt, liquor and opium is prohibited in this State under arrangements with the British Government from whom it receives compensation for the loss of its revenue from these sources. The yearly Abkari compensation sanctioned is Rs. 5,150 which is subject to revision after every third year. The salt compensation granted to the State is Rs. 1,118 and the State receives a draw-back of 20 per cent on all opium purchased and brought into the State from the British Depots.

99. The Hemp drugs lease also has been farmed to British Government for five years, the yearly amount of compensation payable to the State being fixed at Rs. 1,047, subject to revision every third and fifth year.

Public works.

100. Appendix XIX gives details of the amounts spent on public works. The total expenditure during the year of report amounted to Rs. 78,435 against Rs. 16,232 in the year before. The most important work undertaken during the year is the construction of a Palace at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,90,000. The amount spent on this work during the year was Rs. 59,993. No other new work was undertaken during the year of report. The balance was spent on repairs of Public buildings, schools and Dharmashalas as well as in repairing and maintaining the existing roads and on several Local Fund and P. W. Establishments.

Famine.

101. As I have stated above, the rain this year was very scanty and both the Kharip and Rabi crops failed almost every where. It was about the month of October that people especially the agricultural classes began to feel the pinch and therefore ordinary works such as repairing of roads and digging of wells in State lands on ordinary wages were opened and many people came to the works. Later on when the number increased, Hospet Tank which had remained unfinished in the last famine, was taken in hand and the people on road works were transferred to that work. The work continued till the close of the year.

The number of workers on the Hospet Tank on 31st May was 370.

It was also found necessary to give dole to blind and decrepit people and accordingly giving of dole was commenced from January and is still continued. The number on the dole Register on 1st May was 350 and has since considerably increased.

102. The total famine expenditure incurred during the year under report was as follows :—

Hospet Tank	... Rs. 3,979
Road repairs	... Rs, 1,878
Digging up wells &c	... Rs. 999
Dole	... Rs. 1,233
	Rs. 8,089

Grain Store Societies.

103. No addition was made to the grain societies during the year under report owing to failure of crops and the number of the Societies remained the sam e The grain collected by the Societies was given to poor needy ryots in the same and neighbouring villages at a small profit.

General condition of the State and people.

104. The year unde report proved to be worse than the previous one. The rain was extremely deficient being only 9 Inches and 40 Cents and both crops totally failed. Most of the wells on which people depended for Bagait crop having run dry, Tagai was freely given for deepening wells and improving water supply. Ordinary labour became dear and rates of wages ran high. Fortunately there was no epidemic of any kind during the whole year except Small-pox in three villages only which was promptly put down. The public health was however good throughout the year in spite of the scarcity that prevailed during the year.

Mint.

105. There is no Mint at Jath.

Chapter V.

Revenue and Finances.

106. Appendix XXII contrasts in detail the total receipts and expenditure of the State for the year against those of the past year.

107. The opening belance was Rs. 1,05,629 as against Rs. 32,455 and the gross revenue of the State exclusive of Inam adjustment as well as the amount of loan taken from British Government, amounted to Rs. 2.57,098 as against Rs. 3,17,112 in the previous year. The decrease of Rs. 62,767 occurs under the following heads:—

Items.		Decrease.
1 Land Revenue	... ...	Rs. 44,247
2 Local Funds	... ...	Rs. 2,308
3 Khasgi	... ...	Rs. 1,850
4 Deshmukhi	... ...	Rs. 3,860
5 Khavaskhani	... ...	Rs. 6,104
6 Sayar Revenue	... ...	Rs. 4,398
		Rs. 62,767

The decrease under the first five heads is due to less collections having been made on account of bad season; the decrease under the sixth head needs no explanation as the revenue is fluctuating.

108. On the expenditure side, there is more or less increase under most of the important items but the following are the principal heads which require explanation.

Items.	Increases.
1 Land Revenue.—	The increase of Rs. 6,661 is partly due to more amounts having been given as remuneration to Village Officers and partly to the revision of the Revenue Establishments during the year under report.
2 P. W. New Palace.—	The increase of Rs. 59,628 is due to the construction of new Palace building.
3 Domestic Charges.—	(1) Household expenses of the Chief — The increase of Rs. 12,000 is due to abnormally high prices of several articles of consumption including clothing and other wearing apparel.
Miscellaneous.—	The increase of Rs. 5,536 is on account of the expenses incurred by the Chief in connection with his visits to Tuljapur and Gwalior (See paras 13 and 16 of this report).
4 Khasgi.—	The increase is unfortunately very great but it could not be avoided. The year was exceptionally a bad one. Owing to the absence of rain, all State Kurans ran dry and consequently it was inevitably found necessary to purchase grass to save State cattle from starvation and death. Some increase is also due to the revision of pay of the Khasgi Establishments. In these circumstances, any attempt to reduce the Khasgi expenditure was out of the question.

Items.	Increases.
5 Famine Relief—	The increase of Rs. 9,134 is due to the opening of relief works, such as Hospet Tank, road repairs, digging up wells and giving of dole to blind, decrepit and old people as well as small children.
6 Advances—Tagai—	A large amount of Tagai (Rs. 21,651) was given for purchase of grass and sinking of wells and for seeds &c., and this accounts for the increase under this head.
7 Advances given—	The increase is nominal to be subsequently accounted for. It is due to large sums advanced to Contractors partly for the purchase of materials for the new Palace and partly for buying grain for distribution to famine-striken people. Nearly half of the amount has, since the commencement of the year been adjusted.
8 Debt—	The amount was paid at interest for a short period to local Banias for purchase of grain and is to be repaid at the end of August 1921.

109. There is on the other hand a considerable corresponding decrease under XVI. Treaties and Engagements and XVII. Liquidation of debt of Rs. 22,494 and Rs. 93,133 respectively which is due, in both, to non-payment of the sums due to Government on account of the unfavourable season.

110. The total expenditure during the year came to Rs. 407,655 against Rs. 3,70,938 in the preceding year.

111. The total debt due by the State stood on 1st April 1921 as under:—

	Principal.	Interest.
1 Government debt	Rs. 1,70,000	Rs. 8,170
2 Shri: Ranisaheb's debt ...	Rs. 47,000	Rs. 2,026
Total debt.	Rs. 2,17,000	Rs. 10,196

Chapter VI.

Medical Relief and Vital Statistics.

112. Apendix XXIII gives details of the work done by the Jath Dispensary. The total number of patients treated during the year, was 5,632 as against 4,365 of the last year. The daily average attendance was 44·9 as against 41 last year.

The total expenditure on medical relief during the year was Rs. 4,860 as against Rs. 3,632 in the previous year.

The Chief Medical Officer in charge of the Dispensary is a Graduate.

The prevailing diseases during the year were Malarial fever, bowel complaints, Diarrhoea, eye diseases and skin diseases.

Vaccination.

113. There are two Vaccinators in the State who do the vaccination work under the supervision of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, S. R. Circle, Belgaum and the Inspector of the Bijapur District.

The number of children vaccinated during the year was 3,019 against the same number of the previous year. Of the 3,019 children vaccinated, 2,516 against 2,633 proved successful. Calf Lymph is in use for which the State pays Rs. 118 annually to the British Government. The total expenditure on vaccination in the year under report, was Rs. 997 against Rs. 1,017 of the last year.

114. Appendix XXIV appertains to Vital Statistics. The number of births was 2,815 against 2,394 and that of deaths was 1,563 against 1,767 in the previous year.

The ratios of births and deaths per Mille of population were 34 and 18·9 against 30·4 and 22·4 respectively of the previous year.

The Commissioner's remarks in para 5 of his No. Poll B.R.1 of 23rd October 1920 reviewing the last year's Administration Report have been duly attended to and it is hoped that some improvement in Vital Statistics will be visible in the next year's report.

115. No plague or cholera broke out in the State during the year. Small-pox broke out in 3 villages of the State and out of 24 attacked, one only fell victim to the disease. Prompt measures were resorted to, to check its spread.

Chapter VII.

Education.

116. Appendix XXV shows the particulars of schools maintained in the State.

There were 29 schools attended by 1,301 scholars as against 35 schools with 1,283 scholars.

6. schools were closed during the year, on account of poor attendance.

Of the schools, 1 is Anglo-Vernacular school which is at Jath and where English upto the V Standard is taught. The Head Master is a Graduate. The rest of the schools are all Primary and include 1 Girl school, 24 Marathi schools 1 Vedic school and two Mahar schools.

117. The Jath and Daflapur schools sent up 7 and 1 students for the Vernacular School Final Examination of whom 5 and 1 respectively passed.

118. Some of the schools were examined by the Deputy Inspector of the State; while others by the Assistant Deputy of the Bijapur District and the State Deputy jointly. The result of the examination was not, on the whole, satisfactory. Some schools in the villages have cut a very bad figure which is due to some of the scholars having absented themselves from the schools for a portion of the year on account of the year's bad season.

119. The cost incurred on account of Education was Rs. 13,536.

120. The education is still backward in the State. The population is mostly agricultural and there is no desire for education.

Chapter VIII.

Miscellaneous.

121. Jath People's Bank.—This Bank was established in 1914 with the object of improving the condition of the agriculturists in the State and of meeting domestic difficulties of low paid State servants and it has been doing very useful work. Small sums in the shape of loans at low rate of interest on adequate securities are advanced to the State ryots.

122. The opening balance with the Bank was Rs. 9,745. During the year, Rs. 660 were realised by sale of new Shares. Out of the amounts advanced to debtors, recoveries amounting to Rs. 5,498 were made during the year of which Rs. 3,289 were on account of Principal and Rs. 2,209 represented interest; Rs. 1,000 were received as deposits. The Bank thus had at its disposal, Rs. 16,903 out of which Rs. 12,465 were advanced as loan during the year, Rs. 284 were spent on account of Establishment charges, Rs. 1,662 were paid as interest to share-holders and Depositors and Rs. 1,000 were repaid to Depositor leaving a balance of Rs. 1,492 at the close of the year.

The Bank did its work fairly satisfactorily during the year and with continued efforts will prove very useful to agriculturists and low paid State servants.

Printing Press.

123. There is one printing press at Jath maintained by the State and worked by convict labour. Circulars and forms required for the use of Public Offices are printed at the press.

No News-papers or Magazines are published in the State.

Libraries.

124. There is one Public Library at Jath aided partly by State Fund and partly by Public subscriptions. The Library is registered. It subscribes to a few Magazines and News-papers and has a small stock of English and Marathi books.

Wild Animals.

125. Wolves, wild pigs and deer abound in the State and cause much damage to the crop. There are also numerous snakes but no systematic measures have been adopted for their extermination.

There was one death from snake bite against 4 in the preceding year.

Fairs.

126. The annual fair of Shri: Yellamma Goddess was held at Jath, in January last and lasted for 4 days. The fair was largely attended and the number of cattle brought for sale was also large.

The cattle show was held at the fair as usual and prizes amounting to Rs. 244 were awarded to selected animals.

The fair of Bhairavnath at Bilur was held in February last and continued for 3 days. It was fairly attended.

Strict attention was paid to sanitary measures and Police arrangements were good at both the fairs.

Tour.

127. Owing to Census and other causes, I could not make an extensive tour in the State during the year.

Census.

128. A general Census was taken on the 18th March 1921. The operations were conducted strictly in accordance with the instructions issued by the Provincial Superintendent of Bombay. The total population amounted to 82,654. When compared with the figures of the general Census of 1911 (78, 643) the population has increased in spite of the fact that Influenza epidemic which had raged so fearfully throughout the State, carried away no less than $\frac{1}{8}$ of the total population.

Financial Condition.

129. I regret to have to re-iterate the remarks I made in the previous Administration Reports regarding the financial condition of the State. In times of calamities like famine, it is not possible for petty States to manage their affairs without assistance from Government. Good years are very scarce. The State has now to pay a heavy debt to Government and with such liabilities over its head, it is not possible to carry out any important reforms and works of public utility. The successive bad seasons have completely marred the moral and material progress of the State.

130. In conclusion, I am desired by the Chief to express his sincere and cordial thanks to you for the sound advice and kind treatment, he has invariably received from you at all times.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

S. R. TIRODKAR

State Karbhari of Jath.

LIST OF APPENDICES ACCOMPANYING THE ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE JATH STATE FOR THE YEAR 1920-21.

No.	Name of Appendix.
A	Minors and their Estates.
1	High officials in the State.
2	Laws in force in the State.
3	Military Force. (Nil).
4	Strength &c. of the Police.
5	Working of the Police.
6	Value of property stolen and recovered.
7	Crimes and their nature.
8	Working of the Criminal Courts.
9	Criminal Appeals.
10	Civil work—Nature and value of original suits.
11	Civil work—Execution of decrees.
12	Civil work—Appeals.
13	Jail and Lock-ups.
14	Registration of documents.
15	Registration-receipts and expenditure.
16	Municipalities, receipts and expenditure.
17	Rainfall.
17-A	Area sown with crops and their anna valuation.
18	Prices of food grains.
19	Public works expenditure.
20	Agricultural stock.
21	Excise shops and revenues.
22-A	Receipts.
22-B	Disbursements.
23	Medical Relief.
24	Vital Statistics.
25	State Schools.

APPEN

Minors and their Estates

No.	NAME.	Age.	Place of residence.	Place of education.	Opening Balance. Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Kadapa Sangagouda Patil ...	13	Kaloti ...	Malapur (Mudhol State).	289
2	Chandrabai Kom Changouda Patil ...	18	Mendhegiri.	...	392
3	Trimbak Ramchandra Parolkar ...	12	Sankh ...	Sankh ...	8
4	Shripad Govind Kanade ...	13	Jath ...	Jath ...	242
5	Chandrabai Rangu Sonyalkar ...	12	" ...	" ...	56
6	Bhau Daji Jagtap ...	22	Boblad ...	" ...	132
7	1. Siwapa Sidramappa Hatti ...	13	Jath ...	Jath ...	1,069
	2. Dhanawa father Sidramapa ...	13	" ...		
	3. Dundawa father Sangapa ...	12	" ...		
	4. Gunawa " " ...	7	" ...	" ...	
	5. Gourawa " " ...	9	" ...	" ...	
	6. Satirawa " " ...	5	" ...	" ...	
8	1. Ramagouda Changouda Patil ...	17	Umrani ...	Umrani ...	119
	2. Girmalla " " ...	10	" ...		
	3. Erappa " " ...	10	" ...		
9	1. Nivratti Vithu Bandagar ...	17	Salgar Khurd.	" ...	288
	2. Sadu " " ...	8	" ...	" ...	
10	1. Tuka wd. Bhairu Dhor ...	9	Balgaon ...	" ...	24
	2. Sambhu " " ...	8	" ...	" ...	
11	1. Madavela Nagapa Dhulgouda ...	7	Umdi ...	" ...	602
	2. Sivagangawa father Madavela ...	10	" ...	" ...	
12	1. Dhanawa father Siwapa Dolli ...	13	Jath ...	" ...	182
	2. Parawa " " " ...	10	" ...	" ...	
	3. Sawitri " " " ...	7	" ...	" ...	
13	1. Ramchandra Narayan Jagtap ...	24	Boblad ...	" ...	639
	2. Shankar Madhavrao Jagtap ...	27	" ...	" ...	
	3. Bhausaheb " " ...	24	" ...	" ...	
14	1. Baburao Keshavrao Sawant ...	23	Jath ...	" ...	9
	2. Bhausaheb " " ...	19	" ...	Jath ...	
15	1. Parbu Satyapa Basargi ...	16	Mendhegiri.	Mendhegiri.	20
	2. Nigapa " " ...	11	" ...	" ...	
16	Kallapa Sidraya Charki ...	12	Bilur ...	Jath ...	337

DIX A.

for the Year 1920–21.

Receipts during the year 1919-20			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.	Value of moveable property including documents in hand.	Area of land under management	
Recovery of debts.	Income derived from land &c.	Total.	Loan given.	Miscellaneous.	Total.			Acres.	Assessment.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
...	2,283	2,283	...	2,205	2,205	367	800	237	153
100	2,150	2,250	500	1,857	2,357	285	1,900	176	108
1,885	2,383	4,268	1,910	1,745	3,655	621	18,350	387	165
425	310	735	360	324	684	293	2,710	31	21
...	56	56	...	33	33	79	800	43	16
...	...	...	...	8	8	124	...	95	40
1,397	5,070	6,467	4,250	2,993	7,243	293	43,981	4,736	113
576	518	1,094	840	87	927	286	2,514	465	191
100	381	481	...	267	267	502	1,300	70	35
60	65	125	...	119	119	30	540	...	...
...	450	450	50	877	927	125	4,450	115	32
100	157	257	177	...	177	262	3,400	32	33
...	150	150	...	240	240	549	...	215	99
...	304	304	...	204	204	109	...	211	70
...	25	25	...	6	6	39	514	...	...
25	1,271	1,296	150	1,155	1,305	328	3,875	33	15

APPEN

No.	NAME.	Age.	Place of residence.	Place of education.	Opening Balance. Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6
17	Malapa Mahalingapa Loni ...	12	Jath ...	Jath ...	155
18	1. Gadagaya Apaya Swami ...	11	" ...	" ...	133
	2. Chanbasaya Apaya ...	9	" ...	" ...	
	3. Murgaya Apaya ...	8	" ...	" ...	
	4. Ningaya Apaya ...	5	" ...	" ...	
19	Anasuya father Dada Sawant ...	12	Banali ...	" ...	...
20	1. Kalapa bin Mallapa Huzare ...	11	Daflapur ...	"	164
	2. Nagapa bin Mallapa ...	9	" ...		
21	1. Malu bin Nana Supane ...	10	Kosari ...	"	232
	2. Ananda bin Nana Supane ...	8	" ...		
	3. Yeshawanta bin Nana Supane ...	4	" ...		
	4. Savo Father's name Nana ...	13	" ...		
	Total ...				5092

DIX A.—(Continued).

Receipts during the year 1919-20			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.	Value of moveable property including documents in hand.	Area of land under management	
Recovery of debts.	Income derived from land &c.	Total.	Loan given.	Miscellaneous.	Total.			Acres.	Assessment
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
60	21	81	100	60	160	76	490	...	...
...	50	50	...	52	52	131	600	19	20
...	142	142	...	47	47	95	...	130	36
...	74	74	90	27	117	121	90	21	4
204	...	204	...	...	...	436	1,400	79	15
4,932	15,860	20,792	8,427	12,306	20,733	5,151	87,750	7,095	1,166

APPENDIX I.

Names of High Officials in the Jath State and Residency Officials, showing changes in personnel during the year 1920–21.

Names of Officers.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From.	To.	
Rao Bahadur S. R. Tirodkar ...	State Karbhari ...	12- 7-07		
Mr. K. K. Gokhale ...	Sub-Judge ...	5- 3-06		
Mr. B. R. Tullu, L. M. & S. ...	Chief Medical Officer ...	11- 8-20		
Mr. A. M. Masurkar ...	Mamlatdar ...	10-10-04		

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Jath State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks.
1. So much of Regulation 8 of 1827 as is still in force in the Bombay Presidency ...	YES.	NIL.	
2. Section 27 of the Bombay Regulation 12 of 1827 ...			
3. Indian Act No. 45 of 1860 and subsequent Acts amending the same ...			
4. India Act No. 6 of 1864 Whipping ...			
5. ,, ,, 1 of 1871 Cattle Tresspass ...			
6. ,, ,, 9 of 1872 Contract ...			
7. ,, ,, 1 of 1872 Evidence ...			
8. ,, ,, 10 of 1873 Oaths ...			
9. ,, ,, 2 of 1874 Jail ...			
10, ,, ,, 1 of 1877 Specific Relief ...			
11. ,, ,, 3 of 1877 Registration ...			
12. ,, ,, 1 of 1878 Opium ...			
13. ,, ,, 11 of 1878 Arms ...			
14. ,, ,, 10 of 1870 Land Acquisition ...			
15. ,, ,, 6 of 1878 Forest ...			
16. ,, ,, 3 of 1897 Epidemic Diseases ...			
17. ,, ,, 6 of 1898 Post Office ...			
18. ,, ,, 13 of 1885 Telegraph ...			
19. ,, ,, 5 of 1898 Criminal Procedure Code ...			
20. ,, ,, 2 of 1899 Stamp Act with all its amending Acts.			
21. ,, ,, 7 of 1870 Court Fees Act with all its amending Acts.			
21a ,, ,, 15 of 1903 Extradition Act ...			

APPENDIX II—(Continued).

	Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	Remarks
22.	India Act No. 12 of 1899 Currency Notes Forgery Act with all its amending Acts.	YES.	Act 4 of 1920 (Indian Census Act); for the period from 21-12-20 to 31-12-21.	
23.	„ „ 6 of 1908 Explosive ...			
24.	„ „ 5 of 1908 Civil Procedure Code ...			
25.	„ „ 9 of 1908 Limitation ...			
26.	„ „ 36 of 1858 Lunacy Act ...			
27.	„ „ 16 of 1910 Census ...			
28.	„ „ 18 of 1879 with subsequent amending Act No. 9 of 1884 and 11 of 1896, Legal Practitioner's Act.			
29.	„ „ 14 of 1882 Sections 344 and 360 Civil Procedure Code.			
30.	„ „ 3 of 1911 Criminal Tribes Act ...			
31.	„ „ 7 of 1889 Succession Certificate ...			
32.	Ordinance No. 1 of 1914 The Indian Naval and Military News (Emergency) Ordinance 1914.			
33.	Ordinance No. 3 Regulating the arrival in, and departure from, British India of Non-Asiatic Foreigners.			
34.	Bombay Act No. 8 of 1867 Village Police ...			
35.	„ „ 3 of 1874 Vatan Act ...			
36.	„ „ 5 of 1885 Amending Vatan Act ...			
37.	„ „ 3 of 1910 Amending Vatan Act ...			
38.	„ „ 5 of 1878 Abkari ...			
39.	„ „ 12 of 1912 Amending Abkari ...			
40.	„ „ 5 of 1879 Land Revenue ...			
41.	„ „ 4 of 1913 Amending Land Revenue...			
42.	„ „ 8 of 1866 Sale of Poisons ...			
43.	„ „ 3 of 1869 Local Funds ...			
44.	„ „ 3 of 1878 Tolls ...			
45.	„ „ 2 of 1890 Salt Act with the amending Acts.			
46.	„ „ The amendment of Section 84 of Act No. 6 of 1873 made by Clause (i) Section 49 of Bombay Act No. 2 of 1874.			
47.	„ „ 4 of 1890 District Police ...			
48.	„ „ 4 of 1912 Amending District Police...			
49.	„ „ 2 of 1906 Mamlatdars Courts ..			
50.	„ „ 3 of 1901 District Municipal ..			
51.	„ „ 4 of 1903 Record of Rights ...			
52.	India Act No. 8 of 1890 (Guardia nnd Words Act) ...			
53.	„ „ 4 of 1882 (Transfer of property Act) ...			
54.	„ „ 5 of 1881 (Probate and Administration Act with amending acts 6 of 1859 and 2 of 1890			

APPENDIX III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military force in the Jath State.

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength cost, discipline and education of the Police for the year 1920–21.

Description of	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmently.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By Money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Rs.								
Sub-Inspector ...	1	50 + 15									
Constables of all grades including 9 sowars ...	119	25,16,15 13,12,11 10,9,8	14,474	...	18	1	...	9	48	72	
Total...	120	...	...	...	18	1	...	9	48	72	

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Jath State during the year 1920–1921.

State.	Number of offences including the balance of last year.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions to accused arrested.		Percentage of convictions to accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Jath ...	170	176	107	88 + 1 balance of last year.	106	74 + 1 balance of last year.	65	39	33	25	61	43·8	61·3	52	11 remained under trial and 14 under Police investigation at the close of the year.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the value of the property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Jath State during the year 1920–21.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath ...	Rs. 2,719	Rs. 5,617	Rs. 1,584	Rs. 2,014	58·2	35·9	

APPENDIX—VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the Jath State during the year 1920–21.

Description of Offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.											Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
COGNIZABLE OFFENCES.																														
1. Criminal breach of trust by public Servant Sec. 409 I. P. C.	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Murder Sec. 302 I. P. C. ...	...	2	2	2	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
3. Causing grievous hurt Secs. 324 & 325 I. P. C.	1	3	4	1	4	6	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Robbery and Kidnapping Secs. 392 and 363 I. P. C.	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Theft Secs. 379, 380 & 457 I. P. C.	2	16	18	20	15	40	13	1	12	...	...	...	...	13	14	...	...	4	2	1	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	13§	§ Out of these 13 persons one from the last year escaped.
6. Dacoity Sec. 395 I. P. C. ...	1	2	3	7	1	12	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	
7. Dishonestly receiving stolen property Secs. 411 and 414 I. P. C.	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Mischief by fire Sec. 436 I. P. C...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Rape Sec. 376 I. P. C. ...	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
10. Wrongful restraint Sec. 342 I.P.C.	...	3	3	1	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Culpable homicide not amounting to murder Sec. 304 I. P. C.	...	1	1	...	1	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	
12. Causing death by negligence Sec. 304 (a) I. P. C.	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

13. Riot Sec. 147 I. P. C. ...	...	4	4	...	3	29	7	...	...	...	2	4	...	*7	17	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
14. Attempt to Murder Sec. 307 I.P.C.	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Resistance to lawful apprehension Sec. 224 I. P. C.	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Criminal trespass and house trespass Secs. 447 and 448 I. P. C.	...	21	21	46	20	56	15	...	2	...	...	13	...	15	39	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
17. Miscellaneous ...	...	5	5	11	5	10	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	7	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	6	59	65	99	57	172	45	1	20	...	3	20	...	45	94	...	...	7	5	1	4	4	1	1	...	1	...	...	33
NON-COGNIZABLE OFFENCES.																													
1. Disobedience to an order Secs. 186 and 188 I. P. C.	...	3	3	4	3	4	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
2. Defamation Sec. 500 I. P. C. ...	...	2	2	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
3. Adultery Sec. 497 I. P. C. ...	...	2	2	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Hurt Sec. 323 I. P. C. ...	1	75	76	74	76	168	21	...	1	...	1	19	...	21	147	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Assault or use of criminal force Sec. 352 I. P. C.	...	11	11	3	11	24	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	‡1	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Enticing a married woman Sec. 498 I. P. C.	...	1	1	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Cheating Sec. 417 I. P. C. ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Mischief Sec. 426 I. P. C. ...	1	15	16	13	15	30	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
9. Criminal intimidation Sec. 506 I. P. C.	...	12	12	6	12	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Miscellaneous ...	...	5	5	9	5	5	3	...	...	...	1	2	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	2	126	128	113	126	256	32	...	1	...	3	27	...	32	220	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Other Acts...	...	14	14	20	14	33	19	...	...	...	...	19	...	19	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...	8	199	207	232	197	461	96	1	21	...	6	66	...	96	328	...	...	9	5	1	5	5	1	1	...	1	...	...	37

* Out of the 7 persons convicted one was released under Sec. 562 C. P. Code.

‡ The accused was convicted but was released under Sec. 562 C. P. Code.

APPENDIX—VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1920–21.

No	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1920–21.					Total.								
		Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Huzur Sessions Court ...	8	4	3	10	...	...	...	...	17	13	...	4	4	...	1	4	
2	District Magistrate's Court ...	25	66	...	7	34	109	2	...	64	152	13	87	42	...	...	10	
3	Sub-Judge and 1st Class Magistrate's Court.	7	7	1	17	...	...	2	...	17	20	1	...	7	10	...	2	
4	Mamlatdar and 1st Class Magistrate's Court.	55	38	10	18	19	37	...	...	134	84	18	33	15	...	1	17	
5	Huzur Chitnis and 2nd Class Magt's. Court...	35	17	...	20	4	4	...	...	57	28	11	6	11	...	...	...	
6	Awalkarkun and 2nd Class Magt's. Court ...	10	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Awalkarkun and 3rd Class Magt's Court ...	23	32	...	10	...	62	...	...	60	72	5	56	9	...	...	2	
8	Special Hd. Karkun & 3rd Class Magt's. Court.	57	22	5	3	5	53	...	...	115	66	11	53	2	...	...	...	
9	Khasgi Karbhari and 3rd Class Magt's. Court.	11	17	...	2	...	34	...	...	26	36	...	30	6	...	...	...	
	Total ...	223	199	16	77	62	299	4	...	493	458	59	265	92	10	1	31	
	3 Remaining in the Sessions Court at the close of the last year.																	
				461								59	269	96	10	2	35	

APPENDIX—IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decision passed by the Criminal Courts in the Jath State during the year 1920–21.

Tribunals.	Number of application.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1. Chief of Jath ...	7	1	1	11	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	
2. District Magistrate, Jath ...	11	1	1	1	1	12	8	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	18	2	2	12	6	12	8	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	

APPENDIX—X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of duriny the year 1920–21.

Tribunals.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 & under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
											Rs.													Rs.	Y.M.D.	
1. 1st Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	9,605	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. 2nd Class Sub-Judge, Jath.	166	197	205	266	371	463	174	256	197	2 07	34,064	126	140:	...	148	113	4	1	...	29	154	15	58	34,561	0–9–24	

APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work–Results of applications for execution of decrees.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1920–21.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months	
			Rs			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.				
1st Class Sub-Judge Jath.	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...	
2nd Class Sub-Judge Jath.	131	145	21,840	178	215	19,700	309	360	41,540	164	194	20,214	145	166	21,326	47	54	65	

APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work:—Number and results of appeals in civil suits.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of: Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of		Average duration.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year. Y. M. D.	Present year Y.M.D.
1. Chief of Jath.	7	* 9	10	6	17	15	8	14	9	1	Rs 1681	Rs. 534	5	10	1	1	1	3	...	...	1	...	0-4-25	0-4-2
2. State Karbhari and Distt Judge	...	1	...	† 5	...	6	...	5	...	1	...	1434	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	0-4-6

* 1 Transferred to the State Karbhari and Distt. Judge.

† 5 Transferred by the Chief's Court.

APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Jath State during the year 1920–21.

Stations.		Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
			Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.				
					Past year.	Present year.						
Jath ...	Tried ...	1	33	38	123	71	38·2	26·4	22	Rs. 3,774	...	1 convict died of influenza during the year in the jail.
	Untried ...		1	58	186	59	6·7	6	14		38	

APPENDIX—XIV.

Registration of documents in the Jath State.

Name of State.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which Registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgage.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Jath	891	1,040	254	308	437	480	5	8	...	...	195	244	891	1,040	2,51,320	3,46,047	...	...	...	...	

APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1920–1921.

Description.	Past year.			Present year.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
1. Sale deeds ...	437	1,52,863	1083	480	1,92,832	1197	
2. Mortgage deeds.	254	71,272	536	308	1,13,380	725	
3. Farkats ...	2	1100	6	1	200	1	
4. Agreement deeds.	7	...	17	7	...	30	
5. Kabulayats ...	96	6319	100	113	10,607	130	
6. Adoption deeds.	32	1000	83	37	2900	162	
7. Gift deeds ...	30	13,046	81	35	14,500	90	
8. Money bonds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Wills ...	5	...	13	8	...	60	
10. Receipts ...	1	200	2	2	300	5	
11. Miscellaneous ...	27	5520	1208	49	11,328	1518	
Total ...	891	2,51,320	3129	1040	3,46,047	3918	
Deduct expenditure.	...	...	470	...	...	645	
Net profit ...	...	...	2659	...	...	3273	

APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipality in the Jath State during the year 1920–21.

Name.	Opening balance on 7th June 1920.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on the 7th June 1921.	Remarks.
		Past.	Present.		Past.	Present.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Jath ...	697	3559	4590	5287	3573	3863	144	

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rain-fall in the Jath State.

State.	June 1920.	July 1920.	August 1920.	September 1920.	October 1920.	November 1920.	December 1920.	January 1921.	February 1921.	March 1921	April 1921.	May 1921.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	Remarks.
	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	
Jath ...	1–17	0–68	1–82	4–5	0–56	0—0	0—0	0—0	0—0	0–15	0–92	0—5	9—40	27—92	24—65	

APPENDIX XVII A.

Statement showing the area sown with crops and their anna valuation for Fasli year 1330.

No.	Name of crop.	Area sown with crop.	Anna valuation.	Remarks.
	Kharif.	Acres.		
1	Rice ...	936	1	
2	Cotton ...	170	...	
3	Sesamum ...	94	...	
4	Ground-nut ...	224	...	
5	Bajri ...	2,50,000	1	
6	Tur-Dal ...	100	...	
7	Mataki ...	700	...	
8	Moog ...	500	...	
9	Vetch (हुलगा) ...	800	...	
	Rabi.			
10	Jowari ...	1,05,000	1	
11	Karadi ...	2,200	1	
12	Gram ...	500	...	
13	Wheat ...	1.916	2	
14	Linseed ...	89	...	
		3,63,229		

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains.

Articles.	During past year.		During present year.		Remarks.
	Lbs.	Tolas.	Lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari ...	21	...	12	...	
Bajri ...	16	...	12	...	
Wheat ...	9	...	9	...	
Rice ...	7	12	11	15	
Tur-Dall ...	6	30	9	...	

APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1920—21.

Description of Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1 Repairs to Schools and Dharamshalas ...	...	...	...	...	921	921	921	
2 Repairs to State Buildings ...	...	986	986	...	...	...	986	
3 Construction of a new palace ...	59,993	...	59,993	...	...	...	59,993	
4 Repairs to Roads ...	...	...	...	...	2,676	2,676	2,676	
5 Water Supply ...	...	370	370	...	...	...	370	
6 Building of Cattle ponds ...	...	...	...	...	62	62	62	
7 Ground rent of the site at Bijapur for a Bungalow ...	...	...	77	...	...	...	77	
8 Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	
Total ...	59,993	1,356	61,426	...	3,759	3,759	65,185	
ESTABLISHMENTS								
1 Public Works ½ ...	...	...	352	...	...	704	1,056	
2 Guest House ...	...	...	790	...	...	...	790	
3 Medical ½ ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,430	2,430	
4 Vaccination ...	...	...	...	...	...	997	997	
5 Education ½ ...	...	...	...	...	...	6,768	6,768	
6 Pay of Salutary ...	...	...	...	...	...	180	180	
7 Cattle on Local Fund Establishment ...	...	...	...	...	471	471	471	
8 Remuneration to V. Officers on Local Fund Collections.	...	...	...	...	...	243	243	
9 Remuneration to Pound-Keepers ...	...	...	...	...	...	315	315	
Total ...	...	...	1,142	...	471	12,108	13,250	
Grand Total ...	...	...	62,568	...	...	15,867	78,435	

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural stock in the Jath State during the year 1920-21.

District.	Year.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloe		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Jath ...	1330	22118	13097	363	3506	11775			225	48819	4744	1814	12	1814	

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the excise revenue of the Jath State during the year 1920-21.

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Taddy.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	Number of Shops.	Revenue	Number of Shops.	Revenue.	
				Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Jath ...	3	Information not known.	2	1185	3	...	6	...	14	1185	

APPENDIX XXII-A.

Statement showing Receipts of the Jath State for the year 1920—21.

No.	Items.	1919-20.	1920-21.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening Balance...	32,455	1,05,629	73,174	...
1	Land Revenue ...	2,15,083	1,70,836	...	44,247
2	Sayar Revenue ...	6,453	2,055	...	4,398
3	Law and Justice ...	1,768	1,409	...	359
4	Police ...	22	36	14	...
5	Jail ...	...	...	...	...
6	Registration ...	3,129	3,919	790	...
7	Stamps ...	10,547	12,220	1,673	...
8	Interest ...	1,020	3,925	2,905	...
9	Forest ...	602	622	20	...
10	Public Works ...	...	...	...	...
11	Miscellaneous ...	369	1,180	811	...
12	Local Funds ...	15,716	13,408	...	2,308
13	School Receipts ...	2	4	2	...
14	Khasgi ...	5,228	2,378	...	1,850
15	Deshmukhi ...	25,892	22,032	...	3,860
16	Khawaskhani ...	19,566	18,952	...	614
17	Pension Fund :—				
	(1) Contribution by the State and Khasgi, Deshmukhi and Khawaskhani Estates.	1,800	...	...	1,800
	(2) Contribution by State Servants ...	1,159	...	...	1,159
	(3) Recoveries of loan with interest given from the Pension Fund.	2,433	2,046	...	387
18	Debt heads :—				
	(1) Loans :—				
	(a) Loan received from the British Government.	1,10,000	60,000	...	50,000
	(b) Do. Ranisaheb ...	17,000	...	...	17,000
	(c) Recoveries of loan given ...	107	50	...	57
	(2) Advances :—				
	(a) Tagai advanced ...	2,357	1,026	...	1,331
	(b) Advances given ...	...	...	...	...
	(3) Deposits ...	3,859	...	...	3,859
	Total...	4,44,112	3,17,098	6,215	1,33,229
	Alienated Lands...	22,639	22,152	...	487
	Total...	4,66,751	3,39,250	6,215	1,33,716
	Grand Total with balance...	4,99,206	4,44,879	79,389	1,33,716

APPENDIX XXII-B.

Statement showing Disbursements of the Jath State for the year 1920—21.

No.	Items.	1919-20.	1920-21.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Administration ...	9,244	9,575	339	...
2	Land Revenue ...	23,519	30,180	6,661	...
3	Law and Justice ...	8,222	9,514	1,292	...
4	Police ...	14,941	14,474	...	467
5	Jail ...	5,275	3,774	...	1,501
6	Medical ½ ...	1,816	2,430	614	...
7	Forest ...	2,383	2,341	...	42
8	Registration ...	470	532	62	...
9	Public Works ...	2,940	62,568	59,628	...
10	Local Funds ...	13,292	15,867	2,575	...
11	Education ½ ...	5,459	6,768	1,309	...
12	Post ...	425	307	...	118
13	Stamps ...	508	649	141	...
14	Inam Adjustment and Nemnuks ...	34,181	34,960	779	...
15	Pension Fund :—				
	(1) Pension and Gratuity ...	3,117	3,332	215	...
	(2) Loans given from Pension Fund ...	1,833	2,530	697	...
16	Assignments under Treaties and Engagements	23,452	958	...	22,494
17	Liquidation of debt ...	93,547	414	...	93,133
18	Domestic charges :—				
	(1) House hold expenses of the Chief & family	36,000	48,000	12,000	...
	(2) Allowance to Mai Saheb ...	4,800	4,800	...	...
	(3) Allowance to Aka Saheb ...	600	600	...	...
	(4) Provision for the marriage of the Chief's children.	5,000	1,581	...	3,419
	(5) Miscellaneous ...	1,000	6,536	5,536	...
19	Miscellaneous ...	2,088	4,523	2,435	...
20	Refund ...	345	41	...	304
21	Khasgi ...	42,293	50,171	7,878	...
22	Deshmukhi ...	3,607	4,084	477	...
23	Khavaskhani ...	2,420	2,611	191	...
24	Expenses on account of Recruiting ...	100	...	...	100
25	Famine Relief ...	7,790	16,924	9,134	...
26	Acting and Travelling allowance to the State servants.	189	87	...	102
27	Contribution to the Pension Fund ...	1,500	...	...	1,500
28	Expenses on account of epidemic diseases ...	76	...	...	76
29	Expenses on account of Darbar ...	1,013	503	...	510
30	Contribution to Criminal Tribes Settlement...	102	307	205	...

APPNDIX XXII-B.—(Continued.)

No.	Items.	1919-20.	1920-21.	Increase.	Decrease.
31	Debt heads :—				
	(1) (a) Contribution to Indian Warloan.	...	...	...	...
	(b) Jath peoples' Bank ...	1,000	...	...	1,000
	(c) Paid from State ...	...	6,150	6,150	...
	(2) Advances :—				
	(a) Tagai advanced ...	3,095	24,746	21,651	...
	(b) Advances given ...	12,050	30,214	18,164	...
	(3) Deposits ...	...	2,683	2,683	...
	(4) Investment in Tata Power ...	800	...	...	800
32	Elephant expenses ...	446	1,645	1,199	...
38	Census ...	...	276	276	..
	Total ...	3,70,938	4,07,655	1,62,283	1,25,566
	Alienated Lands ...	22,639	22,152	...	487
	Total ...	3,93,577	4,29,807	1,62,283	1,26,053
	Closing Balance ...	1,05,629	15,072	...	90,557
	Grand Total ...	4,99,206	4,44,879	1,62,283	2,16,610

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Jath State during the year 1920-21.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of indoor patients.				Expenditure.	Daily Average.	Remarks.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Jath	5625	7	5	...	2	...	Rs. 4860	44·9	

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital statistics of Jath State for the year 1920-21.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population				Remarks.
										Births.		Deaths.		
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jath State	82654	2394	2815	421	...	1767	1563	...	204	30.4	34	22·4	18·9	

APPENDIX—XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Jath State for the year 1920-21.

Number of Schools.		Description of School	Number of pupils on roll on 31st May.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
								Rs.	Rs	
35	29	1 Anglo-Vernacular School ..	1283	1301	871	899	...	1321	5447	
		1 Girls' School ...								
		1 Veda School ...								
		24 Marathi School ...								
		2 Low-Caste Schools ...								

JATH,

6th August 1921.

S. R. TIRODKAR,

State Karbhari of Jath.

00134827

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